### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: CRRMH-DO-BAY Corrotoman River Mesohaline Estuary (CRRMH)

Cause Location: The Corrotoman River and its tidal tributaries (CRRMH).

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Open-Water Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 4A

The mainstem Corrotoman River was included in EPA's 1998 Overlist. The Chesapeake Bay water quality standards were implemented during the 2006 cycle.

The Corrotoman River mesohaline estuary fails the Chesapeake Bay Open Water Subuse's summer 30-day mean dissolved oxygen criterion. The segment meets the Open Water rest-of-year criteria. There is insufficient data to assess the other dissolved oxygen criteria.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL was approved by the EPA on 12/29/2010; therefore, CRRMH is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ory Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_BES01A98 / Bells Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 58B, 4/28/1997.                           | 4A              | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.055         |
| CRRMH  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_BLD01A98 / Belwood Swamp / Tidal limit to its mouth the Western Branch Corrotoman River.                                      | at 4A           | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.009         |
| CRRMH  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CRR01A00 / Corrotoman River / The mainstem of the Corrotoman River within segment CRRMH.                                      | 9 4A            | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 1998                     | L                        | 3.769         |
| VAP-E26E_CTM01A00 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnations 021-058l 11/16/2016. |                 | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.540         |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| CRRMH  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM01B10 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 058C, 4/28/1997 open on 11/16/2016.        | 4A              | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.081         |
| Size decreased in the 2018 cycle.  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| CRRMH  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM02A08 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River, UT / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-058D, 11/16/2016.                | 4A              | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.010         |
| CRRMH  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM03A08 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / Downstream boundary of VDH condemnation 021-058C, 4/28/1997 mouth.               | 4A<br>to        | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.758         |
| CRRMH  |                 |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01A02 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132A              |                 | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 2006                     | L                        | 0.452         |
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### Rappahannock River Basin

11/17/2015, not otherwise segmented.

Size increased in the 2018 cycle.

CRRMH

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| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.  |      |                   |      |   |       |
|--|------|-------------------|------|---|-------|
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01B12 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / Portion of SFC 132, 4/28/1997 open in 021-132, 11/17/2015.               | ŀA   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.144 |
| Size reduced in the 2018 cycle.  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01C12 / Western Branch Corrotoman River, UT / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 021-132M1, 11/17/2015.             | ŀA   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.002 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTO02A06 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / Mainstem downstream of SFC 132A, 4/28/1997                               | ŀA   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 1.209 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_DAS01A02 / Davis Creek / As described in VDH-DSS SFC 021-132C. 11/17/2015.  | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.029 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_EWE01A00 / Ewells Prong / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 187A, 4/28/1997.                                 | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.036 |
| Merged in the 2018 cycle.  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_EWE02A08 / Ewells Prong / Portion of VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-187B, 10/17/2012 not included on 187A, 4/28/1997. | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.012 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_HLS01A00 / Hills Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 58A, 4/28/1997.                   | d 4A | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.062 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_JON01A08 / John Creek / Described in VDH-DSS Condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015.                                       | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.036 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_JON02A08 / John Creek / Downstream of condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015.  | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.016 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LIT01A06 / Little Branch / Tidal limit to mouth at Western Branch Corrotoman River                                    | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.114 |
| CRRMH  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LOW01A08 / Lowrey Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-132D, 11/17/2015.                               | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.028 |
|  |      |                   |      |   |       |

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| Impaired (Calegory 4 o  | ′′ . | )) waters in 20   | 10   |   |       |
|---|------|-------------------|------|---|-------|
| Rappahannock River Basin  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MIP01A00 / Millenbeck Prong / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 187B, 4/28/1997.                     | ŀA   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.037 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOR01A08 / Moran Creek / Described in VDH Condemnation 021-198D, 11/16/2016.                               | ŀA   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.049 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOR01B12 / Moran Creek / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198F, 10/17/2012.                           | ŀA   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.010 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOR02A08 / Moran Creek / Downstream of condemnations 021-198, 10/17/2012.                                  | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.095 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01A00 / Myer Creek / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 198, 4/28/1997.                         | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.081 |
| Merged in the 2018 cycle.   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01B02 / Myer Creek, UT / As described in VDH-DSS SFC 021-198G, 11/16/2016.                              | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.042 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01C04 / Myer Creek / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198M1, 11/16/2016.                           | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.074 |
| Split in the 2018 cycle.  |      |                   |      |   |       |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01D18 / Myer Creek / Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198B, 11/16/2016 open in 198, 4/28/1997.       | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.004 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE02C16 / Myer Creek / Described in VDH Condemnation 021-198F, 11/16/2016.                                | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.017 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE03A08 / Myer Creek / Downstream of condemnations to mouth at Corrotoman River                           | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.470 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_SEN01A00 / Senior Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132B, 11/17/2015. | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.070 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_TAY01A00 / Taylor Creek / As described in VDH-DSS condemnations 021-198A and -C, 11/16/2016.               | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.078 |
| CRRMH   |      |                   |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_TAY02A08 / Taylor Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-198E, 11/16/2016.                    | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2006 | L | 0.024 |

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### Rappahannock River Basin

| CRRMH  |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------|
| VAP-E26E_TAY03A12 / Taylor condemnation 205, 4/28/1997 op              |   | ŀA               | Oxygen, Dissolved                     | 20          | 006 L         | 0.088   |
| CRRMH  |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
| VAP-E26E_TON01A00 / Town described in VDH shellfish conde              |   | ŀA               | Oxygen, Dissolved                     | 20          | 006 L         | 0.017   |
| CRRMH  |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
| VAP-E26E_WHR01A00 / White described in VDH shellfish conde 11/16/2016. | ehouse Creek / The boundaries are<br>emnation 021-187A and -187B, | e A              | Oxygen, Dissolved                     | 20          | 006 L         | 0.050   |
| CRRMH  |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
| VAP-E26E_ZZZ02A14 / Unseg<br>Unsegmented portion of watersh            |   | 4A               | Oxygen, Dissolved                     | 20          | 006 L         | 0.105   |
| CRRMH  |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
| VAP-E26E_ZZZ02C14 / Unseg<br>Unsegmented portion of watersh            |   | 4A               | Oxygen, Dissolved                     | 20          | 006 L         | 0.529   |
| CRRMH  |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
| Corrotoman River Mesohaline B  | Estuary (CRRMH)   |                  |                                       | Estuary     | Reservoir     | River   |
| Aquatic Life   |   |                  |                                       | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)       | (Miles) |
|  | Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Ir                                      | mpaire           | d Size by Water Type:                 | 9.200       |               |         |
| Sources:   |   |                  |                                       |             |               |         |
| Agriculture  |   | Indust<br>Discha | rial Point Source<br>arge             | Internal N  | lutrient Rec  | ycling  |
| Loss of Riparian Habitat   | •   |                  | es Outside State<br>iction or Borders | (Point So   | tion of Storr |         |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: CRRMH-SAV-BAY Corrotoman River Mesohaline Estuary (CRRMH)

Cause Location: The Corrotoman River and its tidal tributaries (CRRMH).

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Shallow-Water Submerged

Aquatic Vegetation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) / 4A

The mesohaline Corrotoman River (CRRMH) has been impaired of the Chesapeake Bay Shallow Water Subuse since the 2012 cycle. During the 2018 cycle, CRRMH does not meet the Shallow Water Subuse's submerged aquatic vegetation acreage criterion and there is insufficient information to assess the water clarity acreage criterion.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL was approved by the EPA on 12/29/2010; therefore, CRRMH is considered Category 4A.

| Accompant Unit / Water Name / Longting Dage  | Caus     |                              | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|
|  | •        | ory Cause Name               |                          | Priority     |               |
| VAP-E26E_BES01A98 / Bells Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 58B, 4/28/1997.   | 4A       | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.055         |
| CRRMH  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| VAP-E26E_BLD01A98 / Belwood Swamp / Tidal limit to its mouth the Western Branch Corrotoman River.  | n at 4A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.009         |
| CRRMH  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| VAP-E26E_CRR01A00 / Corrotoman River / The mainstem of the Corrotoman River within segment CRRMH.  | e 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 3.769         |
| VAP-E26E_CTM01A00 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnations 021-058 11/16/2016.                          |          | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.540         |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| CRRMH  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM01B10 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 058C, 4/28/1997 open on 11/16/2016.                                | 4A       | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.081         |
| Size decreased in the 2018 cycle.  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| CRRMH  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM02A08 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River, UT / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-058D, 11/16/2016.  | 4A       | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.010         |
| CRRMH  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM03A08 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / Downstream boundary of VDH condemnation 021-058C, 4/28/1997 mouth.                                       | 4A<br>to | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.758         |
| CRRMH  |          |                              |                          |              |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01A02 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132A 11/17/2015, not otherwise segmented. |          | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012                     | L            | 0.452         |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Size increased in the 2018 cycle.

| ,  |        |                              |      |   |       |
|--|--------|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| CRRMH VAP-E26E_CTO01B12 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / Portion of SFC 132, 4/28/1997 open in 021-132, 11/17/2015.         | ŀA     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.144 |
| Size reduced in the 2018 cycle.  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| ·  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| CRRMH  VAP-E26E_CTO01C12 / Western Branch Corrotoman River, UT / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 021-132M1, 11/17/2015.      | ŀA     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.002 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTO02A06 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / Mainstem downstream of SFC 132A, 4/28/1997                               | A      | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 1.209 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_DAS01A02 / Davis Creek / As described in VDH-DSS SFC 021-132C. 11/17/2015.  | ŀA     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.029 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_EWE01A00 / Ewells Prong / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 187A, 4/28/1997.                                 | ŀA     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.036 |
| Merged in the 2018 cycle.  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_EWE02A08 / Ewells Prong / Portion of VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-187B, 10/17/2012 not included on 187A, 4/28/1997. | ŀA     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.012 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_HLS01A00 / Hills Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 58A, 4/28/1997.                   | 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.062 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_JON01A08 / John Creek / Described in VDH-DSS Condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015.                                       | 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.036 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_JON02A08 / John Creek / Downstream of condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015.  | 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.016 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LIT01A06 / Little Branch / Tidal limit to mouth at Western Branch Corrotoman River                                    | 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.114 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LOW01A08 / Lowrey Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-132D, 11/17/2015.                               | 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.028 |
| CRRMH  |        |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MIP01A00 / Millenbeck Prong / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 187B, 4/28/1997.                                | 4A     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.037 |
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### Rappahannock River Basin

| CRRMH VAP-E26E_MOR01A08 / Moran Creek / Described in VDH Condemnation 021-198D, 11/16/2016.                         | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.049 |
|---|----|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOR01B12 / Moran Creek / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198F, 10/17/2012.                           | A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.010 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOR02A08 / Moran Creek / Downstream of condemnations 021-198, 10/17/2012.                                  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.095 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01A00 / Myer Creek / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 198, 4/28/1997.                         | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.081 |
| Merged in the 2018 cycle.   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01B02 / Myer Creek, UT / As described in VDH-DSS SFC 021-198G, 11/16/2016.                              | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.042 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01C04 / Myer Creek / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198M1, 11/16/2016.                           | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.074 |
| Split in the 2018 cycle.  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01D18 / Myer Creek / Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198B, 11/16/2016 open in 198, 4/28/1997.       | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.004 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE02C16 / Myer Creek / Described in VDH Condemnation 021-198F, 11/16/2016.                                | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.017 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MYE03A08 / Myer Creek / Downstream of condemnations to mouth at Corrotoman River                           | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.470 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_SEN01A00 / Senior Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132B, 11/17/2015. | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.070 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_TAY01A00 / Taylor Creek / As described in VDH-DSS condemnations 021-198A and -C, 11/16/2016.               | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.078 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_TAY02A08 / Taylor Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-198E, 11/16/2016.                    | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.024 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |

CRRMH

### Rappahannock River Basin

| VAP-E26E_TAY03A12 / Taylor Creek / Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 205, 4/28/1997 open 11/16/2016.                                | A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.088 |
|---|----|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_TON01A00 / Town Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-187C, 11/16/2016.                 | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.017 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_WHR01A00 / Whitehouse Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-187A and -187B, 11/16/2016. | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.050 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_ZZZ02A14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E26 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA70  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.105 |
| CRRMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_ZZZ02C14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E26 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA72  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2012 | L | 0.529 |

**CRRMH** 

Corrotoman River Mesohaline Estuary (CRRMH) Reservoir River **Estuary** (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) **Shallow-Water Submerged Aquatic Vegetation** 

> Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 9.200

Sources:

Agriculture Atmospheric Deposition -Clean Sediments Industrial Point Source

Nitrogen Discharge

Internal Nutrient Recycling Loss of Riparian Habitat Municipal Point Source Sediment Resuspension

Discharges (Clean Sediment)

Sources Outside State Wet Weather Discharges Jurisdiction or Borders (Point Source and

Combination of Stormwater,

SSO or CSO)

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-01-BAC Thumb Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence of West Branch Thumb Run and East Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until

the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fauguier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 31 samples - 25.8%) at station 3-THU004.69 at Route 688 (Leeds Manor Road). The Thumb Run Watershed fecal coliform TMDL (POL0117) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2002. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 06/17/2004. Federal ID 24413. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thumb Run watershed (ID 98) was

approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

Cycle **TMDL** Dev. Cause First Water Listed **Priority** Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Size 2010 ı 7.67 VAN-E01R THU01A00 / Thumb Run / Segment begins at the 4A Escherichia coli

confluence of West Branch Thumb Run and East Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

| Thumb Run  |  | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation |  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|            | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type | :           |           | 7.67    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Runoff from Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Forest/Grassland/Parkland

Similar Decentralized
Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-01-BEN Thumb Run, East Branch

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of East Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until the confluence of East

Branch to the mainstem Thumb Run.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of three biological monitoring events in 2011 and 2012 at station 3-THM001.40 at Route 647 resulted in a VSCI assessment which indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                       | F           | ycle<br>irst<br>sted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|--|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E01R_THM01A02 / Thumb Run, East Branch / Segment begins at the headwaters of East Branch Thumb Run and continue downstream until the confluence of East Branch to the mainstem Thumb Run. | 5A<br>es        | Benthic-Macroinvertebr<br>Bioassessments | ate 2       | 2012                 | L                        | 6.59          |
| Thumb Run, East Branch  |                 |  | Estuary     | Rese                 | ervoir                   | River         |
| Aquatic Life  |                 |  | (Sq. Miles) | (Ac                  | res)                     | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total  | Impaired        | d Size by Water Type:                    |             |                      |                          | 6.59          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-02-BAC Thumb Run, West Branch

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of West Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until the confluence of West

Branch to the mainstem Thumb Run.

City / County: Fauguier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 16 samples - 12.5%) at station 3-THW004.68 at Route 635. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of West Branch, Thumb Run because the downstream Thumb Run Watershed bacteria TMDL (24413, 05/31/2002) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Thumb Run watershed. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thumb Run watershed (ID 98) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause   | Cyc<br>Firs<br>e Name Liste | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E01R_THW01A02 / Thumb Run, West Branch / Segment 4A Escheric starts at the headwaters of West Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until the confluence of West Branch to the mainstem Thumb Run. | chia coli 200               | )2 L      | 12.08         |
| Thumb Run, West Branch   | Estuary                     | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   | (Sq. Miles)                 | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by  | Water Type:                 |           | 12.08         |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Wastes from Pets Runoff from Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Forest/Grassland/Parkland

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-02-BEN Unnamed Tributary to Thumb Run, West Branch

Cause Location: Segment begins at the headwaters of an unnamed tributary to West Branch Thumb Run and continues

downstream until the confluence with West Branch Thumb Run.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of two biological monitoring events in 2011 at station 3-XHU000.04 resulted in a VSCI assessment which indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                       | F                      | irst         | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|-----------------|--|------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E01R_XHU01A14 / Unnamed Tributary to Thumb Run, W Branch / Segment begins at the headwaters of an unnamed tril to West Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until the confluence with West Branch Thumb Run. | outary          | Benthic-Macroinvertebr<br>Bioassessments | rate 2                 | 014          | L                        | 0.80             |
| Unnamed Tributary to Thumb Run, West Branch   |                 |  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Rese<br>(Acr |                          | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life (Sq. Miles) (Acres)  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                 |  |                        |              |                          | 0.80             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-04-BAC Thumb Run, East Branch

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of East Branch Thumb Run and continues downstream until the confluence of East

Branch to the mainstem Thumb Run.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 16 samples - 50.0%) at station 3-THM001.40 at Route 647. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Thumb Run, East Branch because the downstream Thumb Run Watershed bacteria TMDL (24413, 05/31/2002) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Thumb Run watershed (POL0117). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thumb Run watershed (ID 98) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis | rst Dev.  | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E01R_THM01A02 / Thumb Run, East Branch / Segment begins at the headwaters of East Branch Thumb Run and continue downstream until the confluence of East Branch to the mainstem Thumb Run. | 4A Escherichia coli<br>es    | 20               | 004 L     | 6.59          |
| Thumb Run, East Branch  |                              | Estuary          | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                              | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total  | Impaired Size by Water Type  | ):               |           | 6.59          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Runoff from Wastes from Pets Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Forest/Grassland/Parkland

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-05-BAC Fiery Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Fiery Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 12 samples - 41.7%) at station 3-FIR002.35 at Route 635. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Fiery Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33913, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock River (1)

watershed (POL0516).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAN-E01R_FIR01A04 / Fiery Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Fiery Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 4A Escherichia coli | 2010   | L        | 9.38  |

| Fiery Run  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|            | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 9.38    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

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Systems)

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-06-BAC Jordan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence of Hittles Mill Stream, at rivermile 6.98, and continues downstream until the confluence

with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 23 samples - 21.7%) at station 3-JOR000.50 at Route 637. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Fiery Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33913, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock

River (1) watershed (POL0516).

| Jordan River Recreation   |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E01R_JOR01A04 / Jordan River / Segment begins at the confluence of Hittles Mill Stream, at rivermile 7.05, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 201.                   | 2 L                  | 7.05             |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste  | t Dev.               | Water<br>Size    |

Wastes from Pets

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

7.05

Waterfowl

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E01R-07-BAC Buck Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Buck Run to the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 12 samples - 58.3%) at station 3-BUC001.54 at Route 735. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Buck Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33913, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock River (1) watershed (POL0516).

Cycle

Waterfowl

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name  | Fir<br>List |           | Water<br>Size |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E01R_BUC01A10 / Buck Run / Headwaters of Buck Run the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | n to 4A Escherichia coli      | 20          | 16 L      | 9.76          |
| Buck Run  |                               | Estuary     | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                               | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - To   | al Impaired Size by Water Typ | oe:         |           | 9.76          |

Wastes from Pets

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-01-BAC Carter Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Horner Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 38 samples - 21.1%) at station 3-CAE000.25 at Route 688; E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-CAE002.79 at Route 681; and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 10 samples - 30.0%) at station 3-CAE006.32 at Route 738. The Carter Run Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Carter Run watershed (POL0155) was approved by the EPA on 03/10/2005. Federal ID 24414. The bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Carter Run watershed (ID 99) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name   | Cyc<br>Firs<br>Liste | t Dev.    | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_CAE01A00 / Carter Run / Segment begins at the confluence with South Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.              | 4A              | Escherichia coli     | 199                  | 98 L      | 3.62          |
| VAN-E02R_CAE02A04 / Carter Run / Segment begins at the P designation, at rivermile 5.0, and continues downstream until the confluence with South Run.                    | WS 4A           | Escherichia coli     | 200                  | 06 L      | 1.56          |
| VAN-E02R_CAE02B12 / Carter Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Horner Run and continues downstream until the beginning of the PWS designation, at rivermile 5.0. | 4A              | Escherichia coli     | 200                  | 06 L      | 7.20          |
| Carter Run   |                 |                      | Estuary              | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                 |                      | (Sq. Miles)          | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | I Impaire       | d Size by Water Type | <b>:</b> :           |           | 12.38         |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland | Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Wastes from Pets                          | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |   |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-01-BEN Great Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run at rivermile 7.20, approximately 0.6 rivermile

downstream from Route 802, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of three biological monitoring events in 2011 and 2012 at station 3-GRT001.70 at Route 687 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor     | e<br>ry Cause Name                        | Fi          | rcle<br>rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_GRT01A00 / Great Run / Segment begins at a confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run, approximative rivermile upstream of Route 687, and continues downstream confluence with the Rappahannock River.   | mately 1.0           | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ate 20      | 012                | L                        | 2.81          |
| VAN-E02R_GRT02A04 / Great Run / Segment begins at a confluence of an unnamed tributary to Great Run, at approxi rivermile 5.5, and continues downstream until the confluence unnamed tributary to Great Run, approximately 1.0 rivermile of Route 687.                           | imately<br>e with an | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ate 20      | 010                | L                        | 2.84          |
| VAN-E02R_GRT03A02 / Great Run / Segment begins at a confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run at riverm approximately 0.6 rivermile downstream from Route 802, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnatributary, at approximately rivermile 5.5. | nile 7.20,<br>d      | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ate 20      | 010                | L                        | 1.54          |
| Great Run  |                      |   | Estuary     | Re                 | servoir                  | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                      |   | (Sq. Miles) | (A                 | (cres                    | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments -   | - Total Impaired     | d Size by Water Type:                     |             |                    |                          | 7.19          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-02-BAC Great Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Great Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 16 samples - 12.5%) at station 3-GRT001.70 at Route 687. 2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 6 samples - 50.0%) at station 3-GRT007.72 at Route 802. The Great Run Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Great Run watershed (POL0156) was approved by the EPA on 03/10/2005. Federal ID 23325. The bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Great Run watershed (ID 160) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name  | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste | t Dev.    | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_GRT01A00 / Great Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run, approximately 1.0 rivermile upstream of Route 687, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.  | 200                   | 4 L       | 2.81          |
| VAN-E02R_GRT02A04 / Great Run / Segment begins at the confluence of an unnamed tributary to Great Run, at approximately rivermile 5.5, and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run, approximately 1.0 rivermile upstream of Route 687.                 | 200                   | 4 L       | 2.84          |
| VAN-E02R_GRT03A02 / Great Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run at rivermile 7.20, approximately 0.6 rivermile downstream from Route 802, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, at approximately rivermile 5.5. | 200                   | 4 L       | 1.54          |
| VAN-E02R_GRT04A04 / Great Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Great Run and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Great Run (streamcode XAC), at rivermile 7.20.   | 200                   | 4 L       | 9.46          |
| Great Run   | Estuary               | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  | (Sq. Miles)           | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                       |           | 16.65         |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or | Livestock (Grazing or | Runoff from                      | Sewage Discharges in |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Shoreline Zones        | Feeding Operations)   | Forest/Grassland/Parkland        | Unsewered Areas      |
| Wastes from Pets       | Waterfowl             | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl |                      |

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-03-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Great Run, at rivermile 154.9, and continues downstream until the confluence with

the Hazel River, at rivermile 147.52.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-RPP150.32 at Route 621. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rappahannock River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River bacteria TMDL (33951, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock

River (2) watershed (POL0508).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev. Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begithe confluence with Great Run, at rivermile 154.9, and continues |                              | 2006            | L             | 7.04          |

the confluence with Great Run, at rivermile 154.9, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hazel River, at rivermile 147.52.

| Rappahannock River         | Estuary                     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation                 | (Sq. Miles)                 | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total I | mnaired Size by Water Type: |           | 7.04    |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Geptic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-04-BAC Barrows Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Barrows Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 4 samples - 75.0%) at station 3-BRW000.29 at Springs Drive. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Barrows Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33951, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire

Rappahannock River (2) watershed.

| Barrows Run  |                              | Esterni D.               |                  | i             |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_BRW01A06 / Barrows Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Barrows Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 2006                     | L                | 4.52          |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |

Recreation Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 4.52

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

(Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-05-BAC South Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Tanner Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with Carter Run.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 10 samples - 20.0%) at station 3-SUT002.62 at Route 737. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of South Run because the downstream Carter Run bacteria TMDL (24414, 03/10/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Carter Run watershed (POL0508). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Carter Run watershed (ID 99) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Fi          | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priorit | Water   |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| VAN-E02R_SUT01A04 / South Run / Segment begins at the beginning of the PWS designation, at rivermile 1.47, and continued downstream until the confluence with Carter Run. | 4A<br>S         | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 006 L                               | 1.50    |
| VAN-E02R_SUT01B12 / South Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Tanner Branch and continues downstream to the beginning of the PWS designation, at rivermile 1.47   | 4A              | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 006 L                               | 2.59    |
| South Run   |                 |                    | Estuary     | Reservoir                           | River   |
| Recreation  |                 |                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                             | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                 |                    |             |                                     | 4.09    |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland | Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Wastes from Pets                          | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |   |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-07-BAC Glascock Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Glascock Run, and continues downstream to the confluence with Bee Branch.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 11 samples -63.6%) at station 3-GLC002.03 at Citation Drive. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rappahannock River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River bacteria TMDL included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock River (2) watershed.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor | y Cause Name     | Fi          | rst<br>ted | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_GLC02A12 / Glascock Run / Segment begins at the beginning of the PWS designation, at rivermile 2.49, and continues downstream to the confluence with Bee Branch.  |                  | Escherichia coli | 20          | 012        | L                | 1.75          |
| VAN-E02R_GLC02B12 / Glascock Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Glascock Run, and continuous downstream to the beginning of the PWS designation, at rivermile 2.49. | 4A               | Escherichia coli | 20          | 012        | L                | 2.06          |
| Glascock Run   |                  |                  | Estuary     | Re         | servoir          | River         |
| Recreation   |                  |                  | (Sq. Miles) | (A         | cres)            | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |                  |                  |             |            |                  | 3.81          |

Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E02R-08-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Begins below the dam at Waterloo, at rivermile 163.4 and continues downstream until the confluence with an

unnamed tributary to the Rappahannock River, downstream from Route 211.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 12 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-RPP163.41 at Route 613. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rappahannock River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River bacteria TMDL (33951, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock

River (2) watershed (POL0508).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E02R_RPP03A04 / Rappahannock River / Segment begin below the dam at Waterloo, at rivermile 163.4 and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Rappahannock River, downstream from Route 211. |                              | 2016                     | L                        | 1.42          |

| Rappahannock River          | Estuary                    | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation                  | (Sq. Miles)                | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Im | paired Size by Water Type: |           | 1.42    |

Escherichia coii - Total Impalied Size by Water Type.

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E03R-01-BAC Hughes River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Kilbys Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hazel River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 30 samples - 26.%) at station 3-HUE000.20 at Route 644. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Hughes River watershed (POL0512) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33916. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Hughes River Run watershed (ID 269) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

| confluence with Kilbys Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hazel River.  Hughes River  Estuary | ycle<br>irst<br>sted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |  |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| (O. Milas)  | 2004                 | L                        | 3.84          |  |
| (Sq. Miles)   | Res                  | servoir                  | River         |  |
| Recreation (Sq. Miles)  | (Ac                  | cres)                    | (Miles)       |  |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                      |                          |               |  |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E03R-01-BEN Popham Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Ragged Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hughes River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Madison Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of three biological monitoring events in 2015 and 2016 at station 3-POH000.48 at Route 603 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name                | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E03R_POH01A02 / Popham Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Ragged Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hughes River. | 5A Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments | 2018                     | L                        | 2.21             |
| Popham Run   |   |                          | eservoir<br>Acres)       | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  (Sq. Miles) (Acres)                                       |   |                          |                          |                  |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E03R-01-TEMP Hughes River

Cause Location: Begins at the upper crossing of Route 707 near the confluence of Rocky Run and continues downstream until the

crossing of Route 231.

City / County: Madison Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Temperature, water / 5A

2012 Assessment: Excursions greater than the maximum temperature criterion for stockable trout waters (2 of 6 samples -

33.3%) at station 3-HUE007.31 at the lower crossing of Route 707.

| Hughes River              |  |                              | Estuary F       | Pooproir | Divor         |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|---------------|
| upper crossing of Route 7 | Hughes River / Segment begins at '07 near the confluence of Rocky Rur til the crossing of Route 231. |                              | 2008            | L        | 3.21          |
| Assessment Unit / W       | ater Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.     | Water<br>Size |

Hugnes River

Aquatic Life

Estuary Reservoir River
(Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Temperature, water - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 3.21

Cycle

TMDI

Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E03R-02-BAC Popham Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Ragged Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hughes River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Madison Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (12 of 12 samples - 100.0%) at station 3-POH000.48 at Route 603. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Popham Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33916, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hughes River watershed (POL0512). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Hughes River watershed (ID 269) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

Cycle

Waterfowl

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name | Firs<br>Liste          |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E03R_POH01A02 / Popham Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Ragged Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hughes River. | 4A Escherichia coli       | 201                    | 12 L                 | 2.21             |
| Popham Run Recreation  |                           | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |                           |                        |                      | 2.21             |

Wastes from Pets

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E04R-01-BAC Hazel River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence of an unnamed tributary to Hazel River at rivermile 36.80, approximately 1.6 rivermiles

upstream of Route 607, and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Hazel

River, at rivermile 16.03.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A Fecal Coliform / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 31 samples - 12.9%) at station 3-HAZ018.29 at Route 729; E. coli bacteria excursions (5 of 11 samples - 45.5%) at station 3-HAZ034.96 at Route 607; 2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 5 samples - 60.0%) at station 3-HAZ026.16 at Route 522; and 2006 Assessment: Fecal coliform bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 14 samples - 21.4%) at station 3-HAZ032.54 at Route 644 (Note: some of the data used for the 2006 assessment at station 3-HAZ032.54 were subsequently determined to be quality failures, and should not have been used for assessment. The appropriate excursion rate for the data used during the 2006 assessment should have been 1 of 4 samples (25.0%), which assesses this stream segment as not supporting of the recreation use for the 2006 water quality assessment.). The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Hazel River (1) watershed (POL0514) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33915. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Hazel River watershed (ID 157) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

|                           | Size by Water Type:   |   |  |  | 0.83   |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
|                           |   | (Sq. Miles)   | (A   | Acres)   | (Miles)  |
|                           |   | Estuary   | Re   | servoir  | River  |
| Route <sup>4A</sup><br>he | Fecal Coliform  | 2   | 006  | L  | 0.83   |
|                           |   | Fi  | irst   | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority   | Water<br>Size  |
| al Impaired               | Size by Water Type:   |   |  |  | 19.52  |
|                           |   | (Sq. Miles)   |  |  | (Miles)  |
|                           |   | Estuary   | Re   | servoir  | River  |
| 4A<br>6.80,<br>les        | Escherichia coli  | 2   | 016  | L  | 3.63   |
| 4A<br>til the             | Escherichia coli  | 2   | 006  | L  | 5.65   |
| 4A                        | Escherichia coli  | 2   | 006  | L  | 4.47   |
| 4A<br>itil the<br>mile    | Escherichia coli  | 2   | 002  | L  | 5.77   |
|                           |   | Fi  | irst   | Dev.<br>Priority   | Water<br>Size  |
| 1                         | Categor  4A til the mile  4A til the 4A til the 4A 6.80, es  Al Impaired Cause Categor Route 4A | til the mile  4A Escherichia coli  4A Escherichia coli  til the  4A Escherichia coli  5.80, es  al Impaired Size by Water Type:  Cause Category Cause Name  Route 4A Fecal Coliform | Cause Category Cause Name  4A Escherichia coli  24A Escherichia coli  4A Escherichia coli  25  4A Escherichia coli  26  4A Escherichia coli  27  4A Escherichia coli  28  28  28  28  29  20  20  20  20  20  20  20  20  20 | Category Cause Name  4A Escherichia coli  2006  4A Escherichia coli  2016  3.80, es  Estuary (Sq. Miles)  Cause Category Cause Name  Category Cause Name  Route 4A Fecal Coliform  2006  Estuary (Sq. Miles)  Cycle First Listed  Route 4A Fecal Coliform  2006 | Cause Category Cause Name  4A Escherichia coli  4B Estuary (Sq. Miles)  4B Estuary (Sq. Miles)  4B Estuary (Acres)  Cycle  Cause Category Cause Name Category Cause Name Category Cause Name Category Cause Name Estuary Reservoir Cycle  Cycle  TMDL First Dev. Listed Priority Category Category Cause Name Category Ca |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E04R-01-TEMP Hazel River

Cause Location: Begins at the crossing with the Shenandoah National Park boundary and continues downstream until the Route 707

oridge.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Temperature, water / 5A

Excursions greater than the maximum temperature criterion for natural trout waters (3 of 11 samples - 27.3%) at station 3-HAZ034.96 at Route 607. Excursions greater than the maximum temperature criterion for natural trout waters (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-HAZ039.26 at Route 618.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location De   | Cause<br>sc. Category    | Cause Name          | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | rst Dev.  | Water<br>Size |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E04R_HAZ02B06 / Hazel River / Segment be confluence of an unnamed tributary to Hazel River at approximately 1.6 rivermiles upstream of Route 607, downstream until the Route 707 bridge. | rivermile 36.80,         | emperature, water   | 20                 | 016 L     | 3.63          |
| VAN-E04R_HAZ03A02 / Hazel River / Segment be crossing with the Shenandoah National Park boundar downstream until the confluence to an unnamed tribu River, at rivermile 36.80.               | y and continues          | emperature, water   | 20                 | 018 L     | 6.78          |
| Hazel River  |                          |                     | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                          |                     | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Temperature,   | water - Total Impaired S | Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 10.41         |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E04R-02-BAC Blackwater Creek

Cause Location: Headwaters of Blackwater Creek, downstream to the confluence with the Hazel River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-BLC001.08 at Route 615. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Blackwater Creek because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33915, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (1) watershed (POL0514). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Hazel River watershed (ID 157) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

| Cause<br>Category Cause Name                          | Fi                                       |   | Water<br>Size  |
|---|--|---|--|
| 4A Escherichia coli                                   | 20                                       | )10 L   | 8.97   |
|   | Estuary                                  | Reservoir   | River  |
|   | (Sq. Miles)                              | (Acres)   | (Miles)  |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |  |   | 8.97   |
|   | Category Cause Name  4A Escherichia coli | Category Cause Name  4A Escherichia coli  Estuary (Sq. Miles) | Category Cause Name  4A Escherichia coli  Estuary Reservoir (Sq. Miles)  (Acres) |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

s from Pets Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E05R-01-BAC **Rush River** 

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with unnamed tributary at approximately rivermile 7.12 and continues downstream until

the confluence with Big Branch, approximately 0.98 rivermile upstream of Route 621.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 11 samples - 18.2%) at station 3-RUS005.24 at Route 626. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Rush River watershed was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Rush River watershed (ID 270) was approved by the

EPA on 08/02/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E05R_RUS02A02 / Rush River / Segment begins at the confluence with unnamed tributary at approximately rivermile 7.12 and continues downstream until the confluence with Big Branch, approximately 0.98 rivermile upstream of Route 621. | 4A Escherichia coli       | 2002                     | L                        | 2.77          |
| Duah Divar  |                           |                          |                          |               |

| Rush River | Estuary   | Reservoir | River   |
|------------|---|-----------|---------|
| Recreation | (Sq. Miles)   | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|            | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |           | 2.77    |

Systems)

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and Feeding Operations) Similar Decentralized

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E05R-01-BEN Thornton River

Cause Location: Begins at the Sperryville Main Street crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the North Fork

Thornton River.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

Four biological monitoring event in 2013 and 2014 at station 3-THO022.27, above the confluence with NF Thornton River, resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

Cycle

TMDI

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor | ry Cause Name                             | Fi          | rst Dev.<br>sted Priorit | Water   |
|--|------------------|---|-------------|--------------------------|---------|
| VAN-E05R_THO03A02 / Thornton River / Segment begins at the Sperryville Main Street crossing and continues downstream until th confluence with the North Fork Thornton River. |                  | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ate 2       | 010 L                    | 0.86    |
| Thornton River   |                  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River   |
| Aquatic Life   |                  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total   | Impaired         | Size by Water Type:                       |             |                          | 0.86    |

Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E05R-02-BAC Thornton River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with White Walnut Run, approximately 0.8 rivermile downstream of Route 621, and

continues downstream to the confluence with the Rush River.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 31 samples - 16.1%) at station 3-THO014.37 at Route 626. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Thornton River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33917, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thornton River watershed (ID 205) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name  | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis      |           | Water<br>Size    |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|
| VAN-E05R_THO01A02 / Thornton River / Segment begins at the 4A Escherichia coli confluence with White Walnut Run, approximately 0.8 rivermile downstream of Route 621, and continues downstream to the confluence with the Rush River. | 20                    | 006 L     | 3.45             |
| Thornton River  | Estuary<br>(Sa Miles) | Reservoir | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation  | (Sq. Miles)           | (Acres)   | (ivilles)        |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                       |           | 3.45             |

Waterfowl

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets (Septic Systems and

(Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E05R-03-BAC Big Branch

Cause Location: Segment begins at the headwaters of Big Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rush

River.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 11 samples - 54.5%) at station 3-BIG001.15 at Route 211. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Big Branch because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33917, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thornton River watershed (ID 205) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name   | Fii                    | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E05R_BIG01A08 / Big Branch / Segment begins at the headwaters of Big Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rush River. | 4A Escherichia coli            | 20                     | )10 L                                | 3.04             |
| Big Branch   |                                | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                 | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation  Escherichia coli - Tota  | al Impaired Size by Water Type | · ' /                  | (710100)                             | 3.04             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

**Rush River** Cause Group Code: E05R-04-BAC

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Big Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Covington River.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 18 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-RUS003.23 at Route 621. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rush River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33917, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thornton River watershed (ID 205) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name   | Fii<br>Lis  | rst Dev.  | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E05R_RUS01B08 / Rush River / Segment begins at the confluence with Big Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Covington River. | 4A Escherichia coli            | 20          | )14 L     | 3.35          |
| Rush River  |                                | Estuary     | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                                | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota   | I Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 3.35          |
| Sources:  |                                |             |           |               |

Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** (Septic Systems and Feeding Operations)

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E06R-01-BAC Thornton River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Mill Run, at rivermile 8.65, and continues downstream until the confluence with an

unnamed tributary to the Thornton River, at rivermile 3.25.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (10 of 31 samples - 32.3%) at station 3-THO006.50 at Route 729. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Thornton River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33917, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thornton River watershed (ID 205) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E06R_THO02A02 / Thornton River / Segment begins at confluence with Mill Run, at rivermile 8.65, and continues down until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Thornton I at rivermile 3.25. | stream                       | 2006                     | L                        | 5.52          |

| Thornton River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation     |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 5.52    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E06R-02-BAC Battle Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Battle Run, at rivermile 2.27, and continues downstream until

the confluence with the Thornton River.

City / County: Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-BTL000.94 at Route 729. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Battle Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed TMDL (33917, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thornton River watershed (ID 205) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E06R_BTL01A02 / Battle Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Battle Run, at rivermile and continues downstream until the confluence with the Thornton River. | •                            | 2008                     | 8 L       | 2.23          |
| Battle Run   |                              | Estuary                  | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)              | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 2.23

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E06R-03-BAC Unnamed tributary to Thornton River

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary, and continues downstream to the confluence with the Thornton

River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Rappahannock Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-XHH000.24 at Route 626. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the unnamed tributary to Thornton River because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL (33917, 01/23/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Thornton River watershed (ID 205) was approved by the EPA on 08/02/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name  | Fi                     | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E06R_XHH01A12 / Unnamed tributary to Thornton River / Segment begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary, and continues downstream to the confluence with the Thornton River. | 4A Escherichia coli           | 20                     | 012 L                                | 5.02             |
| Unnamed tributary to Thornton River Recreation   |                               | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                 | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | I Impaired Size by Water Type |                        |                                      | 5.02             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

ations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E07R-01-BAC Muddy Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Muddy Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Hazel River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-MUU000.82 at Route 625 and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 11 samples - 63.6%) at station 3-MUU008.52 at Route 632. The Muddy Run bacteria TMDL was approved by the EPA on 07/06/2004. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 12/02/2004. Federal ID 23326. TMDL Eq IDs 1299 and POL0003.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name   |             | rst [  | MDL<br>Dev. Water<br>riority Size |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| VAN-E07R_MUU01A00 / Muddy Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Muddy Run, approximately 0.2 rivermile upstream of Route 229, and continues downstream un the confluence with the Hazel River. |                 | Escherichia coli     | 19          | 996    | L 6.09                            |
| VAN-E07R_MUU02A02 / Muddy Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Muddy Run and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Muddy Run, approximately 0.2 rivermile upstream of Route 229.       | 4A<br>,         | Escherichia coli     | 20          | 002    | L 8.25                            |
| Muddy Run  |                 |                      | Estuary     | Reserv | oir River                         |
| Recreation   |                 |                      | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres | s) (Miles)                        |
| Escherichia coli - Total II  | mpaired         | d Size by Water Type | ):          |        | 14.34                             |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E07R-02-BAC Hazel River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Indian Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (9 of 31 samples - 29.0%) at station 3-HAZ005.98 at Route 625. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Hazel River (2) watershed (POL0517) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33917.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor | ry Cause Name       | F           | ycle<br>irst<br>sted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E07R_HAZ01A04 / Hazel River / Segment begins at the confluence with Indian Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy Run. | 4A               | Escherichia coli    | 2           | 2006                 | L                        | 3.36          |
| Hazel River  |                  |                     | Estuary     | Re                   | servoir                  | River         |
| Recreation   |                  |                     | (Sq. Miles) | (A                   | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
|  |                  | Size by Water Type: |             |                      |                          | 3.36          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-01-BAC Marsh Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Marsh Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (15 of 32 samples - 46.9%) at station 3-MAH000.19 at Route 651; E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 16 samples - 43.8%) at station 3-MAH004.18 at Route 668; and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 9 samples - 66.7%) at station 3-MAH008.88 at Route 17. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Marsh Run watershed (POL0515) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 34088. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Marsh Run watershed (ID 18) was approved by the EPA on 05/24/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle First Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E08R_MAH01A00 / Marsh Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Harpers Run, at approximately rivermile 2.4, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannoc River. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 1996               | L                        | 2.32          |
| VAN-E08R_MAH02A02 / Marsh Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Craig Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Harpers Run, at approximately rivermile 2.4.              | 4A Escherichia coli          | 2012               | L                        | 6.01          |
| VAN-E08R_MAH03A02 / Marsh Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Marsh Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Craig Run.  | 4A Escherichia coli          | 2008               | L                        | 3.87          |
| Marsh Run  |                              | Estuary R          | eservoir                 | River         |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired Size by Water       | Type:              |                          | 12.20         |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-01-BEN Marsh Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Craig Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Harpers Run, at

approximately rivermile 2.4.

City / County: Fauguier Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2016 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events in 2009 at station 3-MAH004.18 at Route 668 resulted in a VSCI

**TMDL** 

Cycle

assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name                | First<br>Liste       |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|---|---|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E08R_MAH02A02 / Marsh Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Craig Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Harpers Run, at approximately rivermile 2.4. | 5A Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments | 2012                 | 2 L                  | 6.01             |
| Marsh Run Aquatic Life  |   | Estuary<br>q. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total  | I Impaired Size by Water Type:              |                      |                      | 6.01             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-02-BAC **Browns Run** 

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Browns Run, near the Route 17 bridge, and continues

downstream until the confluence with Marsh Run.

City / County: Fauguier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (22 of 32 samples - 68.8%) at station 3-BOS000.72 at Route 653 (Morganburg Road). The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Browns Run watershed (POL0510) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33911. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Browns Run watershed (ID 17) was approved by the EPA on 05/24/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.                 | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E08R_BOS01A02 / Browns Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Browns Run, near the Ro17 bridge, and continues downstream until the confluence with MaRun. |                              | 2002                     | ? L                  | 2.54             |
| Browns Run Recreation  |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)   | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

2.54

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and Feeding Operations)

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-03-BAC Craig Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Craig Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Marsh Run.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (11 of 31 samples - 35.5%) at station 3-CRA000.46 at Luck Stone Road. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Craig Run watershed (POL0509) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Craig Run watershed (ID 116) was approved by the EPA on 05/24/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name  | Fi          | rcle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E08R_CRA01A02 / Craig Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Craig Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Marsh Run. | 4A Escherichia coli           | 20          | 004 L                                 | 3.72          |
| Craig Run   |                               | Estuary     | Reservoir                             | River         |
| Recreation  |                               | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                               | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota   | I Impaired Size by Water Type |             |                                       | 3.72          |

Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-04-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Ruffans Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Tinpot Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Fauguier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 66 samples - 10.6%) at station 3-RPP147.49 at Route 29. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Rappahannock River (2) watershed (POL0508) was approved by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33951.

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E08R\_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins at 4A Escherichia coli 2004 2.11 the confluence with Ruffans Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Tinpot Run.

Rappahannock River
Recreation
Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:
Reservoir (Sq. Miles)
Reservoir (Acres)
(Miles)
Reservoir (Miles)
Reservoir (Miles)
Reservoir (Miles)

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-05-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Rappahannock River, at approximately rivermile 142.5,

and continues downstream until the confluence with Marsh Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 15 samples - 13.3%) at station 3-RPP142.36 at Route 620. The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL for the Rappahannock River (3) watershed (POL0511) was approved

by the EPA on 01/23/2008. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33952

|  | Cause                       | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.        | Category Cause Name         | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAN-E08R_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment beg | gins at 4A Escherichia coli | 2006           | L            | 2.85  |

the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Rappahannock River, at approximately rivermile 142.5, and continues downstream until the confluence with Marsh Run.

| Rappahannock River    | Estuary                         | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation            | (Sq. Miles)                     | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - To | al Impaired Size by Water Type: |           | 2.85    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E08R-06-BAC **Tinpot Run** 

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Tinpot Run, at rivermile 1.27, and continues downstream

until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fauguier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 9 samples - 55.6%) at station 3-TIN000.36 at Route 651 (Sumerduck Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Tippot Run because the downstream Upper Rappahannock River Watershed bacteria TMDL included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Rappahannock River (3)

watershed (POL0511).

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Listed **Priority** Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Size 2008 L VAN-E08R TIN01A08 / Tinpot Run / Segment begins at the 4A Escherichia coli 1.28

confluence with an unnamed tributary to Tinpot Run, at rivermile 1.27, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

Tinpot Run Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 1.28

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

(Septic Systems and Feeding Operations) Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09L-01-TP Lake Pelham

Cause Location: Segment includes all of Lake Pelham.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Phosphorus (Total) / 5A

Excursions above the total phosphorous criterion of 40 µg/L were observed in each of the two most recent years of nutrient monitoring (2014 and 2015), during which algaecides were applied, at DEQ lake monitoring station 3-MTN024.05.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name           | Cy<br>Fii<br>e Lis |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E09L_MTN01A02 / Lake Pelham / Segment includes all of 5A Phosphorus (To Lake Pelham. | otal) 20           | 018 L     | 249.70        |
| Lake Pelham  | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Phosphorus (Total) - Total Impaired Size by Water  | Type:              | 249.70    |               |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-01-BAC Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Flat Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 29 samples - 20.7%) at station 3-MTN000.59 at Route 620. A bacteria TMDL for the Mountain Run watershed (POL0116) was approved by the EPA on 04/27/2001. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 06/17/2004.

Federal ID 24415.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Nar | Cycle<br>First<br>me Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_MTN01A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Flat Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 4A Escherichia co           | oli 1996                    | L                        | 7.58          |

| Mountain Run |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 7.58    |

#### Sources:

Grazing in Riparian or Impervious Surface/Parking Livestock (Grazing or Manure Runoff Shoreline Zones Lot Runoff Feeding Operations)

Runoff from Sewage Discharges in Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Forest/Grassland/Parkland Unsewered Areas Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-01-BEN Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the Route 15/29 bridge crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2008 Assessment: A total of four biological monitoring events in 2003 and 2004 at station 3-MTN003.31 (downstream of Route 672) resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community. 2012 Assessment: Two biological monitoring events in 2006 at station 3-MTN018.83 (downstream of the Route 15/29 bypass) resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                         |             | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|--|-------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_MTN01A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Flat Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.             | 5A              | Benthic-Macroinvertebrat<br>Bioassessments | е           | 2008            | М                | 7.58          |
| $VAN-E09R\_MTN02A04\ /\ Mountain\ Run\ /\ Segment\ begins\ at\ the\ confluence\ with\ Jonas\ Run\ and\ continues\ downstream\ until \ the\ confluence\ with\ Flat\ Run.$ | 5A              | Benthic-Macroinvertebrat<br>Bioassessments | е           | 2008            | М                | 5.67          |
| VAN-E09R_MTN03A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the Route 15/29 bridge crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Jonas Run.                       | 5A              | Benthic-Macroinvertebrat<br>Bioassessments | е           | 2008            | М                | 6.65          |
| Mountain Run   |                 |  | Estuary     | Re              | eservoir         | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                 | (  | (Sq. Miles) | (/              | Acres)           | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total I   | Impaired        | d Size by Water Type:                      |             |                 |                  | 19.90         |
|  |                 |  |             |                 |                  |               |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-01-PCB Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the Route 15/29 bridge crossing near Culpeper City and continues downstream until the confluence with

the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Use(s): Fish Consumption

Cause(s) / VA Category: PCB in Fish Tissue / 5A

PCB in Water Column / 5A

The fish consumption use is categorized as impaired due to a Virginia Department of Health, Division of Health Hazards Control, PCB fish consumption advisory. The advisory, dated 12/13/04, limits American eel consumption to no more than two meals per month. The affected stretch of Mountain Run extends roughly 19 miles, from the Route 15/29 bridge crossing near Culpeper City downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

The following exceedances of the water quality criterion based fish tissue value (TV) of 20 parts per billion (ppb) for PCBs in fish tissue were recorded: three exceedances in one species of fish (American eel) collected in 2013 at monitoring station 3-MTN000.59; two exceedances in two species of fish (American eel and yellow bullhead catfish) collected in 2013 at monitoring station 3-MTN005.79; and four exceedances in three species of fish (American eel, yellow bullhead catfish, and sunfish) collected in 2013 at monitoring station 3-MTN014.33.

Additionally, two exceedances of the human health criterion of 640 picogram per liter (pg/l) for total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in the water column were recorded in water quality samples collected at station 3-MTN014.88 at Route 663.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause           | e<br>ry Cause Name    | Fi   | rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--|------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_MTN01A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Flat Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.                                      | 5A              | PCB in Fish Tissue    | 20   | 006        | H, 2yr                   | 7.58          |
| $VAN\text{-}E09R\_MTN02A04 \ / \ Mountain \ Run \ / \ Segment \ begins \ at \ the confluence \ with \ Jonas \ Run \ and \ continues \ downstream \ until \ the \ confluence \ with \ Flat \ Run.$ | 5A              | PCB in Fish Tissue    | 20   | 006        | H, 2yr                   | 5.67          |
| $VAN\text{-}E09R\_MTN03A00\ /\ Mountain\ Run\ /\ Segment\ begins\ at\ the\ Route\ 15/29\ bridge\ crossing\ and\ continues\ downstream\ until the\ confluence\ with\ Jonas\ Run.$                  | 5A              | PCB in Fish Tissue    | 20   | 006        | H, 2yr                   | 6.65          |
| Mountain Run  |                 |                       | Estuary  | Re         | servoir                  | River         |
| Fish Consumption  |                 |                       | (Sq. Miles)  | (A         | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| PCB in Fish Tissue - Total  | Impaired        | d Size by Water Type: |  |            |                          | 19.90         |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name    | Fí   | rst        | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
| VAN-E09R_MTN03A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the Route 15/29 bridge crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Jonas Run.  | 5A              | PCB in Water Column   | 20   | )18        | H, 2yr                   | 6.65          |
| Mountain Run  |                 |                       | Estuary  | Re         | servoir                  | River         |
| Fish Consumption  |                 |                       | (Sq. Miles)  | (A         | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| PCB in Water Column - Total   | lmanairaa       | Circ by Water Type    | Cycle TMDL First Dev. Listed Priority 2018 H, 2yr  Estuary Reservoir |            |                          | 6.65          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-02-BAC Mountain Run

Cause Location: Segment begins at the outlet from Lake Pelham and continues downstream until the confluence with Jonas Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 6 samples - 83.3%) at station 3-MTN014.88 at Route 663 (Stevensburg Road). E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of samples - 50.0%) at station 3-MTN021.11 at Route 799 (Keyser Road). E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 4 samples - 75.0%) at station 3-MTN022.01 at Old Brandy Road. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Mountain Run because the downstream TMDL (24415, 04/27/2001) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Mountain Run watershed (POL0116).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | ry Cause Name      | Fi          | rst  | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_MTN03A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the Route 15/29 bridge crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Jonas Run. | 4A              | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 010  | L                        | 6.65          |
| VAN-E09R_MTN04A04 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the outlet from Lake Pelham and continues downstream until the Route 15/29 bridge crossing.   |                 | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 016  | L                        | 4.63          |
| Mountain Run   |                 |                    | Estuary     | Rese | ervoir                   | River         |
| Recreation   |                 |                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Acı | res)                     | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired        | Size by Water Type | ):          |      |                          | 11.28         |

#### Sources:

Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impervious Surface/Parking Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

Runoff from Sewage Discharges in Waterfowl Wildlife Other than Forest/Grassland/Parkland Unsewered Areas Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-02-BEN Jonas Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Jonas Run (XDZ), at approximately rivermile 3.74, and

continues downstream until the confluence with Mountain Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2016 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events in 2009 at station 3-JOA001.60 at Route 684 resulted in a VSCI

TMDI

Cyclo

assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

|                           | Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Tota  | l Impaire       | Size by Water Type:                      |                        |                          | 3.78             |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Jonas Run<br>Aquatic Life |  |                 |  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)     | River<br>(Miles) |
| confluence wapproximatel  | JOA01A06 / Jonas Run / Segment begins at the vith an unnamed tributary to Jonas Run (XDZ), at ly rivermile 3.74, and continues downstream until the vith Mountain Run. | 5A              | Benthic-Macroinvertebr<br>Bioassessments | rate 2                 | 012 M                    | 3.78             |
| Assessme                  | nt Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                       | Fi                     | rst Dev.<br>sted Priorit | Water            |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-02-PCB Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the outlet from Lake Pelham and continues downstream until the Route 15/29 bridge crossing.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Use(s): Fish Consumption

Cause(s) / VA Category: PCB in Fish Tissue / 5A

PCB in Water Column / 5A

Exceedances of the water quality criterion based fish tissue value (TV) of 20 parts per billion (ppb) for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in fish tissue were recorded in three species of fish (white sucker, American eel, and yellow bullhead catfish) in four total samples collected in 2013 at monitoring station 3-MTN022.21.

Two exceedances of the human health criteria of 640 picogram per liter (pg/l) for total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in the water column were recorded in water quality samples collected at DEQ station 3-MTN021.11 at Route 799.

| PCB in Water Column - Tota   | I Impaired      | d Size by Water Type: |                       |                          |                          | 4.63             |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Mountain Run Fish Consumption  |                 |                       | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles |                          | eservoir<br>(Acres)      | River<br>(Miles) |
| VAN-E09R_MTN04A04 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the outlet from Lake Pelham and continues downstream until the Rou 15/29 bridge crossing. |                 | PCB in Water Column   |                       | 2018                     | L                        | 4.63             |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name    |                       | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
| PCB in Fish Tissue - Tota  | l Impaired      | d Size by Water Type: |                       |                          |                          | 4.63             |
| Mountain Run Fish Consumption  |                 |                       | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles |                          | eservoir<br>(Acres)      | River<br>(Miles) |
| VAN-E09R_MTN04A04 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at thoutlet from Lake Pelham and continues downstream until the Rou 15/29 bridge crossing.   |                 | PCB in Fish Tissue    |                       | 2016                     | L                        | 4.63             |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name    |                       | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-03-BAC Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary that flows from Caymore Lake and continues downstream until

Lake Pelham.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 9 samples - 55.6%) at station 3-MTN027.08 at Route 641. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Mountain Run because the downstream TMDL included modeling, source

identification, and reductions that covered the entire Mountain Run watershed

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_MTN05A04 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at confluence with an unnamed tributary that flows from Caymore and continues downstream until Lake Pelham. |                              | 2006                     | L                        | 1.63          |
| Mountain Run  |                              | Estuary Re               | eservoir                 | River         |

| Mountain Run |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 1.63    |

#### Sources:

Grazing in Riparian or Impervious Surface/Parking Livestock (Grazing or Manure Runoff Shoreline Zones Lot Runoff Feeding Operations)

Runoff from Sewage Discharges in Waterfowl Wildlife Other than Forest/Grassland/Parkland Unsewered Areas Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-04-BAC Jonas Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Jonas Run (XDZ), at approximately rivermile 3.74, and

continues downstream until the confluence with Mountain Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 14 samples - 28.6%) at station 3-JOA000.80 at Route 663 (Stevensburg Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Jonas Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (24415, 04/27/2001) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Mountain Run

watershed (POL0116).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | rst Dev.  | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_JOA01A06 / Jonas Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Jonas Run (XDZ), at approximately rivermile 3.74, and continues downstream until the confluence with Mountain Run. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 20                 | 008 L     | 3.78          |
| Jonas Run  |                              | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Ty    | pe:                |           | 3.78          |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impervious Surface/Parking<br>Lot Runoff | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Manure Runoff |
|---|--|---|---------------|
| - ",                                      |  |   |               |

Runoff from Sewage Discharges in Waterfowl Wildlife Other than Forest/Grassland/Parkland Unsewered Areas Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E09R-05-BAC Flat Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Flat Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Mountain Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 13 samples - 53.8%) at station 3-FLA001.93 at Route 675. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Flat Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (24415, 04/27/2001) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Mountain Run watershed (POL0116).

| Assessment Unit / Water Na   | me / Location Desc.        | Cause<br>Category Cause Name    | Fi          | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E09R_FLA01A08 / Flat Ruheadwaters of Flat Run and conticonfluence with Mountain Run. |                            | 4A Escherichia coli             | 20          | )14 L                                | 6.23          |
| Flat Run   |                            |                                 | Estuary     | Reservoir                            | River         |
| Recreation   |                            |                                 | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                              | (Miles)       |
|  | Escherichia coli - Tot     | tal Impaired Size by Water Type | <b>)</b> :  |                                      | 6.23          |
| Sources:   |                            |                                 |             |                                      |               |
| Grazing in Riparian or   | Impervious Surface/Parking | Livestock (Grazing or           | Manure F    | Runoff                               |               |

Grazing in Riparian or Impervious Surface/Parking Livestock (Grazing or Manure Runoff Shoreline Zones Lot Runoff Feeding Operations)

Runoff from Sewage Discharges in Waterfowl Wildlife Other than Forest/Grassland/Parkland Unsewered Areas Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E10R-01-BAC Deep Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Deep Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Pine Branch. Begins

again at the confluence with Green Branch (at rivermile 4.75) and continues downstream until the confluence with

Cycle

**TMDL** 

the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fauquier Co. Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (19 of 32 samples - 59.4%) at station 3-DPR001.70 at Route 17 and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 11 - 18.2%) at station 3-DPR008.98 at Route 634. The Deep Run bacteria TMDL (POL0115) was approved by the EPA on 05/26/2004. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 08/31/2004. Federal ID 24417. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Deep Run watershed (ID 58) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name  | Firs<br>Liste |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E10R_DPR01A00 / Deep Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Green Branch, at rivermile 4.75, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 4A Escherichia coli        | 199           | 6 L       | 4.93          |
| VAN-E10R_DPR03A02 / Deep Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Deep Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Pine Branch.                                      | 4A Escherichia coli        | 201           | 4 L       | 3.75          |
| Deep Run   |                            | Estuary       | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                            | (Sq. Miles)   | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | I Impaired Size by Water T | vpe:          |           | 8.68          |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E10R-01-BEN Sumerduck Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Sumerduck Run, approximately 0.55 rivermile upstream of

Route 632, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, at Route 631.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of four biological monitoring events in 2013 and 2014 at station 3-SMR004.81 at Route 632 resulted in a VSCI

assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Wate                                  | er Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                       |                        | rst Dev.<br>sted Priorit | Water<br>y Size  |
|---|---|-----------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| confluence with an unnamed approximately 0.55 rivermile | Sumerduck Run / Segment beging tributary to Sumerduck Run, a upstream of Route 632, and contended with another unnamed tributer | ntinues         | Benthic-Macroinvertebr<br>Bioassessments | ate 20                 | 012 M                    | 1.85             |
| Sumerduck Run   |   |                 |  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)     | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  |   |                 |  | (oq. ivilles)          | (Acres)                  | (IVIIIes)        |
| Benthic-Mac   | roinvertebrate Bioassessments -   | Total Impaired  | d Size by Water Type:                    |                        |                          | 1.85             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E10R-03-BAC Alcotti Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Alcotti Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Deep Run.

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-ALC002.74 at Route 614. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Alcotti Run because the downstream Deep Run bacteria TMDL (24417. 05/26/2004) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire watershed (POL0115). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Deep Run watershed (ID 47) was approved by the EPA on 05/22/2006.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Fi            | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E10R_ALC01A00 / Alcotti Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Alcotti Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Deep Run. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 20            | 012 L                                | 5.16          |
| Alcotti Run  |                              | Estuary       | Reservoir                            | River         |
|  |                              | (Sq. Miles)   | (Acres)                              | (Miles)       |
| Recreation   |                              | (oq. ivilies) | (Acres)                              | (IVIIIes)     |

| Grazing in Riparian or |
|------------------------|
| Shoreline Zones        |
| Sewage Discharges in   |
| Unsewered Areas        |

Impacts from Land Application of Wastes Wastes from Pets

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) Waterfowl

Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E10R-04-BAC Sumerduck Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Sumerduck Run, approximately 0.55 rivermile upstream of

Route 632, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, at Route 631.

City / County: Fauquier Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 19 samples - 31.6%) at station 3-SMR004.81 at Route 632.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category ( | Cause Name     | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste  | t Dev.               | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E10R_SMR02A06 / Sumerduck Run / Segment begins a confluence with an unnamed tributary to Sumerduck Run, approximately 0.55 rivermile upstream of Route 632, and continu downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, Route 631. | es                  | cherichia coli | 201                    | 6 L                  | 1.85             |
| Sumerduck Run Recreation   |                     |                | Estuary<br>(Sg. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

1.85

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E11R-01-BAC Garth Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Garth Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 11 samples - 54.5%) at station 3-GAR000.95 at Route 718 and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (9 of 11 samples - 81.8%) at station 3-GAR005.59 at Route 615. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Garth Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33867, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Rapidan River watershed (POL0496). The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Garth Run watershed (ID 78) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name   | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis | st De    | v. Water |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| VAN-E11R_GAR01A02 / Garth Run / Segment begins at the R 665 crossing, at approximately rivermile 1.9, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | Route 4A        | Escherichia coli     | 20               | )14 L    | 1.61     |
| VAN-E11R_GAR02A06 / Garth Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Garth Run and continues downstream until the Ro 665 crossing, at approximately rivermile 1.9.           | 4A<br>ute       | Escherichia coli     | 20               | )18 L    | 5.82     |
| Garth Run   |                 |                      | Estuary          | Reservoi | r River  |
| Recreation  |                 |                      | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)  | (Miles)  |
| Escherichia coli - Tota   | al Impaire      | d Size by Water Type | :                |          | 7.43     |

Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E11R-01-BEN Conway River

Cause Location: Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Conway River, approximately 0.6 rivermile

upstream from Route 230, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Greene Co. Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2014 Assessment: A total of three biological monitoring events in 2007 and 2008 at station 3-CON002.26 at Route 230 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

|  | Cause<br>atego | ry Cause Name                             | ı           | cycle<br>First<br>isted | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E11R_CON01A04 / Conway River / Segment begins at the beginning of the PWS designation, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.   | 5A             | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | te          | 2010                    | L                | 0.32          |
| VAN-E11R_CON01B12 / Conway River / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Conway River, approximately 0.6 rivermile upstream from Route 230, and continues downstream until the start of the PWS designated area. | 5A             | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | te          | 2010                    | L                | 2.67          |
| Conway River   |                |   | Estuary     | Re                      | servoir          | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                |   | (Sq. Miles) | (A                      | Acres)           | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Im  | paired         | Size by Water Type:                       |             |                         |                  | 2.99          |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E11R-01-TEMP Garth Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Garth Run and continues downstream until the Route 665 crossing, at approximately

rivermile 1.9.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Temperature, water / 5A

Excursions greater than the maximum temperature criterion for natural trout waters (4 of 10 samples - 40.0%) at station 3-

GAR005.59 at Route 615.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Firs<br>Liste | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E11R_GAR02A06 / Garth Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Garth Run and continues downstream until the Ro 665 crossing, at approximately rivermile 1.9. | 5A Temperature, water ute    | 201           | 18 L      | 5.82          |
| Garth Run   |                              | Estuary       | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life  |                              | (Sq. Miles)   | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |

Temperature, water - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 5.82

TMDI

Cyclo

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E12R-01-BEN Rippin Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with White Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Greene Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2016 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events in 2010 at station 3-RIP000.22 at Route 609 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name                | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size          |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| VAN-E12R_RIP01A04 / Rippin Run / Segment begins at the confluence with White Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 5A Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments | 2012                     | L                        | 0.60                   |
| Rippin Run   | Estua<br>(Sa. M                             | ,                        | eservoir                 | River                  |
| Aquatic Life (Sq. Miles) (Acres)  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |   |                          |                          | (Miles)<br><b>0.60</b> |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E12R-02-BAC Rippin Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with White Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Greene Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 11 samples - 27.3%) from station 3-RIP000.22 at Route 609. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Rippin Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33867, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Rapidan River watershed. The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Rippin Run watershed (ID 72) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

Cycle

Waterfowl

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name      | Fii<br>Lis  | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E12R_RIP01A04 / Rippin Run / Segment begins at the confluence with White Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 4A Escherichia coli            | 20          | 012 L                    | 0.60          |
| Rippin Run   |                                | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River         |
| Recreation   |                                | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | I Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |                          | 0.60          |

Wastes from Pets

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-01-BAC Blue Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Blue Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Albemarle Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-BLU000.80 at Route 641; E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 12 samples - 58.3%) at station 3-BLU002.60 at Route 20; and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 11 samples - 63.6%) at station 3-BLU008.33 at Route 33. The Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL for the Blue Run watershed was approved by the EPA on 12/05/2007. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33865. The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Blue Run watershed (ID 77) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste | t Dev.    | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E13R_BLU01A00 / Blue Run / Segment begins at the beginning of the PWS designation., and continues downstream un the confluence with the Rapidan River.  | 4A<br>til       | Escherichia coli   | 200                   | 2 L       | 0.33          |
| VAN-E13R_BLU01B12 / Blue Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Barbour Run, approximately 0.13 rivermile upstrea of the Southern Rail Road bridge, and continues downstream until start of the PWS designation. |                 | Escherichia coli   | 200                   | 2 L       | 4.01          |
| VAN-E13R_BLU02A04 / Blue Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Blue Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Barbour Run.   | 4A              | Escherichia coli   | 200                   | 6 L       | 8.38          |
| Blue Run  |                 |                    | Estuary               | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                 |                    | (Sq. Miles)           | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                 |                    |                       | 12.72     |               |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-01-BEN Beautiful Run

Cause Location: Begins at an unnamed tributary at rivermile 3.44, and continues downstream to another unnamed tributary,

upstream of Route 620.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of two biological monitoring events in 2011 at station 3-BFL002.90 at Route 616 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause Category Cause Name                   | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority    | Water<br>Size    |
|---|---|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E13R_BFL02A12 / Beautiful Run / Segment begins at an unnamed tributary at rivermile 3.44, and continues downstream to another unnamed tributary, upstream of Route 620. | 5A Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments | 2012            | L                   | 2.50             |
| Beautiful Run   | Estu<br>(Sg. N                              | - ,             | eservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total  | ( 1   | viii03)         | (10100)             | 2.50             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-02-BAC Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Poplar Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 32 samples - 21.9%) at station 3-RAP045.08 at Route 15. The Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL for the Upper Rapidan River watershed (POL0496) was approved by the EPA on 12/05/2007. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33867. The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Rapidan River (#1) watershed (ID 70) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name    | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis       | rst Dev.          | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E13R_RAP01A00 / Rapidan River / Segment begins confluence with Poplar Run and continues downstream until t confluence with the Robinson River. |                                 | 20                     | 002 L             | 7.63             |
| Rapidan River  |                                 | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir (Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation Escherichia coli -  | otal Impaired Size by Water Typ | ,                      | (Acres)           | 7.63             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-04-BAC Unnamed tributary to the Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary and continues downstream until the confluence with the

Rapidan River.

City / County: Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 11 samples - 18.2%) at station 3-XEZ000.12 at Route 634. The Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL for this Unnamed Tributary to the Rapidan River watershed (POL0497) was approved by the EPA on 12/05/2007. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33866. The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Rapidan River (#1) watershed (ID 76) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

TMDI

Cyclo

Waterfowl

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Cause Category Cause Name  | Fir<br>List |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E13R_XEZ01A04 / Unnamed tributary to Rapidan River / 4A Escherichia coli Segment begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 20          | 04 L      | 2.67          |
| Unnamed tributary to the Rapidan River   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |             |           | 2.67          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-05-BAC Beautiful Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 12 samples - 41.7%) at station 3-BFL006.28 at Route 621; E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 12 samples - 41.7%) at station 3-BFL002.90 at Route 616 (2016 Assessment); and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 11 samples - 72.7%) at station 3-BFL000.90 at Route 620. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Beautiful Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33867, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Rapidan River watershed (POL0496). The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Beautiful Run watershed (ID 69) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name   | Cyd<br>Fir<br>List | st    | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E13R_BFL01A04 / Beautiful Run / Segment begins at the confluence of an unnamed tributary, upstream from Route 620, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. |                 | Escherichia coli     | 20                 | 06    | L                        | 1.18          |
| VAN-E13R_BFL02A12 / Beautiful Run / Segment begins at an unnamed tributary at rivermile 3.44, and continues downstream to another unnamed tributary, upstream of Route 620.                  | 4A              | Escherichia coli     | 20                 | 12    | L                        | 2.50          |
| VAN-E13R_BFL03A16 / Beautiful Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Beautiful Run and continues downstream to an unnamed tributary at rivermile 3.44.                                    | 4A              | Escherichia coli     | 20                 | 16    | L                        | 8.45          |
| Beautiful Run  |                 |                      | Estuary            | Resei | voir                     | River         |
| Recreation   |                 |                      | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acre | es)                      | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired        | d Size by Water Type | :                  |       |                          | 12.13         |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-06-BAC Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Marsh Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Blue Run.

City / County: Madison Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 12 samples - 58.3%) at station 3-RAP055.84 at Route 231. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Rapidan River because the downstream Rapidan River Basin TMDL (33867, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Rapidan River watershed (POL0496). The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Rapidan River (#2) watershed (ID 73) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor | ry Cause Name      | Fi          | rst<br>sted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E13R_RAP02A06 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the beginning of the PWS designation. and continues downstream unt the confluence with Blue Run. |                  | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 006         | L                        | 0.30          |
| VAN-E13R_RAP02B12 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the confluence with Marsh Run and continues downstream until the sta of the PWS designation.     |                  | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 006         | L                        | 4.03          |
| Rapidan River  |                  |                    | Estuary     | Rese        | ervoir                   | River         |
| Recreation   |                  |                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Ac         | res)                     | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired         | Size by Water Type | :           |             |                          | 4.33          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-07-BAC Unnamed tributary to Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary and continues downstream until the confluence with the

Rapidan River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 12 samples - 66.7%) at station 3-XBO000.26 at Route 621. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the unnamed tributary to the Rapidan River because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33867, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Rapidan River watershed (POL0496). The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the UT to Rapidan River (#2) watershed (ID 75) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Fi                     | rcle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E13R_XBO01A04 / Unnamed tributary to Rapidan River Segment begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary at continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan R | nd                                | 20                     | 006 L                                 | 3.11             |
| Unnamed tributary to Rapidan River   |                                   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                  | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - T   | otal Impaired Size by Water Type: |                        |                                       | 3.11             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-08-BAC Marsh Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Marsh Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Greene Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 11 samples - 36.4%) at station 3-MAS001.55 at Route 644. The Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL for the Marsh Run watershed (POL0495) was approved by the EPA on 12/05/2007. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33864. The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Marsh Run watershed (ID 74) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name   | Fi          | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E13R_MAS01A04 / Marsh Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Marsh Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 4A Escherichia coli            | 20          | )14 L                                | 5.64          |
| Marsh Run   |                                | Estuary     | Reservoir                            | River         |
| Recreation  |                                | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                              | (Miles)       |
| Escharichia coli - Tot  | al Impaired Size by Water Type |             |                                      | 5.64          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E13R-09-BAC Poplar Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Poplar Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 10 samples - 30.0%) at station 3-POL000.10 at Route 633 (Amicus Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Poplar Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33867, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Rapidan River watershed (POL0496). The Upper Rapidan River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Poplar Run watershed (ID 71) was approved by the EPA on 12/31/2015

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ory Cause Name  |             | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E13R_POL01A04 / Poplar Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Poplar Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 4A              | Escherichia coli     | 20          | 014 L                    | 4.14          |
| Poplar Run  |                 |                      | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River         |
| Recreation  |                 |                      | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota   | I Impaire       | d Size by Water Type | 1           |                          | 4.14          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Cycle

**TMDL** 

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E14R-01-BEN White Oak Run

Cause Location: Begins approximately 0.4 rivermile upstream from the Route 657 crossing, and continues downstream until the

confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of one biological monitoring event in 2015 at station 3-WHO001.48 at Route 231 and a total of two biological monitoring events in 2016 at station 3-WHO001.51, just upstream from Route 231, resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Firs<br>Liste |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E14R_WHO01A06 / White Oak Run / Segment begins approximately 0.4 rivermile upstream from the Route 657 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. |                              | e 201         | 8 L       | 3.19          |
| White Oak Run  |                              | Estuary       | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   | (                            | Sq. Miles)    | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Type: |               |           | 3.19          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E14R-01-TEMP Robinson River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with the Rose River, just downstream of Route 670, and continues downstream until the

crossing of Route 231, rivermile 21.58.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Temperature, water / 5A

Excursions greater than the maximum temperature criterion for stockable trout waters (4 of 10 samples - 40.0%) at station 3-

ROB024.06 at Route 649.

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E14R\_ROB01C00 / Robinson River / Segment begins at the Temperature, water 2004 3.00 confluence with the Rose River, just downstream of Route 670, and continues downstream until the crossing of Route 231, rivermile 21.58.

Robinson River

Aquatic Life

Temperature, water - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Reservoir (Miles)

River (Miles)

3.00

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E14R-02-BAC Finks Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Finks Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 5 samples - 40.0%) at station 3-FIK001.08 at Route 650. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Finks Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Upper Robinson River watershed (POL0245). The Little Dark Run and Robinson River bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Upper Robinson River watershed (ID 14) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name    | Fir<br>List |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E14R_FIK01A06 / Finks Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Finks Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. | 4A Escherichia coli             | 20          | 06 L      | 3.16          |
| Finks Run  |                                 | Estuary     | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                                 | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tot   | al Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 3.16          |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or                  | Impacts from Land     | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from                      |
|---|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Shoreline Zones                         | Application of Wastes |   | Forest/Grassland/Parkland        |
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas | Wastes from Pets      | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E14R-02-TEMP Rose River

Cause Location: Begins at rivermile 2.6, approximately 0.36 rivermile downstream from the confluence with Strother Run, and

continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Temperature, water / 5A

2010 Assessment: Excursions greater than the maximum temperature criterion for stockable trout waters (3 of 28 samples -

10.7%) at station 3-ROE000.75 at a private road.

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E14R\_ROE01A02 / Rose River / Segment starts at rivermile Temperature, water 2006 2.58 2.6, approximately 0.36 rivermile downstream from the confluence with Strother Run, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

| Rose River   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Temperature, water - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 2.58    |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E14R-03-BAC White Oak Run

Cause Location: Begins approximately 0.4 rivermile upstream from the Route 657 crossing, and continues downstream until the

confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (13 of 23 samples - 56.5%) at station 3-WHO001.48 at Route 231. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of White Oak Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Robinson River watershed (POL0243). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Lower Robinson River watershed (ID 119) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

| White Oak Run  |                              | Estuary   | Res               | servoir                  | River        |
|--|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| VAN-E14R_WHO01A06 / White Oak Run / Segment begins approximately 0.4 rivermile upstream from the Route 657 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. |                              | 20        | 006               | L                        | 3.19         |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Fi<br>Lis | cle<br>rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Wate<br>Size |

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than Waterfowl         |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E14R-04-BAC Leathers Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Leathers Run, approximately 0.65 rivermile downstream from

the Route 641 crossing, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 12 samples - 41.7%) at station 3-LEA000.17 at Route 609. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Leathers Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Robinson River watershed (POL0245). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Upper Robinson River watershed (ID 14) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

| 200      | 06 L                | 2.17             |
|----------|---------------------|------------------|
|          | Reservoir           | River<br>(Miles) |
| . Miles) | (Acres)             | 2.17             |
|          | stuary<br>q. Miles) |                  |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-01-BAC Little Dark Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Little Dark Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Dark Run.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-LDR000.70 at Route 680. The Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL for the Little Dark Run watershed (POL0244) was approved by the EPA on 12/12/2005. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 24418. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Little Dark Run watershed (ID 15) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name   | ,           | rst D   | MDL<br>Dev. Water<br>iority Size |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| VAN-E15R_LDR01A00 / Little Dark Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Little Dark Run, at rivermile 2.17, and continues downstream until the confluence with Dark Run      |                 | Escherichia coli     | 19          | 998     | L 2.11                           |
| VAN-E15R_LDR02A02 / Little Dark Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Little Dark Run and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Little Dark Run, at rivermile 2.17. | 4A              | Escherichia coli     | 20          | 008     | L 2.42                           |
| Little Dark Run  |                 |                      | Estuary     | Reservo | oir River                        |
| Recreation   |                 |                      | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres  | (Miles)                          |
| Escherichia coli - Total Ir  | mpaired         | d Size by Water Type | :           |         | 4.53                             |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or                  | Impacts from Land     | Livestock (Grazing or | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Shoreline Zones                         | Application of Wastes | Feeding Operations)   |                                       |
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas | Wastes from Pets      | Waterfowl             | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-02-BAC Robinson River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Crooked Run, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (13 of 65 samples - 20.0%) at station 3-ROB001.90 at Route 614. The Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL for the Lower Robinson River watershed (POL0243) was approved by the EPA on 12/12/2005. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 24419. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Lower Robinson River watershed (ID 119) was approved by the U.S. EPA on 05/31/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name     | Fi                     | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E15R_ROB01A00 / Robinson River / Segment begins a confluence with Crooked Run, and continues downstream until confluence with the Rapidan River. |                                  | 20                     | 004 L                                | 5.31             |
| Robinson River   |                                  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir (Acres)                    | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation Escherichia coli - To   | otal Impaired Size by Water Type | ,                      | (Acics)                              | 5.31             |

#### Sources:

Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Application of Wastes Feeding Operations) For Sewage Discharges in Wastes from Pets Waterfowl Wall Unsewered Areas

Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-02-BEN Deep Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Muddy Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of two biological monitoring events in 2016 at station 3-DRN001.81 at Route 638 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name                | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E15R_DRN01A04 / Deep Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Muddy Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. | 5A Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments | 2018                     | L                        | 2.47             |
| Deep Run  | Estua<br>(Sg. M                             | ,                        | eservoir<br>Acres)       | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Tota   |   | (03)                     | Acics                    | 2.47             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-03-BAC Deep Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Muddy Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 6 samples - 66.7%) at station 3-DRN001.81 at Route 638. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Deep Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Robinson River watershed (POL0243). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Lower Robinson River watershed (ID 119) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Fi                     | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water            |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E15R_DRN01A04 / Deep Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Muddy Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 20                     | 008 L                                | 2.47             |
| Confidence with the Robinson River.   |                              |                        |                                      |                  |
| Deep Run  |                              | Estuary                | Reservoir                            | River            |
|   |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                 | River<br>(Miles) |

| Grazing in Riparian or                  | Impacts from Land     | Livestock (Grazing or | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Shoreline Zones                         | Application of Wastes | Feeding Operations)   |                                       |
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas | Wastes from Pets      | Waterfowl             | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-03-BEN Great Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Great Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of four biological monitoring events in 2011 and 2016 at station 3-GRA002.01 at Route 15 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| _  | Cause<br>ategory Cause Name                 | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E15R_GRA01A04 / Great Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Great Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. | 5A Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments | 2012                     | L                        | 9.31             |
| Great Run  | Estua<br>(Sq. Mi                            | ,                        | eservoir<br>Acres)       | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Im  | <b>\</b>                                    | (1                       | 40103)                   | 9.31             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-04-BAC Crooked Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Little Crooked Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson

River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 12 samples - 41.7%) at station 3-COO000.04 at Route 15. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Crooked Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Robinson River watershed (POL0243). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Lower Robinson River watershed (ID 119) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Caus<br>Catego |       | Cause Name       | Fi                     | rst          | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|----------------|-------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E15R_COO01A04 / Crooked Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Little Crooked Run and continues downstream un the confluence with the Robinson River. |                | . Es  | scherichia coli  | 20                     | 800          | L                        | 7.89             |
| Crooked Run Recreation   |                |       |                  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Rese<br>(Acr |                          | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | I Impaire      | ed Si | ze by Water Type | <b>\</b> 1 /           | (7101        | 00)                      | 7.89             |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than Waterfowl         |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-05-BAC Great Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Great Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (9 of 11 samples - 81.8%) at station 3-GRA002.01 at Route 15. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Great Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Robinson River watershed (POL0243). A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Lower Robinson River watershed (ID 119) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | ry Cause Name       |             | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E15R_GRA01A04 / Great Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Great Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Robinson River. | 4A              | Escherichia coli    | 20          | 008 L                    | 9.31          |
| Great Run  |                 |                     | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River         |
| Recreation   |                 |                     | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | l Impaired      | Size by Water Type: |             |                          | 9.31          |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  |
|---|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas |

Impacts from Land Application of Wastes Wastes from Pets Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) Waterfowl Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Cycle

**TMDL** 

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E15R-06-BAC Dark Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Dark Run and continues to the confluence with the Robinson River.

City / County: Madison Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-DAK001.18 at Route 634. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Dark Run because the downstream Robinson River and Little Dark Run bacteria TMDL (24419, 12/12/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Robinson River watershed. A bacteria TMDL Implementation Plan for the Lower Robinson River watershed (ID 119) was approved by the EPA on 05/31/2011.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name       | Fi<br>Lis   | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E15R_DAK01A10 / Dark Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Dark Run and continues to the confluence with the Robinson River. | 4A Escherichia coli<br>e        | 20          | 010 L                    | 8.59          |
| Dark Run   |                                 | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River         |
| Recreation   |                                 | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota  | al Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |                          | 8.59          |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E16R-01-BAC Cedar Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Buck Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-CED000.59 at Route 522. 2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 10 samples - 70.0%) from station 3-CED003.52 at Route 652. The Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL for the Cedar Run watershed (POL0493) was approved by the EPA on 12/05/2007. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33868.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name   | Cyc<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E16R_CED01A00 / Cedar Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Cabin Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 20                 | 18 L      | 2.25          |
| VAN-E16R_CED02A04 / Cedar Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Buck Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Cabin Branch.          | 20                 | 06 L      | 3.53          |
| Cedar Run  | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type.  | :                  |           | 5.78          |

Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E16R-01-BEN Cedar Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Cabin Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of one biological monitoring event in 2016 at station 3-CED000.59 at Route 522 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Car | use Name                          | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E16R_CED01A00 / Cedar Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Cabin Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. |                       | ic-Macroinvertebrate<br>sessments | 2018                     | L                        | 2.25          |
| Cedar Run  |                       | Estua                             | ary R                    | eservoir                 | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                       | (Sq. M                            | iles)                    | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total   | Impaired Size         | by Water Type:                    |                          |                          | 2.25          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E16R-02-BAC Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Rapidan River, at rivermile 34.5, approximately 0.6

rivermile downstream from Route 689, and continues downstream until the confluence with Cedar Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (12 of 50 samples - 24.0%) at station 3-RAP030.21 at Route 522. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rapidan River because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869. 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan River watershed

(POL0492).

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Listed **Priority** Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Size 2006 ı VAN-E16R RAP01A04 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the Escherichia coli 4.66

confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Rapidan River, at rivermile 34.5, approximately 0.6 rivermile downstream from Route 689, and continues downstream until the confluence with Cedar Run.

Rapidan River Reservoir Estuary River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation 4.66

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

(Septic Systems and Feeding Operations) Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E16R-03-BAC Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with the Robinson River and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed

tributary to the Rapidan River, at rivermile 36.6.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-RAP037.90 at Route 615 (Rapidan Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rapidan River because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan

River watershed (POL0492).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ory Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E16R_RAP03A08 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at confluence with the Robinson River and continues downstream the confluence with an unnamed tributary to the Rapidan River, rivermile 36.6. | until           | Escherichia coli    | 2008                     | L                | 3.39          |

Rapidan River

Recreation

Estuary Reservoir (Sq. Miles)

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Reservoir (Miles)

River (Miles)

3.39

Estimated on Total impared offer Type.

3.39

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-01-BAC Mine Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Cormack Run, approximately 0.6 rivermile upstream of Route 20, and continues

downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 11 samples - 27.3%) at station 3-MIR004.05 at Route 611. The Mountain Run and Mine Run bacteria TMDL for the Mine Run watershed (POL0242) was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005.

The SWCB approved the TMDL on 09/27/2006. Federal ID 24420.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.       | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------------|
| VAN-E17R_MIR01A00 / Mine Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Cormack Run, approximately 0.6 rivermile upstr of Route 20, and continues downstream until the confluence with Rapidan River. |                              | 2002                     | : <b>L</b> | 10.50         |
| Mine Run   |                              | Estuary                  | Reservoir  | River         |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)              | (Acres)    | (Miles)       |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or                  | Impacts from Land     | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from                      |
|---|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Shoreline Zones                         | Application of Wastes |   | Forest/Grassland/Parkland        |
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas | Wastes from Pets      | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

10.50

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-01-BEN Brook Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Brook Run, at Route 647, and continues downstream until

the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2016 Assessment: One biological monitoring events in 2009 at station 3-BRK002.64 at Route 647 resulted in a VSCI

assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit /      | Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | ry Cause Name                             | Fii<br>Lis             |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| confluence with an unn | 4 / Brook Run / Segment begins at the named tributary to Brook Run. at Route until the confluence with the Rapidan | 647, and        | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ite 20                 | )12 L                | 2.51             |
| Brook Run Aquatic Life |  |                 |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| •                      | -Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments -  | Total Impaired  | Size by Water Type:                       | , ,                    | ,                    | 2.51             |

**TMDL** 

Cycle

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-02-BAC Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Mountain Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Mine Run.

City / County: Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 32 samples - 21.9%) at station 3-MTR003.51 at Route 611; E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (11 of 12 samples - 91.7%) at station 3-MTR008.31 at Route 621; and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (9 of 16 samples - 56.3%) at station 3-MTR010.60 at Route 666. The Mountain Run and Mine Run bacteria TMDL for the Mountain Run watershed (POL0241) was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. The SWCB approved the TMDL on 09/27/2006. Federal ID 24421.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name  | Cyc<br>Firs<br>Liste | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|---|----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E17R_MTR01A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the 4A Escherichia coli confluence with Mill Run, approximately 0.25 rivermile downstream of Route 617, and continues downstream until the confluence with Mine Run. | 200                  | )2 L      | 10.10         |
| VAN-E17R_MTR02A02 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the 4A Escherichia coli headwaters of Mountain Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Mill Run.  | 200                  | 06 L      | 7.46          |
| Mountain Run  | Estuary              | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  | (Sq. Miles)          | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                      |           | 17.56         |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-02-BEN Mountain Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Mill Run, approximately 0.25 rivermile downstream of Route 617, and continues

downstream until the confluence with Mine Run.

City / County: Orange Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of two biological monitoring events in 2016 at station 3-MTR003.51 at Route 611 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis       |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E17R_MTR01A00 / Mountain Run / Segment begins at the confluence with Mill Run, approximately 0.25 rivermile downstream Route 617, and continues downstream until the confluence with Mi Run. | of Bioassessments            | ebrate 20              | 018 L                | 10.10            |
| Mountain Run Aquatic Life  |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Typ   | , ,                    | (* 121 00)           | 10.10            |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-03-BAC Black Walnut Run

Cause Location: Begins at the Route 621 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Mine Run.

City / County: Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 11 samples - 54.5%) at station 3-BWR004.13 at Route 602. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Black Walnut Run because the downstream Mountain Run and Mine Run bacteria TMDL (24420, 11/15/2005) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Mine Run watershed (POI 0242)

| Black Walnut Run Recreation  |                                   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| oormaanaa war wiina raan   |                                   |                        |                      |                  |
| VAN-E17R_BWR01A06 / Black Walnut Run / the Route 621 crossing and continues downstreaconfluence with Mine Run. |                                   | 20                     | 006 L                | 6.48             |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location  | Cause n Desc. Category Cause Name | Fir<br>List            |                      | Water<br>Size    |

#### Sources:

| Grazing in Riparian or<br>Shoreline Zones | Impacts from Land<br>Application of Wastes | Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) | Runoff from Forest/Grassland/Parkland |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Sewage Discharges in<br>Unsewered Areas   | Wastes from Pets                           | Waterfowl                                 | Wildlife Other than<br>Waterfowl      |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-04-BAC Sumerduck Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Dry Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 10 samples - 70.0%) at station 3-SUM002.40 at Route 647 (Twin Mountain Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Sumerduck Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan River watershed (POL0492).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Fi                     | rcle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E17R_SUM01A04 / Sumerduck Run / Segment begi confluence with Dry Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River. |                                    | 20                     | )14 L                                 | 6.20             |
| Sumerduck Run Recreation   |                                    | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                  | River<br>(Miles) |
|  | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                        |                                       | 6.20             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-05-BAC Potato Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Potato Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 8 samples - 50.0%) at station 3-POT001.06 at Route 647 (Twin Mountain Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Potato Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan

River watershed (POL0492).

|  | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.          | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAN-E17R_POT01A14 / Potato Run / Segment begins at the | 4A Escherichia coli | 2014   | L        | 6.83  |

headwaters of Potato Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

| Potato Run | Estuary   | Reservoir | River   |
|------------|---|-----------|---------|
| Recreation | (Sq. Miles)   | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|            | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |           | 6.83    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E17R-06-BAC Brook Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Brook Run. at Route 647, and continues downstream until

the confluence with the Rapidan River

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (9 of 12 samples 75.0%) at station 3-BRK002.64 at Route 647. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Brook Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan River watershed (POL0492).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause Category Cause Name      |                        | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E17R_BRK01A04 / Brook Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Brook Run. at Route 64 continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River | ,                              | 20                     | )18 L                                | 2.51             |
| Brook Run   |                                | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                 | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation Escherichia coli - Tota  | al Impaired Size by Water Type | · · · /                | (Acies)                              | 2.51             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E18R-01-BAC Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Wilderness Run, rivermile 7.78, and continues downstream until the confluence with

Middle Run.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

downstream until the confluence with Middle Run.

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 32 samples - 12.5%) at station 3-RAP006.53 at Route 610. The Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL for the Lower Rapidan River watershed (POL0492) was approved by the EPA on 12/05/2007. The SWCB

approved the TMDL on 07/31/2008. Federal ID 33869.

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E18R RAP03A02 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the Escherichia coli 2006 2.58 confluence with Wilderness Run, rivermile 7.78, and continues

Rapidan River Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation 2.58

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

(Septic Systems and Feeding Operations) Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E18R-01-HG Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Flat Run and continues downstream to the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Orange Co. Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Fish Consumption

Cause(s) / VA Category: Mercury in Fish Tissue / 5A

The fish consumption use is impaired for mercury in fish tissue. Three excursions above the fish tissue value (TV) of 300 parts per billion (ppb) for mercury (Hg) in fish tissue was recorded in three species of fish (3 total samples; American eel, rock bass, smallmouth bass) collected in 2006 at monitoring station 3-RAP006.53 at Route 610.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor | y Cause Name           | Fi          | cle<br>rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E18R_RAP01A02 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the confluence with Hunting Run, at rivermile 1.35, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | : 5A             | Mercury in Fish Tissue | 20          | )10               | L                        | 1.24          |
| VAN-E18R_RAP02A02 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the confluence with Middle Run, rivermile 5.10, and continues downstruntil the confluence with Hunting Run.                    |                  | Mercury in Fish Tissue | 20          | )10               | L                        | 3.64          |
| VAN-E18R_RAP03A02 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the confluence with Wilderness Run, rivermile 7.78, and continues downstream until the confluence with Middle Run.             | : 5A             | Mercury in Fish Tissue | 20          | )10               | L                        | 2.58          |
| VAN-E18R_RAP04A04 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the confluence with Flat Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Wilderness Run.                                | 5A               | Mercury in Fish Tissue | 20          | )10               | L                        | 2.33          |
| Rapidan River  |                  |                        | Estuary     |                   | servoir                  | River         |
| Fish Consumption   |                  |                        | (Sq. Miles) | (A                | cres)                    | (Miles)       |
| Mercury in Fish Tissue - Total   | Impaired         | Size by Water Type:    |             |                   |                          | 9.79          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E18R-02-BAC Wilderness Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence of North Wilderness Run and South Wilderness Run and continues downstream until the

confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Orange Co. Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 11 samples - 63.6%) at station 3-WIL004.00 at Route 3. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Wilderness Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869. 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan River watershed

(POL0492).

Cycle **TMDL** Dev. Cause First Water Listed **Priority** Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Size 2008 L VAN-E18R WIL01A08 / Wilderness Run / Segment begins at the Escherichia coli 5.56 confluence of North Wilderness Run and South Wilderness Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rapidan River.

Wilderness Run Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 5.56

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Wastes from Pets Waterfowl

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E18R-03-BAC Rapidan River

Cause Location: Begins at the boundary of the public water supply area, approximately 1.21 rivermiles upstream from the Route 3

crossing, and continues downstream until the confluence with Lick Branch.

City / County: Culpeper Co. Orange Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 24 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-RAP014.45 at Route 3. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of the Rapidan River because the downstream Rapidan River bacteria TMDL (33869, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan River watershed (POL0492).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Categor | y Cause Name       | Fi          | rcle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E18R_RAP05A08 / Rapidan River / Segment begins at the boundary of the public water supply area, approximately 1.17 rivermiles upstream from the Route 3 crossing, and continues downstream to the confluence with Lick Branch. | 9 4A             | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 008 L                                 | 3.40             |
| Rapidan River  |                  |                    | Estuary     | Reservoir                             | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation   |                  |                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                               | (ivilles)        |
| Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired         | Size by Water Type | :           |                                       | 3.40             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Wastes from Pets Waterfowl (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E18R-04-BAC Hazel Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Hazel Run, and continues downstream to the confluence with the Rapidan River.

City / County: Culpeper Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2016 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 12 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-HAE001.00 at Route 610. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Hazel Run because the downstream Rapidan River Basin bacteria TMDL (33869, 12/05/2007) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Lower Rapidan River watershed (POL0492).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Fi                     | rcle TMD<br>rst Dev<br>ted Prior | v. Water         |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E18R_HAE01A12 / Hazel Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Hazel Run, and continues downstream to the confluence with the Rapidan River. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 20                     | 012 L                            | 4.06             |
|   |                              |                        |                                  |                  |
| Hazel Run   |                              | Estuary                | Reservoir                        | River            |
| Hazel Run Recreation  |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)             | River<br>(Miles) |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)

On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Wastes from Pets

Appendix 5 - 1422

Waterfowl

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Draft 2018

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E19L-01-HG Motts Run Reservoir

Cause Location: Includes the entirety of Motts Run Reservoir.

City / County: Spotsylvania Co. Use(s): Fish Consumption

Cause(s) / VA Category: Mercury in Fish Tissue / 5A

The fish consumption use is categorized as impaired due to a Virginia Department of Health, Division of Health Hazards Control, mercury (Hg) fish consumption advisory. The advisory, dated 8/31/07, limits consumption of largemouth bass to no more than two meals per month. The affected area includes the entirety of Motts Run Reservoir.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name   | Cyc<br>Firs<br>Liste | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E19L_MOT01A02 / Motts Run Reservoir / Segment includes 5A Mercury in Fish Tissue the lower half of Motts Run Reservoir; beginning at rivermile 0.8 and continuing downstream until the lake's discharge.           | 200                  | 08 L      | 62.88         |
| VAN-E19L_MOT02A02 / Motts Run Reservoir / Segment includes 5A Mercury in Fish Tissue the upper half of Motts Run Reservoir; beginning at the upper end of the reservoir and continuing downstream until rivermile 0.8. | 200                  | 08 L      | 74.29         |
| Motts Run Reservoir  | Estuary              | Reservoir | River         |
| Fish Consumption   | (Sq. Miles)          | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Mercury in Fish Tissue - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |                      | 137.17    |               |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E19R-01-BAC Horsepen Run

Cause Location: Begins at headwaters of Horsepen Run and continues downstream to the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-HOR000.50 at Route 655 (Holly Corner Road).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Fi                     | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E19R_HOR01A04 / Horsepen Run / Segment begins at headwaters of Horsepen Run and continues downstream to the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 5A Escherichia coli          | 20                     | )14 L                                | 5.70             |
| Horsepen Run  |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                 | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation  |                              | (Oq. IVIIICS)          | (///0103)                            | (IVIIICS)        |

Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E19R-02-BAC Mine Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Mine Run and continues downstream to the upper end of the Motts Run Reservoir.

City / County: Fredericksburg City Spotsylvania Co. Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 12 samples - 50.0%) at station 3-MIN002.14 at Route 620 (Spotswood Furnace Road).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Fir<br>List |           |         |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| VAN-E19R_MIN01A14 / Mine Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Mine Run and continues downstream to the upper end of the Motts Run Reservoir. |                 |                    | 20          | 14 L      | 4.01    |
| Mine Run  |                 |                    | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
| Recreation  |                 |                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 4.01

Cycle

**TMDL** 

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20E-01-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Begins at the fall line at Route 1 and continues downstream until the confluence with Massaponax Creek.

City / County: Fredericksburg City Spotsylvania Co. Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (15 of 60 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-RPP106.01, located upstream from the Fredericksburg Country Club. E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (8 of 33 samples - 24.2%) at station 3-RPP110.57 at Route 1.

**TMDL** 

Cvcle

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Lo   | ocation Desc.           | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name  |             | rst<br>ted | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E20E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock the confluence with Deep Run and continu confluence with Massaponax Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF. |                         |                 | Escherichia coli    | 20          | 002        | L                | 0.231         |
| VAN-E20E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock the fall line at Route 1 and continues down with Deep Run. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.                 | 0 0                     |                 | Escherichia coli    | 20          | 002        | L                | 0.195         |
| Rappahannock River  |                         |                 |                     | Estuary     | Re         | servoir          | River         |
| Recreation  |                         |                 |                     | (Sq. Miles) | (A         | cres)            | (Miles)       |
|   | Escherichia coli - Tota | al Impaire      | Size by Water Type: | 0.426       |            |                  |               |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20E-03-PCB Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Extends from the I-95 bridge above Fredericksburg downstream to the mouth of the river near Stingray Point,

including its tributaries Hazel Run up to the I-95 bridge crossing and Claiborne Run up to the Route 1 bridge

crossing.

City / County: Caroline Co. Essex Co. Fredericksburg City King George Co. Lancaster Co.

Middlesex Co. Richmond Co. Spotsylvania Co. Stafford Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Fish Consumption

Cause(s) / VA Category: PCB in Fish Tissue / 5A

The fish consumption use is categorized as impaired due to a Virginia Department of Health, Division of Health Hazards Control, PCB fish consumption advisory. The advisory, dated 12/13/04, limits American eel, blue catfish, carp, channel catfish, croaker, gizzard shad, and anadromous (coastal) striped bass consumption to no more than two meals per month.

Additionally: 2016 fish tissue monitoring data revealed exceedances of the water quality criterion based tissue value (TV) of 20 parts per billion (ppb) for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in two samples of American eel collected at station 3-CLB000.50 on Claiborne Run; 2016 fish tissue monitoring data revealed exceedances of the water quality criterion based tissue value (TV) of 20 parts per billion (ppb) for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in two samples of American eel collected at station 3-HAL000.57 on Hazel Run; 2016 fish tissue monitoring data revealed exceedances of the water quality criterion based tissue value (TV) of 20 parts per billion (ppb) for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in three species of fish (blue catfish, carp, and gizzard shad) in three samples collected at station 3-RPP080.19 on the Rappahannock River; and 2016 fish tissue monitoring data revealed exceedances of the water quality criterion based tissue value (TV) of 20 parts per billion (ppb) for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in three species of fish (blue catfish, carp, and gizzard shad) in four samples collected at station 3-RPP107.33 on the Rappahannock River

|   | Cause<br>Categoi | ry Cause Name      | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E19R_RPP01A18 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the I-95 bridge and continues downstream to the E19/E20 watershed boundary (at the downstream reach of the PWS designation).  |                  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2018                     | L                        | 0.66          |
| VAN-E20E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Massaponax Creek and continues downstream until the outlet of waterbody VAN-E20E. This segment represents the upper reach of VAN-E21E_RPP05A02. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF. |                  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2004                     | L                        | 0.188         |
| VAN-E20E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Deep Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Massaponax Creek.  Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.  | at 5A            | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2004                     | L                        | 0.231         |
| VAN-E20E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the fall line at Route 1 and continues downstream until the confluence with Deep Run. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.   |                  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2004                     | L                        | 0.195         |
| VAN-E20R_CLB01A00 / Claiborne Run / Segment begins at the Route 1 crossing of Claiborne Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.  | 5A               | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006                     | L                        | 4.52          |
| VAN-E20R_HAL01A00 / Hazel Run / Segment begins at the Route 95 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.  | e 5A             | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006                     | L                        | 4.72          |
| VAN-E20R_RPP01A10 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the E19/E20 watershed boundary, and extends downstream to the en of the free flowing waters of the Rappahannock River, at the Route 1 Alternate Bridge.   | nd               | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2018                     | L                        | 2.65          |

## Rappahannock River Basin

| VAN-E21E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins at iA the confluence with Mill Creek, at rivermile 78.94, and continues downstream until immediately upstream of Devils Elbow, at rivermile 70.52. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 4.547 |
|---|--------------------|------|---|-------|
| VAN-E21E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins at 5A the confluence with Mount Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with Mill Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2004 | L | 1.366 |
| VAN-E21E_RPP04A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins at <sup>5A</sup> the confluence with Ware Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with Mount Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2004 | L | 1.206 |
| VAN-E21E_RPP05A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins at <sup>5A</sup> the confluence with Massaponax Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with Ware Creek. The upper reach of this segment (approx. 0.3 sq mi) extends into waterbody VAN-E20E. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF. | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2004 | L | 0.579 |
| VAP-E22E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A River from Devils Elbow at Toby Point and Green Bay (river mile 70.52) downstream to the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary at river mile 57.85.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 5.133 |
| RPPTF   |                    |      |   |       |
| VAP-E22E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>5A</sup> River from the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary downstream to river mile 56.21.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 1.344 |
| RPPOH   |                    |      |   |       |
| VAP-E22E_RPP02B16 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A River from rivermile 56.21 downstream to river mile 51.04.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 2.003 |
| RPPOH   |                    |      |   |       |
| VAP-E22E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock $^{\rm 5A}$ River from river mile 51.04 to river mile 49.04.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 2.012 |
| RPPOH   |                    |      |   |       |
| VAP-E22E_RPP04A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A River from river mile 49.04 downstream to the oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at approximately river mile 48.51.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 0.942 |
| RPPOH   |                    |      |   |       |
| VAP-E22E_RPP05A02 / Rappahannock River / The 5A oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at river mile 48.51 downstream to the upstream limit of VDH shellfish condemnation area 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 6.958 |
| RPPMH   |                    |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02A98 / Rappahannock River / Mainstem 5A Rappahannock as described in VDH shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015 excluding administratively condemned portion.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 7.035 |
|   |                    |      |   |       |

Adjusted slightly in 2018 cycle.

**RPPMH** 

## Rappahannock River Basin

| 11   |                    |      |   |        |
|--|--------------------|------|---|--------|
| VAP-E23E_RPP02B10 / Rappahannock River / Portion of mainstem A Rappahannock River that is administratively condemned within condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 0.158  |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02C12 / Rappahannock River / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 11/14/2005 not included in 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 1.475  |
| Size adjusted in the 2018 cycle.   |                    |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B14 / Garrett's Marina / As delineated in VDH 5A shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 3/25/2015.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2008 | L | 0.003  |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B98 / Rappahannock River: Garrett's Marina / As 5A delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M1, 3/25/2015.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2008 | L | 0.025  |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01C06 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/16/2007 (non-admin) that is currently open   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 0.644  |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01D10 / Rappahannock River / The portion of the SA Rappahannock River within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015(administratively condemned)  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 0.137  |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01E18 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-admin)  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 0.061  |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>5A</sup> River from the limit of VDH shellfish condemnation 068A, 11/14/2005 downstream to end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) unless otherwise segmented | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 10.919 |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of 5A the Rappahannock River from end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) to the start of deep channel.  | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2006 | L | 15.407 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                    |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                    |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01C10 / Rappahannock River: Mark Haven Beach 5A Basin / The portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181B, 1/20/2006 not administratively closed.   | PCB in Fish Tissue | 2008 | L | 0.010  |
| DDDMI  |                    |      |   |        |

**RPPMH** 

| Rap | pahann | ock Riv | er Basin |
|-----|--------|---------|----------|
|-----|--------|---------|----------|

| PCB in Fish Tissue - Total Impaired Size by Water Type   | 128.929                |                      | 12.55            |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Rappahannock River Fish Consumption  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| RPPMH  |                        |                      |                  |
| VAP-E26E_RPP07A02 / Rappahannock River / As delineated in 5A PCB in Fish Tissue VDH-DSS SFC 018-053A, 12/4/2015  | 200                    | 2 L                  | 0.139            |
| RPPMH  |                        |                      |                  |
| VAP-E26E_RPP05A00 / Rappahannock River / Delineated in VDH- 5A PCB in Fish Tissue DSS condemnation 030-051C, 9/1/2015.   | 200                    | 6 L                  | 0.029            |
| RPPMH  |                        |                      |                  |
| RPPMH VAP-E26E_RPP04A00 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH 5A PCB in Fish Tissue Shellfish Condemnation 030-051B, 9/1/2015.   | 200                    | 6 L                  | 0.131            |
| River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051D, 10/3/2005.  |                        | - <del>-</del>       | 0.001            |
| RPPMH VAP-E26E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock iA PCB in Fish Tissue  | 200                    | 6 L                  | 0.031            |
| VAP-E26E_RPP02A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock iA PCB in Fish Tissue River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051A, 10/3/2005.            | 200                    | 6 L                  | 0.127            |
| RPPMH  |                        |                      |                  |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03B16 / Rappahannock River / As described in   | 200                    | 6 L                  | 0.003            |
| RPPMH  |                        |                      |                  |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03A06 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH iA PCB in Fish Tissue SFC 024-070B, 12/19/2016.  | 200                    | 6 L                  | 0.008            |
| RPPMH  |                        |                      |                  |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                        |                      |                  |
| RPPMH  VAP-E25E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from the start of deep channel downstream to the mouth, excluding area in SFC 051A. | 200                    | 6 L                  | 65.880           |
| in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 4/3/2012.  | 200                    | 0                    | 0.004            |
| VAP-E25E RPP01C98 / Mark Haven Beach Basin / As delineated iA PCB in Fish Tissue   | 200                    | 8 L                  | 0.004            |

Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-01-BAC Claiborne Run

Cause Location: Begins at the Route 1 crossing of Claiborne Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the

Rappahannock River.

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-CLB000.50 at Naomi Road. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Claiborne Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire tidal freshwater Rappahannock River watershed

(POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category | / Cause Name     | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E20R_CLB01A00 / Claiborne Run / Segment begins at Route 1 crossing of Claiborne Run and continues downstream the confluence with the Rappahannock River. |                   | Escherichia coli | 2004            | L                | 4.52          |
| <b>5</b>   | ntil              |                  |                 |                  |               |

| Claiborne Run |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 4.52    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-01-BEN **Falls Run** 

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Falls Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2016 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events in 2009 at station 3-FAL000.13 at Washington Street resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                        |                        | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|-----------------|---|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_FAL01A04 / Falls Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Falls Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 5A              | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | te 20                  | 012 L                    | 7.35             |
| Falls Run Aquatic Life   |                 |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)     | River<br>(Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Tota  | al Impaire      | d Size by Water Type:                     |                        |                          | 7.35             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-02-BAC **Hazel Run** 

Cause Location: Begins at the Route 95 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fredericksburg City Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 12 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-HAL001.44 at Route 1 Business (Lafayette Boulevard), E. coli bacteria criterion excursions at citizen stations 3HAL-1-ALL (4 of 11 samples - 36.4%) and 3HAL-6-ALL (10 of 11 samples - 90.9%). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Hazel Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire tidal freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cyc<br>Fin<br>List     | st Dev.              | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_HAL01A00 / Hazel Run / Segment begins at the 95 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence wi Rappahannock River. |                              | 20                     | 04 L                 | 4.72             |
| Hazel Run Recreation   |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 4.72

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-02-BEN Hazel Run

Cause Location: Begins at the Route 95 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Fredericksburg City Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2016 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events in 2009 at station 3-HAL002.72, upstream of Route 1, resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name   | F  | irst           | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|--|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_HAL01A00 / Hazel Run / Segment begins at the Route 5A Benthic-Macroinver 95 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | tebrate                                      | 2012           | L                        | 4.72             |
| Hazel Run  | Estuary<br>(Sg. Miles)                       | Reser<br>(Acre |                          | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Ty   | <b>\                                    </b> | (Acre          | ,3)                      | 4.72             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-03-BAC **Massaponax Creek** 

Cause Location: Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek, approximately 0.25 rivermile

upstream from the Route 639 bridge, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed

tributary, approximately 0.25 rivermile upstream of Ruffins Pond.

City / County: Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (6 of 35 samples - 17.1%) at station 3-MAP002.61 at Route 609. E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (10 of 23 samples - 43.5%) at station 3-MAP007.97 at Route 1, E, coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 24 samples - 20.8%) at station 3-MAP009.42 at Route 639. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Massaponax Creek because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire tidal freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name   | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E20R_MAP02A02 / Massaponax Creek / Segment begins at 4A Escherichia coli the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek, at rivermile 2.68, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, approximately 0.25 rivermile upstream of Ruffins Pond.                    | 2006                     | L         | 1.20          |
| VAN-E20R_MAP02B12 / Massaponax Creek / Segment begins at 4A Escherichia coli the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek, just upstream of Route 1, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, at rivermile 2.68.   | 2004                     | L         | 5.19          |
| VAN-E20R_MAP03A02 / Massaponax Creek / Segment begins at 4A Escherichia coli the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek, approximately 0.25 rivermile upstream from the Route 639 bridge, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, just upstream from Route 1. | 2010                     | L         | 1.67          |
| Massaponax Creek  | Estuary I                | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  | (Sq. Miles)              | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                          |           | 8.06          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-03-BEN Little Falls Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Little Falls Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of two biological monitoring events in 2013 at station 3-LIA003.14 (0.02 miles downstream from Route 606) resulted in a VCPMI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority   | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_LIA01A04 / Little Falls Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Little Falls Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 5.                        | 2016            | L                  | 4.92             |
| Little Falls Run Aquatic Life  | Estu<br>(Sg. N            |                 | eservoir<br>Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total   | <b>\</b>                  |                 | , 10.00)           | 4.92             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-04-BAC **Massaponax Creek** 

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary, approximately 1.1 rivermiles downstream from Route 673, and

continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, approximately 0.25 rivermile upstream

from Route 639.

City / County: Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (7 of 7 samples - 100.0%) at station 3-MAP010.37 at Route 208

(Courthouse Road) .

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E20R\_MAP04A02 / Massaponax Creek / Segment begins at 4A Escherichia coli 2008 L 2.17

the confluence with an unnamed tributary, approximately 1.1 rivermiles downstream from Route 673, and continues downstream until the confluence with another unnamed tributary, approximately 0.25 rivermile upstream from Route 639.

| Massaponax Creek               | Estuary             | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation                     | (Sq. Miles)         | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escharichia cali Total Impaire | Sizo by Mator Typo: |           | 2 17    |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-04-PH Deep Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Deep Run, and continues downstream to the confluence with an unnamed tributary at

rivermile 2.19, downstream of Route 638.

City / County: Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5A

Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (24 of 44 samples - 54.5%) at NPS station 3DEP-06-NPS at Lee

Drive.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name   | Fi          | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E20R_DEP03A12 / Deep Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of Deep Run, and continues downstream to the confluence with an unnamed tributary at Route 638. | 5A pH                          | 20          | )12 L                    | 1.56          |
| Deep Run  |                                | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River         |
| Aquatic Life  |                                | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| pH - Tota   | I Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |                          | 1.56          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-05-BAC Unnamed Tributary to Hazel Run

Cause Location: Segment begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary, and continues downstream to the confluence with

Hazel Run.

City / County: Fredericksburg City Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 11 samples - 36.4%) at citizen monitoring station 3XHN-7-ALL. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Hazel Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

Cycle

**TMDL** 

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name    | Fii<br>Lis             | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_XHN01A10 / Unnamed Tributary to Hazel Run / Segment begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary, and continues downstream to the confluence with Hazel Run. | 4A Escherichia coli          | 20                     | 014 L                    | 1.53             |
| Unnamed Tributary to Hazel Run   |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)     | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation  Escherichia coli - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Type: | · ' '                  | (710100)                 | 1.53             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-05-PH **Unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek** 

Cause Location: Begins where XEN joins XFE and continues downstream until the confluence with Massaponax Creek at rivermile

City / County: Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5A

Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (2 of 11 samples - 18.2%) at station 3-XFE001.05 at Spotsylvania

County Parkway.

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E20R\_XFE01A02 / Unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek / 5A 2016 1.27 Segment begins where XEN joins XFE and continues downstream until the confluence with Massaponax Creek at rivermile 8.06 Unnamed tributary to Massaponax Creek Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Miles) (Acres)

**Aquatic Life** 

pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

1.27

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-06-BAC **Unnamed tributary to Hazel Run** 

Cause Location: Segment begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary, and continues downstream to the confluence with

Hazel Run.

City / County: Fredericksburg City

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 11 samples - 18.2%) at citizen monitoring station 3XIA-9-ALL. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of an unnamed tributary to Hazel Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock

River watershed (POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List     | st Dev.              | Water<br>Size    |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_XIA01A12 / Unnamed tributary to Hazel Run / S begins at the headwaters of the unnamed tributary, and contin downstream to the confluence with Hazel Run. |                              | 20                     | 14 L                 | 2.23             |
| Unnamed tributary to Hazel Run Recreation   |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 2.23

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-07-BAC Little Falls Run

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Little Falls Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) at station 3-LIA002.27 at Route 682 (Colebrooke Road). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Little Falls Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369. 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock River watershed.

Cycle **TMDL** Dev. Cause First Water Listed **Priority** Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Size 2016 L VAN-E20R LIA01A04 / Little Falls Run / Segment begins at the Escherichia coli 4.92 headwaters of Little Falls Run and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

Little Falls Run Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 4.92

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-08-BAC Deep Run

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary at Route 638 and continues downstream to the confluence with

another unnamed tributary downstream of Route 756 at rivermile 0.74.

City / County: Spotsylvania Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (12 of 24 samples 50.0%) at station 3-DEP000.92 at Route 17 and E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 13 samples 38.5%) at station 3-DEP001.59 at Latimers Knoll Court. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Deep Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire tidal freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause Category Cause Name   | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |           | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E20R_DEP02A18 / Deep Run / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary at Route 638 and continues downstream to the confluence with another unnamed tributary downstream of Route 756 at rivermile 0.74. | 4A Escherichia coli         | 20               | 018 L     | 1.66          |
| Deep Run  |                             | Estuary          | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                             | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total  | Impaired Size by Water Type | :                |           | 1.66          |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

(Septic Systems and Feeding Operations)

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E20R-09-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: Begins at the E19/E20 watershed boundary, and extends downstream to the end of the free flowing waters of the

Rappahannock River, at the Route 1 Alternate Bridge.

City / County: Fredericksburg City Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

Sufficient excursions from the maximum E. coli bacteria criterion (8 of 35 samples - 22.9%) were recorded at DEQ ambient station 3-RPP110.57 at Route 1 to assess this stream segment as not supporting the recreation use for the 2018 water quality assessment. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Rappahannock River because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entre Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name     | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis       | rst Dev.          | Water<br>Size    |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E20R_RPP01A10 / Rappahannock River / Segment be the E19/E20 watershed boundary, and extends downstream to of the free flowing waters of the Rappahannock River, at the R Alternate Bridge. | the end                          | 20                     | 018 L             | 2.65             |
| Rappahannock River   |                                  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir (Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type |                        | ,                 | 2.65             |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets On-site Treatment Systems

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-01-BAC Muddy Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Muddy Creek, approximately 0.7 rivermile downstream from

Route 218, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: King George Co. Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-MUY001.43 at Route 3. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Muddy Creek because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire tidal freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

|                     | Fin   | st Dev.                                      | Water<br>Size  |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| IA Escherichia coli | 20  | 08 L   | 3.58   |
|                     | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)                          | Reservoir                                    | River<br>(Miles)   |
| e                   | ause<br>egory Cause Name<br>4A Escherichia coli | egory Cause Name List 4A Escherichia coli 20 | egory Cause Name First Dev. egory Cause Name Listed Priority 4A Escherichia coli 2008 L  Estuary Reservoir |

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

3.58

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-01-BEN Muddy Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Muddy Creek, approximately 0.7 rivermile downstream from

Route 218, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: King George Co. Stafford Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2014 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events at station 3-MUY003.63 (at Route 602) in 2007 resulted in a VSCI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E21R\_MUY01A00 / Muddy Creek / Segment begins at the Benthic-Macroinvertebrate 2010 3.58 confluence with an unnamed tributary to Muddy Creek, approximately Bioassessments 0.7 rivermile downstream from Route 218, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

| Muddy Creek   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 3.58    |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-02-BAC **Ware Creek** 

Cause Location: Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Ware Creek, just downstream from Burma Road,

and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 17 samples - 11.8%) at station 3-WAE000.72 at Route 17. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Ware Creek because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock River

watershed (POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAN-E21R_WAE01A08 / Ware Creek / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Ware Creek, just downstrom Burma Road, and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. |                     | 2010   | L        | 4.50  |

| Ware Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|            | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 4.50    |

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

(Septic Systems and Feeding Operations)

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-02-BEN Ware Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Ware Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary

to Ware Creek, just downstream from Burma Road.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2008 Assessment: One biological monitoring event in 2002 at station 3-WAE005.95 (Fort A.P. Hill) resulted in a VCPMI

assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                        | F           | cycle<br>First<br>isted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|---|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E21R_WAE02A04 / Ware Creek / Segment begins at the headwaters of Ware Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Ware Creek, just downstr from Burma Road. | 5A<br>ream      | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ite :       | 2008                    | L                        | 3.06          |
| Ware Creek   |                 |   | Estuary     |                         | servoir                  | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                 |   | (Sq. Miles) | (A                      | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |

3.06

Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-02-PH Ware Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the headwaters of Ware Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

2014 Assessment: Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (2 of 11 samples - 18.2%) at station 3-WAE000.72 at Route 17. 2008 Assessment: Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (2 of 2 samples - 100%) at station 3-WAE005.95 at the Fort A.P. Hill property.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis | rst Dev.  | Water   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| VAN-E21R_WAE01A08 / Ware Creek / Segment begins at confluence with an unnamed tributary to Ware Creek, just dow from Burma Road, and continues downstream until the conflue with the Rappahannock River. | vnstream                          | 20               | 008 L     | 4.50    |
| VAN-E21R_WAE02A04 / Ware Creek / Segment begins at headwaters of Ware Creek and continues downstream until th confluence with an unnamed tributary to Ware Creek, just dow from Burma Road.              | e                                 | 20               | 004 L     | 3.06    |
| Ware Creek   |                                   | Estuary          | Reservoir | River   |
| Aquatic Life   |                                   | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| T - Ha   | Total Impaired Size by Water Type | :                |           | 7.56    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-03-BAC Gingoteague Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Gingoteague Creek, at rivermile 2.99, and continues

downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: King George Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 10 samples - 20.0%) at station 3-GIN002.64 at Route 625.

|   | Cause                            |             |             | Water   |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Category Cause Name              | List        | ed Priority | Size    |
| VAN-E21R_GIN01A08 / Gingoteague Creek / Segment beg the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Gingoteague Creerivermile 2.99, and continues downstream until tidal waters, ne confluence with the Rappahannock River. | ek, at                           | 20          | 08 L        | 1.49    |
| Gingoteague Creek   |                                  | Estuary     | Reservoir   | River   |
| Recreation  |                                  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)     | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - T  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type | e:          |             | 1.49    |

**TMDL** 

Cycle

Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-03-BEN Gingoteague Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Gingoteague Creek, at rivermile 2.99, and continues

downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: King George Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

A total of two biological monitoring events in 2010 at station 3-GIN002.64 resulted in a VCPMI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name   | Fí          | rcle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>sted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-------------|--|---------------|
| VAN-E21R_GIN01A08 / Gingoteague Creek / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Gingoteague Creek, at rivermile 2.99, and continues downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence with the Rappahannock River.  5A Benthic-Macroinvertet Bioassessments | orate 2     | 012 L                                  | 1.49          |
| Gingoteague Creek  | Estuary     | Reservoir                              | River         |
| Aquatic Life   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                                | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |             |  |               |

Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-03-PH Gingoteague Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Gingoteague Creek, at rivermile 2.99, and continues

downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: King George Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (2 of 10 samples - 20.0%) at station 3-GIN002.64 at Route 625.

Cycle

**TMDL** 

1.49

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name | Firs<br>Liste |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E21R_GIN01A08 / Gingoteague Creek / Segment beging the confluence with an unnamed tributary to Gingoteague Creek rivermile 2.99, and continues downstream until tidal waters, near confluence with the Rappahannock River. | k, at                     | 200           | 08 L      | 1.49          |
| Gingoteague Creek  |                           | Estuary       | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                           | (Sq. Miles)   | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |

pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-04-BEN Mill Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary, at rivermile 9.5, and continues downstream until the

confluence with Peumansend Creek, at rivermile 6.06.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2010 Assessment: Two biological monitoring events in 2004 at station 3-MIC008.55 (on Fort A.P. Hill property) resulted in a VCPMI assessment that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name                       | Fi                     | vcle TMDL<br>irst Dev.<br>sted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|-----------------|--|------------------------|---|------------------|
| VAN-E21R_MIC02A06 / Mill Creek / Segment begins at the confluence with an unnamed tributary, at rivermile 9.5, and contin downstream until the confluence with Peumansend Creek, at river 6.06. |                 | Benthic-Macroinvertebr<br>Bioassessments | ate 2                  | 008 L                                   | 3.59             |
| Mill Creek Aquatic Life   |                 |  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                    | River<br>(Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   |                 |  |                        | 3.59                                    |                  |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-05-BAC Mount Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with West Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2012 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 18 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-MTC001.94 at Route 17. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Mount Creek because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock River watershed (POL0569).

Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.

VAN-E21R\_MTC01A08 / Mount Creek / Segment begins at the confluence with West Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River.

Cause First Dev. Water Category Cause Name Listed Priority Size 4A Escherichia coli 2008 L 4.46

Cycle

Wastes from Pets

**TMDL** 

Mount Creek
Recreation

Estuary Reservoir River
(Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 4.46

Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or On-site Treatment Systems

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-05-BEN White Oak Run

Cause Location: Begins just downstream from the Route 604 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy

Creek.

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

2014 Assessment: A total of two biological monitoring events in 2007 at station 3-WHT003.73 resulted in a VCPMI assessment

that indicates an impaired macroinvertebrate community.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause  | e   | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|---|--------|---|--------|----------|-------|
|   | Catego | ry Cause Name                               | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAN-E21R_WHT01A06 / White Oak Run / Segment begins just downstream from the Route 604 crossing and continues downstreuntil the confluence with Muddy Creek. |        | Benthic-Macroinvertebrate<br>Bioassessments | 2014   | L        | 6.51  |

White Oak Run

Aquatic Life

Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Reservoir (Acres)

River (Miles)

6.51

Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-05-PH Mount Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with West Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock

River.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

2014 Assessment: Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (9 of 11 samples - 81.8%) at station 3-

MTC001.94 at Route 17.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAN-E21R_MTC01A08 / Mount Creek / Segment begins at the confluence with West Branch and continues downstream until the confluence with the Rappahannock River. | 5C pH               | 2008   | L        | 4.46  |

TMDI

Cyolo

| Mount Creek  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 4.46    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-06-BAC **Lambs Creek** 

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Popcastle Creek and continues downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence

with the Rappahannock River.

City / County: King George Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (4 of 12 samples - 33.3%) from station 3-LAM000.57 at Route 3. A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of Lambs Creek because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369, 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock River

watershed (POL0569).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E21R_LAM01A08 / Lambs Creek / Segment begins at confluence with Popcastle Creek and continues downstream ur waters, near the confluence with the Rappahannock River. |                              | 2008            | L                | 0.54          |
| Lambs Crook  |                              |                 |                  |               |

| Lambs Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|             | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 0.54    |

#### Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

Waterfowl

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-07-BAC Mill Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Peumansend Creek, at rivermile 6.06, and continues downstream until the tidal

waters of Mill Creek.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 12 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-MIC0001.66 at Route 17.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name    | Fi          | rcle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E21R_MIC01A08 / Mill Creek / Segment begins at the confluence with Peumansend Creek, at rivermile 6.06, and contidownstream until the tidal waters of Mill Creek. | 5A Escherichia coli<br>nues     | 20          | 008 L                                 | 4.58          |
| Mill Creek  |                                 | Estuary     | Reservoir                             | River         |
| Recreation  |                                 | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                               | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tot  | al Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |                                       | 4.58          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-08-PH Goldenvale Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence with Doctor Branch and continues downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence with

the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (8 of 10 samples - 80.0%) at station 3-GLL001.98 at Route 17.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Liste | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAN-E21R_GLL01A08 / Goldenvale Creek / Segment begins at the <sup>5C</sup> pH confluence with Doctor Branch and continues downstream until tidal waters, near the confluence with the Rappahannock River. |                              | 2008                    | ß L       | 5.31          |
| Goldenvale Creek  |                              | Estuary                 | Reservoir | River         |

pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

(Sq. Miles)

(Acres)

(Miles)

5.31

#### Sources:

**Aquatic Life** 

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-10-BAC Jetts Creek

Cause Location: Segment begins at the confluence of Boom Swamp with Jetts Creek, and continues downstream to the end of the

free flowing waters.

City / County: King George Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (5 of 12 samples - 41.7%) at station 3-JET003.49 at Route 625.

**TMDI** Cycle Cause First Dev. Water Listed **Priority** Size Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name VAN-E21R\_JET01A10 / Jetts Creek / Segment begins at the Escherichia coli 2010 1.85 confluence of Boom Swamp with Jetts Creek, and continues downstream to the end of the free flowing waters. Jetts Creek Estuary Reservoir River

Recreation (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 1.85

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-10-PH White Oak Run

Cause Location: Begins just downstream from the Route 604 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy

Creek.

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

Excursions less than the lower limit of the pH criterion range (2 of 12 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-WHT000.35 at Route 601

(downstream crossing).

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E21R\_WHT01A06 / White Oak Run / Segment begins just 5C рΗ 2014 6.51 downstream from the Route 604 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy Creek.

| White Oak Run |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 6.51    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-11-BAC Portobago Creek

Cause Location: Segment begins at the confluence of two intermittent tributaries around rivermile 6.66 and extends downstream to

the end of the free-flowing waters.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

2014 Assessment: E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (3 of 11 samples - 27.3%) at station 3-PBC003.09 at Route 17.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name        | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis       | rst Dev.             | Water<br>Size    |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAN-E21R_PBC01A10 / Portobago Creek / Segment beg confluence of two intermittent tributaries around rivermile 6.0 extends downstream to the end of the free-flowing waters. |                                     | 20                     | )10 L                | 7.00             |
| Portobago Creek Recreation  |                                     | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|   | - Total Impaired Size by Water Type | :                      |                      | 7.00             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-11-DO Portobago Creek

Cause Location: Begins at the confluence of two intermittent tributaries around rivermile 6.66 and extends downstream to the end of

the free-flowing waters.

City / County: Caroline Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

2014 Assessment: Excursions less than the lower limit of the DO criterion range (3 of 12 samples - 25.0%) at station 3-

PBC003.09 at Route 17.

Cycle **TMDL** First Dev. Water Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAN-E21R\_PBC01A10 / Portobago Creek / Segment begins at the 5C Oxygen, Dissolved 2010 7.00 confluence of two intermittent tributaries around rivermile 6.66 and extends downstream to the end of the free-flowing waters.

| Portobago Creek             | Estuary                     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life                | (Sq. Miles)                 | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total I | npaired Size by Water Type: |           | 7.00    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E21R-12-BAC White Oak Run

Cause Location: Begins just downstream from the Route 604 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy

City / County: Stafford Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

E. coli bacteria criterion excursions (2 of 12 samples - 16.7%) at station 3-WHT000.35 at Route 601 (downstream crossing). A new TMDL is not required for this impaired segment of White Oak Run because the downstream bacteria TMDL (34369. 05/05/2008) included modeling, source identification, and reductions that covered the entire Tidal Freshwater Rappahannock

River watershed (POL0569).

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Listed **Priority** Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Size 2014 VAN-E21R WHT01A06 / White Oak Run / Segment begins just 4A Escherichia coli 6.51 downstream from the Route 604 crossing and continues downstream until the confluence with Muddy Creek.

White Oak Run Estuary Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 6.51

Sources:

Livestock (Grazing or **On-site Treatment Systems** Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers Wastes from Pets

Feeding Operations) (Septic Systems and

Similar Decentralized

Systems)

Waterfowl Wildlife Other than

Waterfowl

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-01-EBEN Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The oligohaline mainstem of the Rappahannock River

City / County: Essex Co. Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Estuarine Bioassessments / 5A

During the 2010 cycle, the oligonaline portion of the mainstem Rappahannock indicated benthic impairment based on the

Chesapeake Bay Benthic Index of Biological Integrity.

There was insufficient information to assess the B-IBI in the 2018 cycle.

| Car<br>Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Cate  | use<br>gory Cause Name  | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E22E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5 River from the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary downstream to river mile 56.21.   | A Estuarine Bioassessmo | ents 2010                | L                        | 1.344            |
| RPPOH  VAP-E22E_RPP02B16 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5  River from rivermile 56.21 downstream to river mile 51.04.   | A Estuarine Bioassessm  | ents 2010                | L                        | 2.003            |
| RPPOH  VAP-E22E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5 River from river mile 51.04 to river mile 49.04.  | A Estuarine Bioassessm  | ents 2010                | L                        | 2.012            |
| RPPOH  VAP-E22E_RPP04A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>5</sup> River from river mile 49.04 downstream to the oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at approximately river mile 48.51. | A Estuarine Bioassessm  | ents 2010                | L                        | 0.942            |
| RPPOH  |                         |                          |                          |                  |
| Rappahannock River Aquatic Life  |                         | ,                        | teservoir<br>(Acres)     | River<br>(Miles) |

Estuarine Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

6.302

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-02-EBEN Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The mesohaline mainstem of the Rappahannock River

City / County: Essex Co. Lancaster Co. Middlesex Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Estuarine Bioassessments / 5A

In 2004 the mesohaline portion of the mainstem Rappahannock indicated benthic impairment based on the Chesapeake Bay Benthic Index of Biological Integrity. The impairment was attributed to low oxygen and the benthic impairment was treated as a confirmation of the impairment. The mainstem remained impaired in the 2006 cycle; however, due to guidance changes the segment was 303(d) listed for estuarine bioassessments.

The segment remains impaired in the 2018 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed Priority Size  VAP-E22E_RPP05A02 / Rappahannock River / The 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2006 L 6.958  oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at river mile 48.51 downstream to the upstream limit of VDH shellfish condemnation area 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.  RPPMH  VAP-E23E_RPP02A98 / Rappahannock River / Mainstem 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2006 L 7.035  Rappahannock as described in VDH shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015 excluding administratively condemned portion.  Adjusted slightly in 2018 cycle. |
|---|
| VAP-E23E_RPP02A98 / Rappahannock River / Mainstem 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2006 L 7.035 Rappahannock as described in VDH shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015 excluding administratively condemned portion.  Adjusted slightly in 2018 cycle.   |
| Rappahannock as described in VDH shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015 excluding administratively condemned portion.  Adjusted slightly in 2018 cycle.  |
|   |
| RPPMH   |
|   |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02B10 / Rappahannock River / Portion of mainstem5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2006 L 0.158 Rappahannock River that is administratively condemned within condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.  |
| RPPMH   |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02C12 / Rappahannock River / Portion of VDH 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2006 L 1.475 shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 11/14/2005 not included in 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.   |
| Size adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |
| RPPMH   |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B14 / Garrett's Marina / As delineated in VDH 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2008 L 0.003 shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 3/25/2015.  |
| RPPMH   |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B98 / Rappahannock River: Garrett's Marina / As 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2008 L 0.025 delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M1, 3/25/2015.   |
| RPPMH   |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01C06 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A Estuarine Bioassessments 2006 L 0.644 River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/16/2007 (non-admin) that is currently open  |

Draft 2018

### Rappahannock River Basin

| R | Р | Р | M | II- |
|---|---|---|---|-----|
|   |   |   |   |     |

Draft 2018

| VAP-E24E_RPP01D10 / Rappahannock River / The portion of the Rappahannock River within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015(administratively condemned)   | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.137  |
|--|--------------------------|------|---|--------|
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01E18 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock A River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-admin)   | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.061  |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock A River from the limit of VDH shellfish condemnation 068A, 11/14/2005 downstream to end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) unless otherwise segmented | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 10.919 |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of 5A the Rappahannock River from end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) to the start of deep channel.  | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 15.407 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                          |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01C10 / Rappahannock River: Mark Haven Beach 5A Basin / The portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181B, 1/20/2006 not administratively closed.   | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2008 | L | 0.010  |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01C98 / Mark Haven Beach Basin / As delineated 5A in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 4/3/2012.  | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2008 | L | 0.004  |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from the start of deep channel downstream to the mouth, excluding area in SFC 051A.  | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 65.880 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                          |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03A06 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH 5A SFC 024-070B, 12/19/2016.   | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.008  |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03B16 / Rappahannock River / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M2, 3/25/2015.  | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.003  |
| RPPMH  |                          |      |   |        |
| VAP-E26E_CRR02A08 / Corrotoman River / The portion of the Corrotoman River that is within CB segment RPPMH.  | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 1.039  |
| VAP-E26E_RPP02A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>5A</sup> River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051A,   | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.127  |
|  |                          |      |   |        |

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### Rappahannock River Basin

VDH-DSS SFC 018-053A, 12/4/2015

VAP-E26E\_RPP07A02 / Rappahannock River / As delineated in

10/3/2005.

| R  | P | P | N  | 1 | н |
|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| 11 |   |   | ıν | ш | ш |

| 131 1 1911 1  |                         |      |   |       |
|---|-------------------------|------|---|-------|
| VAP-E26E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock iA Es River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051D, 10/3/2005. | stuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.031 |
| RPPMH   |                         |      |   |       |
| VAD FOCE DDDC4400 / Daniels and J. Diver / Daniels die VDII - 'A Fo   | atuaria Diagona anto    | 2000 |   | 0.404 |
| VAP-E26E_RPP04A00 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH iA Es Shellfish Condemnation 030-051B, 9/1/2015.                                      | stuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | L | 0.131 |
| Shellish Condemnation 030-03 fb, 9/1/2013.  |                         |      |   |       |
| RPPMH   |                         |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_RPP05A00 / Rappahannock River / Delineated in VDH- iA Es   | stuarine Bioassessments | 2006 | ı | 0.029 |
| DSS condemnation 030-051C. 9/1/2015.  | Stuarine Bloassessments | 2000 | _ | 0.023 |
| 500 00/10/1/1/2010.   |                         |      |   |       |
| RPPMH   |                         |      |   |       |
|   |                         |      |   |       |

### RPPMH

| Rappahannock River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life       |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                    | Estuarine Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 110.220     |           |         |

A Estuarine Bioassessments

2006

0.139

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-03-BAC Peedee Creek

Cause Location: Tidal Peedee Creek

City / County: Essex Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 5A

During the 2014 cycle, tidal Peedee Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 6/13

at 3-PEE003.97.

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Listed **Priority** Size Category Cause Name 0.150 VAP-E22E\_PEE01A14 / Peedee Creek / Tidal portion of Peedee Enterococcus 2014 H, 2yr Creek.

RPPOH

Peedee CreekEstuaryReservoirRiverRecreation(Sq. Miles)(Acres)(Miles)

Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 0.150

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-04-BAC Occupacia Creek

Cause Location: Tidal Occupacia Creek

City / County: Essex Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, tidal Occupacia Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of

9/11 at 3-OCC005.62.

It is nested in the bacterial TMDL for Occupacia and Farmers Hall Creeks, which was developed and was approved by the EPA on 7/30/2007; therefore, the segment is considered Category 4A. The TMDL addresses the nontidal watersheds feeding into the tidal portion and the upstream bacterial reductions should improve water quality downstream.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                              | Cause Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22E_OCC01A08 / Occupacia Creek / The tidal portion of Occupacia Creek | 4A Enterococcus           | 2014                     | L         | 0.668         |
| RPPOH  |                           |                          |           |               |
| Occupacia Creek  |                           | Estuary I                | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                           | (Sq. Miles)              | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |

Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 0.668

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-05-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The Rappahannock River from the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary downstream to river mile 56.21.

City / County: Essex Co. Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 5A

During the 2014 cycle, the Rappahannock River from the tidal freshwater oligohaline boundary downstream to rivermile 51.04 was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-RPP056.20.

The impairment was nested within the Upper Rappahannock River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010 and was considered Category 4A.

However, during the 2016 cycle, the upper portion of the impairment, which was not located within the actual TMDL study area boundary, was split off and will be considered Category 5A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 5A Enterococcus River from the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary downstream to river mile 56.21. |                              | 2014                     | L                        | 1.344         |

#### **RPPOH**

| Rappahannock River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation         |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                    | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 1.344       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-06-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at river mile 48.51 downstream to the upstream limit of VDH shellfish

condemnation area 025A-068A, 4/3/2012.

City / County: Essex Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, the segment was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 4/12 at 3-

RPP046.26.

It is located within the study area for the Upper Rappahannock River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010. The enterococci impairment is considered nested within the TMDL; therefore, the segment is considered Category

4A.

Cause Cycle TMDL
Cause First Dev. Water
Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed Priority Size

VAP-E22E RPP05A02 / Rappahannock River / The 4A Enterococcus 2014 L 6.958

oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at river mile 48.51 downstream to the upstream limit of VDH shellfish condemnation area 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.

#### **RPPMH**

| Rappahannock River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation         |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                    | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 6 958       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-07-BAC Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The Rappahannock River from rivermile 56.21 downstream to river mile 51.04.

City / County: Essex Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, the Rappahannock River from the tidal freshwater oligonaline boundary downstream to rivermile 51.04 was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-RPP056.20.

The impairment was nested within the Upper Rappahannock River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010 and was considered Category 4A.

However, during the 2016 cycle, the upper portion of the impairment, which was not located within the actual TMDL study area boundary, was split off and is considered Category 5A. This nested segment remains Category 4A.

|  | Cause                   | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.              | Category Cause Name     | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E22E_RPP02B16 / Rappahannock River / The Rappal        | hannock 4A Enterococcus | 2014           | L            | 2.003 |
| River from rivermile 56.21 downstream to river mile 51.04. |                         |                |              |       |

#### **RPPOH**

| Rappahannock River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation         |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                    | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 2.003       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-08-CHLR Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The lower tidal freshwater Rappahannock River downstream of Devils Elbow.

City / County: Essex Co. King George Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Wildlife

Cause(s) / VA Category: Chloride / 5C

During the 2004 cycle, the lower tidal freshwater area downstream of Devils Elbow at Toby Point and Green Bay (rivermile 70.52) and the transitional area of the Rappahannock River were assessed as not supporting the Aquatic Life and Wildlife Uses based on chloride exceedances at multiple stations, including 3-RPP064.40.

During the 2010 cycle, the Water Quality Standards were revised during Triennial Review. The freshwater-transitional zone boundary was moved upstream to rivermile 57.85. In addition, the chloride standard was removed in transitional waters. The standard still applies in freshwater areas and station 3-RPP064.40 remains in the freshwater area; therefore, this impairment has been shortened to extend from Devils Elbow at Toby Point and Green Bay to the transitional zone boundary. The Rappahannock River below the new transitional boundary was delisted.

No additional monitoring has been conducted.

| A                 | Matan Nama - / | 1          | Cause               | Oanna Nama | Cycle<br>First | Dev.     | Water |
|-------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / | water Name /   | Location I | Desc. Category      | Cause Name | Listed         | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E22E_RPP01A02 |                |            | The Rappahannock 5C | Chloride   | 2004           | L        | 5.133 |

River from Devils Elbow at Toby Point and Green Bay (river mile 70.52) downstream to the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary at river mile 57.85.

#### **RPPTF**

| Rappahannock River |  | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life       |  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                    | Chloride - Total Impaired Size by Water Type | 5 133       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22E-09-BAC Waterview Creek

Cause Location: The tidal portion of Waterview Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2018 cycle, tidal Waterview Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of

10/12 at 3-WAR001.81.

It is located within the study area for the Upper Rappahannock River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010. The enterococci impairment is considered nested within the TMDL; therefore, the segment is considered Category

4A.

|  | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                          | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E22E_WAR01A18 / Waterview Creek / Tidal portion of Waterview Creek | 4A Enterococcus     | 2018   | L        | 0.038 |

#### **RPPMH**

| Waterview Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation      |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.038       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-01-BAC Occupacia Creek

Cause Location: Occupacia Creek from the Hunters Millpond Dam to the extent of tidal influences.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

Occupacia Creek was initially assessed as impaired of the Recreation Use during the 2002 cycle based on fecal coliform violations at the Route 17 bridge (3-OCC010.47). In 2006 the segment was also impaired for E. coli. During the 2008 cycle, the impairment converted to E. coli with a violation rate of 3/21.

The bacterial TMDL for Occupacia and Farmers Hall Creeks was developed and was approved by the EPA on 7/30/2007; therefore, the segment is considered Category 4A.

Occupacia Creek remained impaired in the 2014 cycle due to an E.coli exceedance rate of 3/12.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List |           | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_OCC01A98 / Occupacia Creek / Occupacia C Hunters Millpond downstream to the tidal limit. | reek from 4A Escherichia coli      | 20                 | 006 L     | 2.34          |
| Occupacia Creek   |                                    | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                                    | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli -  | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 2.34          |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-02-BAC Farmers Hall Creek

Cause Location: Farmers Hall Creek from its headwaters to its tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Farmers Hall Creek was assessed as not supporting the Recreation Use support goal based on a fecal coliform exceedance

rate of 3/13 at the Route 631 bridge (3-FAR002.88).

No additional data has been collected since the 2006 cycle.

The bacterial TMDL for Occupacia and Farmers Hall Creeks was approved by the EPA on 7/30/2007; therefore, the segment is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Cyd<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_FAR01A04 / Farmers Hall Creek / Headwaters to limit | o tidal 4A Fecal Coliform         | 20                 | 04 L      | 4.00          |
| Farmers Hall Creek   |                                   | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                                   | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Fecal Coliform - To  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 4.00          |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-02-DO Farmers Hall Creek

Cause Location: Farmers Hall Creek from its headwaters to its tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

Farmers Hall Creek was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a dissolved oxygen exceedance rate of 2/11 at 3-FAR002.88.

The exceedance rate at 3-FAR004.38 was acceptable (0/11).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                | Cause<br>Category Cause Name   | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_FAR01A04 / Farmers Hall Creek / Headwaters to limit | tidal 5C Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                 | 112 L     | 4.00          |
| Farmers Hall Creek   |                                | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                                | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Tot                                      | al Impaired Size by Water Type | :                  |           | 4.00          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-02-PH Farmers Hall Creek

Cause Location: Farmers Hall Creek from its headwaters to its tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

In 2006, Farmers Hall Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use support goal based on pH violations at the Route 631 bridge (3-FAR002.88).

Additional monitoring was conducted during the 2012 cycle. The impairment was confirmed due to the following exceedance

6/11 at 3-FAR002.88

4/11 at 3-FAR004.38

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E22R_FAR01A04 / Farmers Hall Creek / Headwaters to limit | tidal 5C pH         | 2006   | L        | 4.00  |

TMDI

| IIITIIL            |   |             |           |         |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Farmers Hall Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
| Aquatic Life       |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                    | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 4.00    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-03-MIREX Occupacia Creek and Tributaries

Cause Location: Occupacia Creek from the headwaters to Hunters Millpond dam, and all tributaries entering above the tidal limit.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Wildlife

Cause(s) / VA Category: Mirex / 5A

During the 2010 cycle, it was determined that station 3-BLK001.92 failed the water quality standard for Mirex in two 2002

SPMD values.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name   | Fi                     | cle<br>rst<br>sted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_OCC01B06 / Occupacia Creek and tributaries / Occupacia Creek from the headwaters to Hunters Millpond dam, all tribs entering above the tidal limit. | 5A<br>and       | Mirex                | 20                     | 010                | L                        | 74.69         |
|  | 5A              | Mirex                | 20                     | 010                | L                        | 74.69         |
| Occupacia Creek and Tributaries  Wildlife  Mirex - Total   | al Impaired     | l Size by Water Type | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) |                    | servoir<br>acres)        | River (Miles) |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-04-BAC Elmwood Creek and Tributary XHY

Cause Location: The nontidal portion of Elmwood Creek and its tributary XHY in its entirety.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

Elmwood Creek and its tributary were assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use in the 2014 cycle based on multiple E.

coli exceedances.

The exceedance rates were as follows in the 2016 cycle:

5/23 at 3-ELM002.23 5/13 at 3-ELM002.92 1/13 (FS) at 3-ELM004.27 4/13 at 3-XHY000.06 1/12 (FS) at 3-XHY002.50

|   | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E22R_ELM01A06 / Elmwood Creek and tributary XHY / | 5A Escherichia coli | 2014           | H, 2yr       | 9.07  |

Headwaters to tidal limit, including tributary XHY.

Elmwood Creek and Tributary XHY

Recreation

Reservoir River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 9.07

Sources:

Agriculture Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-04-DO **Elmwood Creek and Tributary XHY** 

Cause Location: The nontidal portion of Elmwood Creek and its tributary XHY in its entirety.

City / County: Essex Co. Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

Elmwood Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use in the 2014 cycle based on dissolved oxygen

exceedances throughout the watershed.

The exceedance rates were as follows in the 2016 cycle:

3/24 at 3-ELM002.23 0/26 (FS) at 3-ELM002.92 6/26 at 3-ELM004.27 8/26 at 3-XHY000.06 0/25 (FS) at 3-XHY002.50

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_ELM01A06 / Elmwood Creek and tributary XHY / | 5C Oxygen, Dissolved         | 2014                     | L                        | 9.07          |

Headwaters to tidal limit, including tributary XHY. Elmwood Creek and Tributary XHY Estuary Reservoir

> (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 9.07

River

#### Sources:

**Aquatic Life** 

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-04-PH Elmwood Creek and Tributary XHY

Cause Location: The nontidal portion of Elmwood Creek and its tributary XHY in its entirety.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

Elmwood Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use in the 2006 cycle based on a pH exceedance rate of 4/10 at 3-ELM002.23, which is located at the Route 17 bridge.

Additional data was collected during the 2014 and 2016 cycles. The impairment was expanded to incorporate tributary XHY. The exceedance rates were as follows:

5/24 at 3-ELM002.23 5/26 at 3-ELM002.92 4/26 at 3-ELM004.27 6/26 at 3-XHY000.06 2/25 (FS) at 3-XHY002.50

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_ELM01A06 / Elmwood Creek and tributary XHY / Headwaters to tidal limit, including tributary XHY. | 5C pH                        | 2006                     | L         | 9.07          |
| Elmwood Creek and Tributary XHY   |                              | Estuary F                | Reservoir | River         |

Aquatic Life

Estuary Reservoir (Sq. Miles)

PH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

River (Acres)

Ph. Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Pestuary Reservoir (Miles)

(Acres)

Ph. Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-05-BAC Baylors Creek

Cause Location: Baylors Creek from its headwaters to the extent of backwater of Baylors Pond.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

During the 2008 cycle, Baylors Creek was assessed as impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E.coli exceedance rate of

2/16 at the Route 17 bridge (3-BAY002.62).

Additional data was collected in the 2014 cycle. The impairment was confirmed with the following exceedance rates:

3/12 at 3-BAY002.62 3/11 at 3-BAY004.39 1/12 (FS) at 3-BAY006.66

|  | Cause  | e                | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|--------|------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.            | Catego | ry Cause Name    | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E22R_BAY01A08 / Baylors Creek / Headwaters to extent | of 5A  | Escherichia coli | 2008   | H, 2yr   | 5.89  |
| backwater at Baylors Pond.                               |        |                  |        |          |       |

| Baylors Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 5.89    |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-05-PH Baylors Creek

Cause Location: Baylors Creek from its headwaters to the extent of backwater of Baylors Pond.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2008 cycle, Baylors Creek was assessed as impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a pH exceedance rate of 6/16

at the Route 17 bridge (3-BAY002.62).

Additional monitoring was conducted during the 2014 cycle. The impairment was confirmed with the following exceedance

rates:

2/13 at 3-BAY002.62 2/12 at 3-BAY004.39 11/13 at 3-BAY006.66

|   | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.           | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E22R_BAY01A08 / Baylors Creek / Headwaters to exten | nt of 5C pH         | 2008           | L            | 5.89  |
| backwater at Baylors Pond.                              |                     |                |              |       |

| Baylors Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 5.89    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-06-DO **Peedee Creek** 

Cause Location: The mainstem of Peedee Creek from its headwaters to the extent of tide.

City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2010 cycle, Peedee Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use due to dissolved oxygen violations at the Route 640 bridge (3-PEE004.46). Additional monitoring was conducted along the creek in the 2014 and 2018

cycles.

7/12 at 3-PEE004.11 24/48 at 3-PEE004.46 7/12 at 3-PEE004.96 0/12 (FS) at 3-PEE006.57

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name VAP-E22R PEE01A08 / Peedee Creek / Headwaters to tidal limit 5C Oxygen, Dissolved | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis       | rst Dev              | v. Water      |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Peedee Creek  Aquatic Life  Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River (Miles) |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-06-PH Peedee Creek

Cause Location: The mainstem of Peedee Creek from its headwaters to the extent of tide.

City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2008 cycle, Peedee Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use due to pH exceedances at the

Route 640 bridge (3-PEE004.46).

Additional monitoring was conducted along the creek in the 2014 and 2018 cycles.

1/12 (FS) at 3-PEE004.11 2/48 (FS) at 3-PEE004.46 3/12 at 3-PEE004.96 3/12 at 3-PEE006.57

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.        | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Fii         | cle<br>rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_PEE01A08 / Peedee Creek / Headwaters to tid | lal limit 5C pH                   | 20          | 800               | L                        | 3.29          |
| Peedee Creek   |                                   | Estuary     |                   | servoir                  | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                                   | (Sq. Miles) | (F                | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| pH - <sup>-</sup>                                    | Total Impaired Size by Water Type | <b>)</b> :  |                   |                          | 3.29          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-07-DO Occupacia Creek, UT - XGI

Cause Location: The unnamed tributary XGI in its entirety.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 4C

During the 2008 cycle, tributary XGI was mistakenly included within the nontidal Occupacia Creek segment. The segment failed for dissolved oxygen with an exceedance rate of 7/22 at station 3-XGI000.44.

However, this stream actually enters below the fall line on Occupacia Creek and therefore was not reclassified as Class VII waters. The TMDL is due in 2020. As the station was addressed in the Occupacia Natural Conditions Assessment (4/4/2005), it is considered Category 4C.

Additional monitoring in the 2016 cycle confirmed the impairment (2/5 for dissolved oxygen).

| _ ~  | ause<br>tegory Cause Name | Cyc<br>Firs<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_XGI01A10 / Occupacia Creek, UT / Headwaters to mouth at tidal Occupacia Creek | 4C Oxygen, Dissolved      |                     |           | 1.96          |
| Occupacia Creek, UT - XGI  |                           | Estuary             | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                           | (Sq. Miles)         | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Imp  | aired Size by Water Type: |                     |           | 1.96          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-07-PH Occupacia Creek, UT - XGI

Cause Location: The unnamed tributary XGI in its entirety.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 4C

During the 2008 cycle, tributary XGI was mistakenly included within the nontidal Occupacia Creek segment. The segment failed for pH with an exceedance rate of 22/22 at station 3-XGI000.44.

However, this stream actually enters below the fall line on Occupacia Creek and therefore was not reclassified as Class VII waters. The TMDL is due in 2020. As the station was addressed in the Occupacia Natural Conditions Assessment (4/4/2005), it is considered Category 4C.

Additional monitoring in the 2016 cycle confirmed the impairment (3/5 for pH).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |           | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_XGI01A10 / Occupacia Creek, UT / Headwaters to mouth at tidal Occupacia Creek | 4C pH                        |                  |           | 1.96          |
| Occupacia Creek, UT - XGI  |                              | Estuary          | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                              | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| pH - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |           | 1.96          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-08-BAC Stillwater Creek

Cause Location: Stillwater Creek from its headwaters at Cockerel Creek downstream to its tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

Stillwater Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use in the 2014 cycle based on an E. coli exceedance rate

of 3/12 at 3-STL003.35 (Route 17 South).

Note: monitoring at 3-STL001.54, which is located at the Route 674 bridge, was acceptable (0/12).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |            | Water   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------|---------|
| VAP-E22R_STL01A14 / Stillwater Creek / Headwaters at Co Creek to tidal limit | ockerel 5A Escherichia coli       | 20               | )14 H, 2yr | 3.52    |
| Stillwater Creek   |                                   | Estuary          | Reservoir  | River   |
| Recreation   |                                   | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)    | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - To  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |            | 3.52    |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-08-DO Stillwater Creek

Cause Location: Stillwater Creek from its headwaters at Cockerel Creek downstream to its tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

Stillwater Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use in the 2014 cycle based on a dissolved oxygen

exceedance rate of 4/13 at 3-STL003.35 (Route 17 South).

Note: monitoring at 3-STL001.54, which is located at the Route 674 bridge, was acceptable (1/13).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                | Cause<br>Category Cause Name     | Cyc<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_STL01A14 / Stillwater Creek / Headwaters at CocCreek to tidal limit | ckerel 5C Oxygen, Dissolved      | 20                 | 14 L      | 3.52          |
| Stillwater Creek   |                                  | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                                  | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - To   | tal Impaired Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 3.52          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-08-PH Stillwater Creek

Cause Location: Stillwater Creek from its headwaters at Cockerel Creek downstream to its tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

Stillwater Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use in the 2014 cycle based on pH exceedance rates of 12/13 at 3-STL003.35 (Route 17 South) and 4/13 at 3-STL001.54 (Route 674).

| Assessment Unit /                         | Water Name / Location Desc.          | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Fi                     | rcle TMI<br>rst Dev<br>ted Prior | v. Water      |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_STL01A14<br>Creek to tidal limit | / Stillwater Creek / Headwaters at C | cockerel 5C pH                     | 20                     | 014 L                            | 3.52          |
| Stillwater Creek Aquatic Life             |                                      |                                    | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)             | River (Miles) |
| •   | Hq                                   | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                        |                                  | 3.52          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-09-BAC XHW - UT to Peedee Creek, UT (XHV)

Cause Location: Headwaters to mouth City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 5A

During the 2014 cycle, tributary XHW was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-

XHW000.20, which is located at the Route 640 bridge.

|   | Cause    |                  | Cycle<br>First | Dev.     | Water |
|---|----------|------------------|----------------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                     | Category | Cause Name       | Listed         | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E22R_XHW01A14 / XHW - UT to Peedee Creek, UT (XHV) Headwaters to mouth at XHV | / 5A     | Escherichia coli | 2014           | H, 2yr   | 0.48  |

Channel adjusted in 2018 cycle due to stream relocation

| XHW - UT to Peedee Creek, UT (XHV)            | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation                                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Wat | er Type:    |           | 0.48    |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-10-PH Mill Swamp

Cause Location: Nontidal Mill Swamp below Horners Pond

City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2014 cycle, Mill Swamp was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a pH exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-MSW000.85,

which is located at Route 625 below Horners Pond.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_MSW01A14 / Mill Swamp / Horners Pond dam to tic limit | dal 5C pH                    | 20                 | 114 L     | 0.72          |
| Mill Swamp   |                              | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                              | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| pH - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 0.72          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-11-DO Smoots Mill Run, UT

Cause Location: From its headwaters to its mouth at Smoots Mill Run.

City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2014 cycle, the tributary was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a dissolved oxygen exceedance rate of 3/12 at 3-SMO001.58, which is located at Route 697.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                    | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_SMO01A14 / Smoots Mill Run, UT / Headwaters to mouth at Smoots Mill Run | C Oxygen, Dissolved          | 20                 | 14 L      | 1.67          |
| Smoots Mill Run, UT  |                              | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                              | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total  | Impaired Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 1.67          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E22R-11-PH Smoots Mill Run, UT

Cause Location: From its headwaters to its mouth at Smoots Mill Run.

City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2014 cycle, the tributary was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a pH exceedance rate of 7/12 at 3-SMO001.58,

which is located at Route 697.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis | rst D   | MDL<br>ev.<br>iority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|---------|----------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22R_SMO01A14 $/$ Smoots Mill Run, UT $/$ Headwaters to mouth at Smoots Mill Run | 5C pH                        | 20               | )14     | L                    | 1.67          |
| Smoots Mill Run, UT  |                              | Estuary          | Reservo | oir                  | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                              | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres  | )                    | (Miles)       |
| pH - Total   | Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |         |                      | 1.67          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-01-SF Upper Rappahannock River, Little Carter Creek, Jugs Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 025-068A, 3/21/2013

City / County: Essex Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH Shellfish Condemnation 025-068A, 3/24/2015

The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed Shellfish TMDL was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010; therefore, the impaired area is considered Category 4A. The condemnation has since shortened; the area currently open for harvest is considered Cat. 2C.

Note: a previous Little Carter Creek/Jugs Creek VDH-DSS Shellfish Condemnation (068B, 3/6/2002) remains closed but is now incorporated into this shellfish condemnation.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Caus<br>Catego | e<br>Ory Cause Name  | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste | t Dev.    | Water<br>Size |
|---|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E23E_LIE01A98 / Little Carter Creek, Jugs Creek / Tida to mouth at the Rappahannock River.  | al limit 4A    | Fecal Coliform       | 199                   | 8 L       | 0.419         |
| RPPMH   |                |                      |                       |           |               |
| VAP-E23E_PIS02A00 / Piscataway Creek / The estuarine por Piscataway Creek.  | ortion of 4A   | Fecal Coliform       | 199                   | 8 L       | 0.589         |
| RPPMH   |                |                      |                       |           |               |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02A98 / Rappahannock River / Mainstem Rappahannock as described in VDH shellfish condemnation 02 068A, 3/24/2015 excluding administratively condemned portion |                | Fecal Coliform       | 199                   | 8 L       | 7.035         |
| Adjusted slightly in 2018 cycle.  |                |                      |                       |           |               |
| RPPMH   |                |                      |                       |           |               |
| VAP-E23E_ZZZ02A06 / Unsegmented estuaries in E23 / Unsegmented portion within SFC 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.   | 4A             | Fecal Coliform       | 200                   | 6 L       | 0.046         |
| RPPMH   |                |                      |                       |           |               |
| Upper Rappahannock River, Little Carter Creek, Jugs Creek   |                |                      | Estuary               | Reservoir | River         |
| Shellfishing  |                |                      | (Sq. Miles)           | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Fecal Coliform - To   | otal Impaire   | d Size by Water Type | e: <b>8.088</b>       |           |               |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-02-BAC **Cat Point Creek** 

Cause Location: The tidal portion of Cat Point Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

Tidal Cat Point Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use in the 2010 cycle due to enterococci violations at 3-CAT006.58, which is located below Rt. 624. During the 2014 cycle, enterococci exceedance rates were 9/23 at 3-CAT006.58, as well as 3/12 at 3-CAT000.46.

Cat Point Creek is located within the study area for the downstream Upper Rappahannock Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010; therefore, it is considered nested (Category 4A).

| Cat Point Creek  |                              | Fotuers De               |                          | Diver         |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| RPPMH  |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_CAT01A02 / Cat Point Creek / The tidal portion Point Creek. | of Cat 4A Enterococcus       | 2010                     | L                        | 1.280         |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                        | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |

Reservoir Estuary River (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles) Recreation Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 1.280

Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-03-BAC Hoskins Creek

Cause Location: The tidal portion of Hoskins Creek from the Tappahannock STP to its mouth at the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

Tidal Hoskins Creek was initially included on the 1994 303(d) list based on excessive fecal coliform standard exceedances recorded at the Rt. 360 bridge (3-HOK000.74). The upstream limit was extended to the Town of Tappahannock STP in the 1998 cycle in recognition that the STP may be a contributing source. During the 2006 cycle, the segment remained impaired and enterococci was added as an impairing cause. TMDL monitoring was initiated in the 2008 cycle; the impairment was confirmed, extended upstream to the tidal limit, and switched to enterococci based on exceedances at multiple stations.

The entire segment remained impaired in the 2010 cycle due to the following enterococci exceedance rates:

5/13 at 3-CRC000.15 10/13 at 3-HOK000.15 24/36 at 3-HOK000.74 7/13 at 3-HOK002.74 7/13 at 3-HOK003.61

No additional data has been collected.

The bacterial TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 3/27/2008 and by the SWCB on 4/28/2009 only addressed the area from the Tappahannock STP to its mouth. The extension was split off and is addressed in fact sheet E23E-03-BAC2; it is considered to be nested. Both areas are Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23E_HOK01A98 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from Tappahannock STP downstream to the mouth at the Rappahann River. |                              | 2006                     | L                        | 0.084         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Hoskins Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.084       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-03-BAC2 Hoskins Creek, Church Swamp

Cause Location: The tidal portion of Hoskins Creek and Church Swamp downstream to the Tappahannock STP.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

Tidal Hoskins Creek was initially included on the 1994 303(d) list based on excessive fecal coliform standard exceedances recorded at the Rt. 360 bridge (3-HOK000.74). The upstream limit was extended to the Town of Tappahannock STP in the 1998 cycle in recognition that the STP may be a contributing source. During the 2006 cycle, the segment remained impaired and enterococci was added as an impairing cause. TMDL monitoring was initiated in the 2008 cycle; the impairment was confirmed, extended upstream to the tidal limit, and switched to enterococci based on exceedances at multiple stations.

The entire segment remained impaired in the 2010 cycle due to the following enterococci exceedance rates:

5/13 at 3-CRC000.15 10/13 at 3-HOK000.15 24/36 at 3-HOK000.74 7/13 at 3-HOK002.74 7/13 at 3-HOK003.61

No additional data has been collected.

The bacterial TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 3/27/2008 and by the SWCB on 4/28/2009 only addressed the area from the Tappahannock STP to its mouth. The extension was split off. It is considered to be nested. Both areas are Category 4A

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name   | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23E_CRC01A08 / Church Swamp / Tidal limit to mouth at 4A Enterococcus Hoskins Creek  | 2008                     | L                        | 0.002         |
| RPPMH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_HOK02A08 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from its 4A Enterococcus tidal limit to the confluence with Church Swamp.                 | 2008                     | L                        | 0.052         |
| RPPMH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_HOK02A10 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from the 4A Enterococcus confluence with Church Swamp downstream to the Tappahannock STP. | 2006                     | L                        | 0.016         |
| RPPMH   |                          |                          |               |
| Hoskins Creek, Church Swamp   | Estuary R                | eservoir                 | River         |
| Recreation  | (Sq. Miles)              | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   | 0.069                    |                          |               |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

Draft 2018

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-03-PH Hoskins Creek

Cause Location: Hoskins Creek from its tidal limit to the confluence with Church Swamp.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 4C

During the 2006 cycle, pH was added as an impairment because of exceedances at 3-HOK003.61, which is located at the Route 659 bridge. The violation rate was 13/36 in the 2010 cycle.

The upstream segment extent was corrected in the 2008 cycle due to acceptable pH values at three downstream stations.

A Natural Conditions Assessment was completed for Hoskins Creek during the 2012 cycle. The report recommends that tidal Hoskins Creek from its tidal limit downstream to the confluence with Church Swamp be reclassified as Class VII swampwaters. The stream will be considered Category 4C.

Cycle TMDL
Cause
Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.
Cause
Cause First Dev. Water
Cause Name
Listed Priority Size

/AP-E23E HOK02A08 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from its 4C pH

0.052

VAP-E23E\_HOK02A08 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from its 4C pH tidal limit to the confluence with Church Swamp.

**RPPMH** 

Hoskins Creek

Aquatic Life

Estuary (Sq. Miles)

Reservoir (Miles)

PH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

0.052

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-05-BAC Little Carter Creek & Jugs Creek

Cause Location: Tidal Little Carter Creek and Jugs Creek downstream it their mouths at the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, Little Carter Creek and Jugs Creek were impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 5/11 at 3-LIE003.62.

The area is within the study area for the Upper Rappahannock Watershed Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010. Implementation of the TMDL is expected to lower bacterial levels; therefore, the impairment is considered nested (Category 4A).

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Cause Category Cause Name   | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23E_LIE01A98 / Little Carter Creek, Jugs Creek / Tidal limit 4A Enterococcus to mouth at the Rappahannock River. | 2012                     | L,                       | 0.419         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Little Carter Creek & Jugs Creek Recreation |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|   | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.419                  |                      |                  |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23E-06-BAC Piscataway Creek

Cause Location: Tidal Piscataway Creek

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2016 cycle, the tidal Piscataway Creek was assessed not supporting of the Recreation Use based on an enterococci exceedance rate of 2/10 at the Route 17 bridge (3-PIS004.79).

The area is within the study area for the Upper Rappahannock Watershed Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010. Implementation of the TMDL is expected to lower bacterial levels; therefore, the impairment is considered nested (Category 4A).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                            | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23E_PIS02A00 / Piscataway Creek / The estuarine p Piscataway Creek. | portion of 4A Enterococcus   | 2016                     | L                        | 0.589         |
|  |                              |                          |                          |               |

#### **RPPMH**

| Piscataway Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation       |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                  | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.589       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23L-01-HG Chandlers Millpond

Cause Location: Chandlers Millpond in its entirety

City / County: Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Fish Consumption

Cause(s) / VA Category: Mercury in Fish Tissue / 5A

On 8/31/2007, the Virginia Department of Health issued a fish consumption advisory for Chandlers Millpond based upon DEQ fish tissue monitoring at station 3-CMR001.00 in 2006. The advisory recommends consuming no more than two meals/month of largemouth bass due to the presence of mercury.

The DEQ monitoring showed mercury exceedances in both largemouth bass and black crappie.

| Mercury in Fish Tissue -  | Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   | /pe: <b>47.99</b>      |                      |                  |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Chandlers Millpond Fish Consumption                             |                                      | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| VAP-E23L_CMR01A08 / Chandlers Millpond / Chandlers its entirety | Millpond in5A Mercury in Fish Tissue | 20                     | 08 L                 | 47.99            |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name         | Cyc<br>Fir<br>List     | st Dev.              | Water<br>Size    |

#### Sources:

Atmospheric Deposition -

Source Unknown

Toxics

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-03-PH Piscataway Creek & Tribs Mill Creek and Mussell Swamp

Cause Location: Piscataway Creek from Sturgeon Swamp to tidal limit, Mill Creek and Mussell Swamp.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 4C

Piscataway Creek from Sturgeon Swamp downstream to the tidal limit was initially assessed not supporting of the Aquatic Life use support goal in 1998 based on pH standard exceedances recorded at monitoring station 3-PIS009.24, located at the Route 691 bridge. The TMDL was due in 2010.

During the 2004 cycle, UT XFL was also considered impaired for pH (2004 fact sheet VAP-E23R-08). The TMDL was due by 2014.

During the 2006 cycle, additional watershed monitoring was performed and all of Piscataway Creek was impaired for pH, as well as XFL, XFM, XFN, Mussell Swamp, Sturgeon Swamp, and Mill Creek; therefore, the segment was expanded with TMDL due dates of 2018. The "Natural Conditions Assessment for low pH, Piscataway Creek, Essex, Virginia" was completed; it recommends that Piscataway Creek and its tributaries from its headwaters to its mouth at the Rappahannock River be reclassified as Class VII swampwaters. However, only the Piscataway Creek watershed upstream of Sturgeon Swamp was reclassified as Class VII swampwaters; the reclassified portion was delisted for pH based upon acceptable exceedance rates at the following stations:

3-PIS014.13 3-STU000.92

3-XFL001.04 3-XFM000.82

3-XFN000.01

The portion of nontidal Piscataway Creek below Sturgeon Swamp was determined to meet Class III limits and was removed from the Class VII reclassification. Although no additional data was collected during the 2010 cycle, the segment was delisted based upon the acceptable 2008 exceedance rate.

The remainder includes Mill Creek and Mussell Swamp. In addition, the original lower portion of Piscataway Creek (Sturgeon Swamp to tidal limit) was relisted during the 2014 cycle. Until the remainder of the watershed is reclassified, it is considered Cat. 4C for pH. During the 2018 cycle, the pH exceedance rates were 4/44 at 3-PIS009.24 and 0/4 at 3-PIS008.15.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Caus<br>Catego | e<br>ory Cause Name  | Fi          | rst D   | MDL<br>ev. Water<br>ority Size |
|--|----------------|----------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| VAP-E23R_MLC01A04 / Mill Creek / Headwaters to tidal limit   | 4C             | рН                   |             |         | 5.26                           |
| VAP-E23R_MUS01A04 / Mussell Swamp / Headwaters to tidal  | limit. 4C      | рН                   |             |         | 5.13                           |
| VAP-E23R_PIS01A98 / Piscataway Creek / Piscataway Creek Sturgeon Swamp (river mile 10.5) downstream to the tidal limit (rimile 8.2). |                | рН                   |             |         | 3.17                           |
| Piscataway Creek & Tribs Mill Creek and Mussell Swamp  |                |                      | Estuary     | Reservo | ir River                       |
| Aquatic Life   |                |                      | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres) | (Miles)                        |
| pH - Tota  | I Impaire      | d Size by Water Type | :           |         | 13.56                          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-04-BAC Hoskins Creek

Cause Location: Headwaters to tidal limit

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

Hoskins Creek was assessed as impaired of the Recreation Use during the 2014 cycle due to E. coli exceedances at 3-HOK011.45. The exceedance rate is 7/36 during the 2018 cycle.

The impairment is nested within the tidal Hoskins Creek TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 3/27/2008; therefore, it is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                    | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle Tf<br>First D<br>Cause Name Listed Pr |           |         |
|--|------------------------------|---|-----------|---------|
| VAP-E23R_HOK01A04 / Hoskins Creek / Headwaters to the tida limit | l 4A Escherichia coli        | 20  | 14 L      | 13.16   |
| Hoskins Creek  |                              | Estuary                                     | Reservoir | River   |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)                                 | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total I                                       | mpaired Size by Water Type:  |   |           | 13.16   |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-06-BAC Cat Point Creek and Tributaries

Cause Location: Nontidal Cat Point Creek and all tributaries draining to that segment.

City / County: Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2010 cycle, Cat Point Creek from Ruin Branch (river mile 14.1) downstream to the tidal limit near Canal Swamp (river mile 10.54) was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use due to E. coli violations at 3-CAT011.62, which is located at the Route 637 bridge.

During the 2012 cycle, Nanny Sanford Swamp above Chandlers Millpond was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 3/12 at 3-NSS000.77, which is located at the Route 622 bridge. It was addressed in 2012 fact sheet E23R-01-BAC.

Additional monitoring was conducted during the 2014 cycle. The E. coli exceedances were widespread (see below); therefore, the impairments were combined and expanded to include all tributaries to nontidal Cat Point Creek.

The watershed is located within the study area for the downstream Upper Rappahannock Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010; therefore, it is considered nested (Category 4A).

6/30 at 3-CAT011.62 (2018 cycle)

3/12 at 3-NSS000.77

2/12 at 3-BLA002.31

4/12 at 3-CAT015.44

4/12 at 3-BRL000.15

3/12 at 3-CMR000.50

2/12 at 3-PAN003.00

5/12 at 3-RUN000.13

3/12 at 2-SYN000.42 2/12 at 3-TBS001.08

3/12 at 3-TBS003.39

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23R_BLA01A06 / Black Swamp / Black Swamp from its headwaters downstream to Chandlers Millpond  | 4A              | Escherichia coli   | 2014                     | L                        | 4.18          |
| VAP-E23R_CAT01A98 / Cat Point Creek / Cat Point Creek from Ruin Branch downstream to tidal limit near Canal Swamp (river mil 10.54)   |                 | Escherichia coli   | 2010                     | L                        | 5.33          |
| $\label{lem:VAP-E23R_CAT02A02} \ / \ \mbox{Cat Point Creek} \ / \ \mbox{Cat Point Creek from The Big Swamp to Ruin Branch.}$  | 4A              | Escherichia coli   | 2014                     | L                        | 1.19          |
| VAP-E23R_CAT03A04 / Cat Point Creek tributaries / Cat Point Creek tributaries above the tidal limit, excluding Black Swamp, The Swamp, Ruin Branch, and Nanny Sanford Swamp above Chandler Millpond | 0               | Escherichia coli   | 2014                     | L                        | 94.76         |
| VAP-E23R_NSS01A12 / Nanny Sanford Swamp / Mainstem about Chandlers Millpond   | ve 4A           | Escherichia coli   | 2012                     | L                        | 3.58          |
| VAP-E23R_RUN01A14 / Ruin Branch / Headwaters to mouth at Point Creek  | Cat 4A          | Escherichia coli   | 2014                     | L                        | 2.53          |
| VAP-E23R_TBS01A06 / The Big Swamp / Headwaters to mouth Cat Point Creek   | at 4A           | Escherichia coli   | 2014                     | L                        | 6.74          |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cat Point Creek and Tributaries

Recreation

Estuary (Sq. Miles) Reservoir (Acres)

River (Miles)

Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

118.31

Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-07-BEN Ruin Branch

Cause Location: Ruin Branch in its entirety

City / County: Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

During the 2014 cycle, Ruin Branch was assessed as not supporting the Aquatic Life Use due to impairment of the benthic

community at 3-RUN000.13.

| Caus Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Categ                                   | se<br>ory Cause Name                        | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.                 | Water<br>Size    |
|--|---|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E23R_RUN01A14 $/$ Ruin Branch $/$ Headwaters to mouth at Cat <sup>5A</sup> Point Creek | Benthic-Macroinvertebrate<br>Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                    | 2.53             |
| Ruin Branch Aquatic Life   |   | Estuary<br>sq. Miles)    | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - Total Impaire                                   | ed Size by Water Type:                      |                          |                      | 2.53             |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-08-BAC Muddy Run

Cause Location: Nontidal Muddy Run

City / County: Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, Muddy Run was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of

2/12 at 3-MUR001.19, which is located at the Route 690 bridge.

The impairment is nested within the downstream Upper Rappahannock Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on

8/10/2010; therefore, it is considered Category 4A.

| Escherichia coli - Total                                  | Impaired                                   | Size by Water Type: |                        |                   |                   | 4.65             |
|---|--|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Muddy Run Recreation                                      |  |                     | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) |                   | servoir<br>Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| VAP-E23R_MUR01A04 / Muddy Run / Headwaters to tidal limit | 4A   | Escherichia coli    | 20                     | )14               | L                 | 4.65             |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.             | / Location Desc. Cause / Category Cause Na |                     | Fi                     | cle<br>rst<br>ted | Dev.<br>Priority  | Water<br>Size    |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source

Discharges

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-12-DO Mussell Swamp

Cause Location: Headwaters to mouth at Piscataway Creek

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2006 cycle, Mussell Swamp was assessed as impaired of the Aquatic Life Use based on dissolved oxygen exceedances at 3-MUS001.23, located at the Route 615 bridge. Natural conditions are suspected; therefore, the segment is assessed as Cat. 5C until the natural conditions assessment can be performed. During the 2008 cycle, the exceedance rate was 3/26. No additional monitoring has been conducted.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name      | Cyc<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E23R_MUS01A04 / Mussell Swamp / Headwaters to tidal limit. 5C Oxygen, Dissolved | 20                 | 06 L      | 5.13          |
| Mussell Swamp   | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life  | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:                              |                    |           | 5.13          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-16-BEN Church Swamp

Cause Location: Church Swamp from its headwaters to its tidal limit at Hoskins Creek

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments / 5A

During the 2008 cycle, Church Swamp was assessed as not supporting the Aquatic Life Use due to impairment of the benthic community at freshwater probabilistic monitoring station 3-CRC001.38.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Cause  nt Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name |   |             |      | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--|---|-------------|------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23R_CRC01A06 / Church Swamp / Headwaters to tida | al limit 5A  | Benthic-Macroinvertebra<br>Bioassessments | ate 2       | 8008 | L                        | 3.24          |
| Church Swamp  |  |   | Estuary     | Re   | servoir                  | River         |
| Aquatic Life  |  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (A   | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments - To         | tal Impaired   | d Size by Water Type:                     |             |      |                          | 3.24          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

Draft 2018

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-19-BAC Clarks Run

Cause Location: Nontidal Clarks Run

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, Clarks Run was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 3/12 at 3-CLK000.27, which is located at the Route 621 bridge.

The impairment is considered nested within the downstream Upper Rappahannock Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010; therefore, it is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.              | Cause on Desc. Category Cause Name |                       | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed |     | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E23R_CLK01A14 / Clarks Run / Headwaters to tidal limit | 4A                                 | Escherichia coli      | 20                       | 014 | L                        | 3.82          |
| Clarks Run   |                                    |                       | Estuary                  |     | servoir                  | River         |
| Recreation   |                                    |                       | (Sq. Miles)              | (A  | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Tota                                    | I Impaired                         | d Size by Water Type: |                          |     |                          | 3.82          |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-20-DO Scates Millstream

Cause Location: Nontidal Scates Millstream

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2014 cycle, Scates Millstream was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a dissolved oxygen exceedance rate of

2/12 at station 3-SMS000.77, which is located at Route 635.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name   | Cyd<br>Fir<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E23R_SMS01A14 / Scates Millstream / Headwaters to tid limit | al iC Oxygen, Dissolved        | 20                 | 14 L      | 2.89          |
| Scates Millstream   |                                | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life  |                                | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Tota  | I Impaired Size by Water Type: |                    |           | 2.89          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-20-PH Scates Millstream

Cause Location: Nontidal Scates Millstream

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2014 cycle, Scates Millstream was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a pH exceedance rate of 6/12 at station 3-

SMS000.77, which is located at Route 635.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                 | Cause<br>Category Cause Name     | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |           | Water   |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| VAP-E23R_SMS01A14 / Scates Millstream / Headwaters to tilimit | idal 5C pH                       | 20               | )14 L     | 2.89    |
| Scates Millstream   |                                  | Estuary          | Reservoir | River   |
| Aquatic Life  |                                  | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| pH - To   | tal Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |           | 2.89    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E23R-21-BAC Piscataway Creek

Cause Location: Piscataway Creek from Sturgeon Swamp to tidal limit.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, Piscataway Creek from Sturgeon Swamp downstream to the tidal limit was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use based on E. coli exceedances at station 3-PIS009.24, which is located at the Route 691 bridge.

The stream is considered nested within the Piscataway Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010.

The exceedance rate was 7/36 during the 2018 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name     | Cycle TMD<br>First Dev<br>Listed Priori |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|---|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E23R_PIS01A98 / Piscataway Creek / Piscataway Cre Sturgeon Swamp (river mile 10.5) downstream to the tidal limit mile 8.2). |                                  | 20                                      | )14 L                | 3.17             |
| Piscataway Creek Recreation   |                                  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)                  | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - T  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type |   |                      | 3.17             |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24E-01-SF **Richardson Creek** 

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH Shellfish Condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015

Previous shellfish condemnations have included Totuskey and Richardson Creeks (separately or combined). The streams have been impaired since the 1998 cycle. However, in 2006 the segments were recombined and extended into the Rappahannock mainstem. The condemnation was further extended in the 2008 cycle.

However, during the 2010 cycle the condemnation was shortened and it was determined that the entire portion of the condemnation located within Totuskey Creek and portions of the Rappahannock River and Richardson Creek were considered administrative (VDH-DSS SFC 025-071A, 4/2/2008.) Those areas were partially delisted. The condemned portion remained Cat. 5B.

The upstream portion of Richardson Creek remains listed.

The Totuskey and Richardson Creeks Bacterial TMDL was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The TMDL was based on the maximum extent of the condemnation, which occurred in condemnation 025-071A, 3/16/2007.

The condemnation was shortened and split in the 2012 cycle and the Rappahannock River and the mouth of Richardson Creek were now open for harvest; those portions were partially delisted. The closed portion is considered Category 4A.

(Acres)

(Sq. Miles)

0.338

(Miles)

Condemnations expanded and merged again in the 2018 cycle.

| Richardson Creek   |                   |                | Estuary               | Reservoir | River |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|
| RPPMH  |                   |                |                       |           |       |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01E18 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahar River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-admin) | nock 4A           | Fecal Coliform | 201                   | 8 L       | 0.061 |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.  RPPMH   |                   |                |                       |           |       |
| VAP-E24E_RIC01A04 / Richardson Creek / Richardson Creek within SFC 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-administrative.)                           | 4A                | Fecal Coliform | 199                   | 8 L       | 0.277 |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category | y Cause Name   | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste | t Dev.    | Water |

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Shellfishing

Municipal Point Source Discharges

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24E-02-BAC Totuskey Creek

Cause Location: The tidal portions of Totuskey Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

Totuskey Creek was previously assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use because of fecal coliform exceedances at the Route 3 bridge (3-TOT005.11). During the 2006 cycle, the segment remained impaired for fecal coliform and enterococci was added as an impairment. During the 2008 cycle, the impairment converted solely to enterococci. The bacteria TMDL was due in 2014

The bacterial TMDL was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. Totuskey Creek is considered a Category 4A water.

During the 2016 cycle, the enterococci exceedance rates were as follows:

17/36 at 3-TOT005.11 (2018 cycle) 6/12 at 3-TOT006.34 6/12 at 3-LIK000.15 2/11 at 2-MAY000.12 1/6 (IN) at 3-LIK002.12

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Cause Category Cause Name   | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E24E_LIK01A12 / Little Totuskey Creek / Tidal limit to mouth 4A Enterococcus at Totuskey Creek  | 2006                     | L,                       | 0.055            |
| RPPMH  VAP-E24E_TOT01A00 / Totuskey Creek / The segment boundary is 4A Enterococcus delineated in VDH condemnation 025-071B, 3/25/2015 excluding Little       | 2006                     | L                        | 0.302            |
| Totuskey Creek.  RPPMH  VAP-E24E_TOT02A00 / Totuskey Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish 4A Enterococcus condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 within Totuskey Creek. | 2006                     | L                        | 0.647            |
| RPPMH  VAP-E24E_TOT02B10 / Totuskey Creek / Downstream of VDH 4A Enterococcus shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015.                                     | 2006                     | L                        | 0.064            |
| RPPMH   |                          |                          |                  |
| Totuskey Creek Recreation   | (Sq. Miles)              | eservoir<br>(Acres)      | River<br>(Miles) |
| Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:   | 1.068                    |                          |                  |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24E-02-EBTOX Totuskey Creek

Cause Location: The tidal portions of Totuskey Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Sediment Bioassays for Estuarine and Marine Water / 5A

During the 2006 cycle, estuarine probabilistic monitoring was conducted through the Coastal 2000 program at 3-TOT007.84 and 3-TOT004.92. The data was assessed by DEQ-CO through the Weight of Evidence approach. The alteration at station 3-TOT007.84 was assessed as Category 5A for toxics.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Catego  | e<br>ry Cause Name                               | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|---|--|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E24E_LIK01A12 / Little Totuskey Creek / Tidal limit to mouth 5A at Totuskey Creek   | Sediment Bioassays for<br>Estuarine and Marine W | 2006<br>ater             | S L       | 0.055         |
| RPPMH   |  |                          |           |               |
| VAP-E24E_TOT01A00 / Totuskey Creek / The segment boundary is 5A delineated in VDH condemnation 025-071B, 3/25/2015 excluding Little Totuskey Creek. | Sediment Bioassays for<br>Estuarine and Marine W | 2006<br>ater             | S L       | 0.302         |
| RPPMH   |  |                          |           |               |
| VAP-E24E_TOT02A00 / Totuskey Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish 5A condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 within Totuskey Creek.                            | Sediment Bioassays for<br>Estuarine and Marine W | 2006<br>ater             | S L       | 0.647         |
| RPPMH   |  |                          |           |               |
| VAP-E24E_TOT02B10 / Totuskey Creek / Downstream of VDH 5A shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015.   | Sediment Bioassays for<br>Estuarine and Marine W | 2006<br>ater             | S L       | 0.064         |
| RPPMH   |  |                          |           |               |
| Totuskey Creek  |  |                          | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life  |  | (Sq. Miles)              | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Sediment Bioassays for Estuarine and Marine Water - Total Impaired  | d Size by Water Type:                            | 1.068                    |           |               |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24E-04-SF Garretts Marina

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 026-181A, 3/25/2015

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 3/25/2015

Garrett's Marina has been impaired of the Shellfish Consumption Use since the 1998 cycle (E24E-03-SF). During the 2008 cycle, the condemnation expanded and incorporated previous condemnation M271, which had been seasonally condemned (observed effects). VDH condemnation 026-181A, 1/20/2006 was rescinded during the 2012 cycle; the area was seasonally condemned and was delisted.

However, a portion of the area was relisted in the 2014 cycle (026-18B, 4/3/2012). The entire area reverted to seasonally condemned again in the 2016 cycle and was delisted.

It was relisted in 2018.

Garrett's Marina was included in the Upper Rappahannock Watershed Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010; therefore, this portion is considered Category 4A.

|   | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B14 / Garrett's Marina / As delineated in VDF shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 3/25/2015. | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 2018           | L            | 0.003 |

#### **RPPMH**

| Garretts Marina |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.003       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24E-05-PH Little Totuskey Creek

Cause Location: The tidal portion of Little Totuskey Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2010 cycle, nontidal Little Totuskey Creek was considered not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use based on pH exceedances at 3-LIK002.12, which is located at the Route 697 bridge. During the 2012 cycle, it was determined that the stream is tidally influenced at that location. The TMDL will be due in 2022 because the station was first impaired in the 2010 cycle.

Additional stations within the segment were fully supporting and the impaired station has a marginal exceedance rate (3/25); therefore, continued monitoring is recommended.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24E_LIK01A12 / Little Totuskey Creek / Tidal limit to me at Totuskey Creek | 3 ,                          | 2012                     | L                        | 0.055         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Little Totuskey Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life          |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                       | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.055       |           |         |

### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-01-BAC Bookers Mill Stream

Cause Location: Bookers Mill Stream from its headwaters to its mouth at the confluence with Totuskey Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

Bookers Mill Stream was assessed not supporting of the Recreation Use support goal in 2002 based on fecal coliform exceedances recorded at the Route 612 bridge (3-BMS002.00). Monitoring was discontinued in 2001; therefore, the previous assessment was carried over.

The bacterial TMDL for the tidal Recreation Use and Shellfish Use impairments on Totuskey Creek was completed during the 2010 cycle and was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

Additional monitoring was conducted during the 2012 cycle; the E. coli exceedance rates were as follows:

3/12 at 3-BMS000.37 2/12 at 3-BMS002.00 5/12 at 3-BMS004.42

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                  | Cause                     | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name       | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E24R_BMS01A98 $/$ Bookers Mill Stream $/$ Bookers Mill Strin its entirety. | tream 4A Escherichia coli | 2012   | L        | 6.53  |

| Bookers Mill Stream                         | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation                                  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by W | ater Type:  |           | 6.53    |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-01-DO Bookers Mill Stream

Cause Location: Bookers Mill Stream from its headwaters to its mouth at the confluence with Totuskey Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2012 cycle, Bookers Mill Stream was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to the following dissolved oxygen

exceedance rates:

2/12 at 3-BMS000.37 0/14 at 3-BMS002.00 (FS) 3/12 at 3-BMS004.42

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                             | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24R_BMS01A98 / Bookers Mill Stream / Bookers Mill S in its entirety. | Stream 5C Oxygen, Dissolved  | 2012                     | L                        | 6.53          |

| Bookers Mill Stream                           | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life                                  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Wa | ter Type:   |           | 6.53    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-02-BAC Totuskey Creek

Cause Location: The free flowing portion of Totuskey Creek.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2006 cycle, the nontidal portion of Totuskey Creek was assessed as not supporting the Recreation Use due to E. coli exceedances at 3-TOT009.95, which is located at the Route 619 bridge.

The bacterial TMDL for the tidal Recreation Use and Shellfish Use impairments was completed during the 2010 cycle and was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The nontidal Recreation Use impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

During the 2012 cycle, the exceedance rates were as follows:

5/25 at 3-TOT009.95 3/12 at 3-TOT012.53 4/12 at 3-TOT014.49

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                           | Cause<br>Category Cause Name    | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis       |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E24R_TOT01A06 / Totuskey Creek / The nontidal portio Totuskey Creek | n of 4A Escherichia coli        | 20                     | 006 L                | 8.04             |
| Totuskey Creek Recreation   |                                 | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Tot  | al Impaired Size by Water Type: |                        |                      | 8.04             |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-03-BAC Muddy Gut

Cause Location: Headwaters to mouth at Rappahannock River.

City / County: Essex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2008 cycle, Muddy Gut was assessed as impaired of the Recreation Use based on an E. coli violation rate of 5/10 at the Route 607 bridge (3-MUG000.96).

Muddy Gut is located within the study area for the Upper Rappahannock Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 2/10/2010. Muddy Gut is considered nested (Category 4A).

No additional data has been collected.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                       | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis                        | rst Dev.               | Water<br>Size        |                  |
|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E24R_MUG01A08 / Muddy Gut / Headwaters to m Rappahannock River. | nouth at the 4A Escherichia coli        | 20                     | 008 L                | 2.63             |
| Muddy Gut Recreation  |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia co  | li - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                        |                      | 2.63             |

### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-03-PH Muddy Gut

Cause Location: Headwaters to mouth at Rappahannock River.

City / County: Essex Co.
Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2008 cycle, Muddy Gut was assessed as impaired of the Aquatic Life Use based on a pH exceedance rate of 4/10 at

the Route 607 bridge (3-MUG000.96).

No additional data has been collected.

| Assessment Unit / Water  | Name / Location Desc. | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev. Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24R_MUG01A08 / Muddy Gut / Headwaters to mouth at the 5C pH Rappahannock River. |                       | at the 5C pH                 | 2008            | L             | 2.63          |

| Muddy Gut    | 1                                       | Estuary    | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life | (S                                      | Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |            |           | 2.63    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-04-BAC Little Totuskey Creek

Cause Location: Headwaters to the tidal limit

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, Little Totuskey Creek was assessed as not supporting the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 2/12 at LIK002.21, which is located at the Route 360 bridge.

The bacterial TMDL for the tidal Totuskey Creek Recreation Use and Shellfish Use impairments was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The Recreation Use impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

| Assessment Unit /            | Water Name / Location Desc.       | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Fii<br>Lis  |           | Water<br>Size |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E24R_LIK01A08 /<br>limit | Little Totuskey Creek / Headwater | s to tidal 4A Escherichia coli     | 20          | )12 L     | 1.90          |
| Little Totuskey Creek        |                                   |                                    | Estuary     | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation                   |                                   |                                    | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
|                              | Escherichia coli -                | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 1.90          |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-05-PH Branham Mill Swamp

Cause Location: Branham Mill Swamp from its headwaters to its mouth at Marshy Swamp

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2012 cycle, Branham Mill Swamp was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a pH exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-

BRA000.85.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |           | v. Water |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| $VAP\mbox{-}E24R\_BRA01A08\ /\ Branham\ Mill\ Swamp\ /\ Headwaters\ to\ mouth\ at\ Marshy\ Swamp$ | 5C pH                        | 20               | )12 L     | 3.66     |
| Branham Mill Swamp  |                              | Estuary          | Reservoir |          |
| Aquatic Life  |                              | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles)  |
| pH - Total  | Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |           | 3.66     |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-06-BAC **Richardson Creek and Tributaries** 

Cause Location: Headwaters to the tidal limit

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, the streams were assessed as impaired of the Recreation Use due to E. coli exceedances. The

violation rates are as follows:

4/23 at 2-RIC003.85 4/12 at 3-RIC005.00 5/12 at 3-RIC006.43 3/12 at 3-RNF002.04 1/12 at 3-XHJ000.04 (FS)

The bacterial TMDL for the tidal Totuskey and Richardson Creeks Recreation Use and Shellfish Use impairments was completed during the 2010 cycle and was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The Recreation Use impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

|  | use<br>egory Cause Name  | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List     | st Dev.              | Water<br>Size    |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E24R_RIC01A12 / Richardson Creek and Tributaries / The nontidal streams in the Richardson Creek watershed. | 4A Escherichia coli      | 20                     | 112 L                | 17.21            |
| Richardson Creek and Tributaries  Recreation   |                          | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impa  | ired Size by Water Type: |                        |                      | 17.21            |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-06-DO Richardson Creek and Tributaries

Cause Location: Headwaters to the tidal limit

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2012 cycle, Richardson Creek and its tributaries were impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to dissolved oxygen

exceedances. During the 2016 cycle, the exceedance rates are as follows:

11/24 at 3-RIC003.85 0/12 (FS) at 3-RIC005.00 4/12 at 3-RIC006.43 1/12 (FS) at 3-RNF002.04 7/12 at 3-XHJ000.04

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.             | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24R_RIC01A12 / Richardson Creek and Tributaries / Th | e 5C Oxygen, Dissolved       | 2012                     | L                        | 17.21         |

| Richardson Creek and Tributaries  Aquatic Life |  | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Aquatic Life                                   | Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | (-1/                   | (* 151 5 5)          | 17.21            |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-06-PH Richardson Creek and Tributaries

Cause Location: Headwaters to the tidal limit

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2012 cycle, Richardson Creek and its tributaries were impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to pH exceedances.

The pH exceedance rates were as follows in the 2016 cycle:

16/24 at 3-RIC003.85 3/12 at 3-RIC005.00 11/12 at 3-RIC006.43 2/12 at 3-RNF002.04 7/12 at 3-XHJ000.04

|  | Causa                     | Cycle<br>First | IMDL             | Motor         |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.        | Cause Category Cause Name | Listed         | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
| VAP-E24R_RIC01A12 / Richardson Creek and Tributaries | / The 5C pH               | 2012           | L                | 17.21         |

nontidal streams in the Richardson Creek watershed.

| Richardson Creek and Tributaries |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life                     |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                                  | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |             |           | 17.21   |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-07-BAC Totuskey Creek Tributaries

Cause Location: The tributaries of Totuskey Creek above the confluence with Little Totuskey Creek, excluding Bookers Mill Swamp

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, the tributaries were impaired of the Recreation Use due to widespread E. coli exceedances.

3/11 at 3-MIL000.15 4/12 at 3-DRK001.35 4/12 at 3-XHK000.65 4/11 at 3-XHL000.96 6/11 at 3-XHM000.27

The bacterial TMDL for the tidal Totuskey and Richardson Creeks Recreation Use and Shellfish Use impairments was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The Recreation Use impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name  | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List     | rst Dev.             | Water<br>Size    |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E24R_TOT02B12 / Totuskey Creek Tributaries / The nontidal 4A Escherichia coli tributaries of Totuskey Creek above the confluence with Little Totuskey, unless otherwise segmented. | 20                     | 012 L                | 73.26            |
| VAP-E24R_XHL01A12 / XHL - Bookers Mill Stream, UT / 4A Escherichia coli Headwaters to mouth at Bookers Mill Stream   | 20                     | 112 L                | 2.01             |
| Totuskey Creek Tributaries   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
| Recreation   | (oq. ivilles)          | (ACIES)              |                  |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |                        |                      | 75.27            |

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#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Discharges Non-Point Source

Draft 2018

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-08-PH XHL - Bookers Mill Stream, UT

Cause Location: Headwaters to mouth at Bookers Mill Stream

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 5C

During the 2012 cycle, tributary XHL was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a pH exceedance rate of 2/11 at 3-

XHL000.96, which is located at the Route 603 bridge.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name     | Fii<br>Lis  | rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24R_XHL01A12 / XHL - Bookers Mill Stream, UT / Headwaters to mouth at Bookers Mill Stream | 5C pH                            |             | )12 L                    | 2.01          |
| XHL - Bookers Mill Stream, UT  |                                  | Estuary     | Reservoir                | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                                  | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)                  | (Miles)       |
| pH - To  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type | :           |                          | 2.01          |

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**TMDL** 

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-09-BAC Marshy Swamp

Cause Location: Headwaters to tidal limit

City / County: Northumberland Co. Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, nontidal Marshy Swamp was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-MAY003.35. Other stations in the stream were acceptable; therefore, continued monitoring is recommended.

The bacterial TMDL for the tidal Totuskey and Richardson Creeks Recreation Use and Shellfish Use impairments was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010. The Recreation Use impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  VAP-E24R_MAY01A12 / Marshy Swamp / Headwaters to tidal lii | Category Cause Name mit 4A Escherichia coli | Listo<br>20°           |                      | Size<br>9.53     |
|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|   |   |                        |                      |                  |
| Marshy Swamp  |   | Estuary                | Reservoir            | River            |
| Marshy Swamp Recreation   |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |

#### Sources:

Municipal Point Source Impacts from Inadequate Industrial/Commercial Pretreatment Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E24R-09-DO Marshy Swamp

Cause Location: Headwaters to tidal limit

City / County: Northumberland Co. Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2012 cycle, nontidal Marshy Swamp was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to a dissolved oxygen exceedance rate of 4/12 at 3-MAY008.43, which is located at Route 618.

Other stations in the stream were acceptable. In addition, the exceedance rate fell to 4/24 during the 2016 cycle; therefore, further monitoring is recommended.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.      | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |     | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------|-----|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24R_MAY01A12 / Marshy Swamp / Headwaters to t | tidal limit 5C Oxygen, Dissolved   | 20               | )12 | L                        | 9.53          |
| Marshy Swamp                                       |                                    | Estuary          |     | ervoir                   | River         |
| Aquatic Life                                       |                                    | (Sq. Miles)      | (Ac | res)                     | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved -                                | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |     |                          | 9.53          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-01-BAC Lagrange Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 028-127A, 6/11/1996

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, Lagrange Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-LGG001.92, which is located at the end of Route 656.

The Lagrange Creek Shellfish Bacterial TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. Implementation of that TMDL is expected to bring the stream into compliance with the Recreation WQS; therefore, the impairment is considered nested.

|  | Enterococcus - Total I | mpaired         | Size by Water Type: | 0.590       |                      |                          |               |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Recreation   |                        |                 |                     | (Sq. Miles) | (A                   | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| Lagrange Creek   |                        |                 |                     | Estuary     | Re                   | servoir                  | River         |
| RPPMH  |                        |                 |                     |             |                      |                          |               |
| RPPMH VAP-E25E_LGG01B18 / Lagrange Creek / 127, 6/11/1996 open on 028-127, 1/28/2016 |                        | 4A              | Enterococcus        | 2           | 012                  | L                        | 0.035         |
| VAP-E25E_LGG01A98 / Lagrange Creek / SFC 028-127A, 1/28/2016.                        | / As described in VDH  | 4A              | Enterococcus        | 2           | 012                  | L                        | 0.555         |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Loc   | cation Desc.           | Cause<br>Catego | ry Cause Name       | Fi          | /cle<br>irst<br>sted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-01-SF Lagrange Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 028-127A, 6/11/1996

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-127A, 1/28/2016

A portion of Lagrange Creek was assessed in 1998 as not supporting the Shellfish Consumption Use based on VDH-DSS Condemnation 127, 6/11/1996. The TMDL for this portion was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. The segment is classified as Cat. 4A.

The condemnation has expanded and contracted several times. The condemnation expanded during the 2016 cycle and became larger than the TMDL area. The expansion was nested in the upstream TMDL and was addressed in fact sheet E25E-06-SF.

The condemnation shrank in the 2018 cycle and is now smaller than the 1998 impairment. The expansion was delisted. The condemned area is Category 4A. The now-open area which was addressed in the TMDL will be partially delisted (Category 2C.)

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                    | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ory Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_LGG01A98 / Lagrange Creek / As described in VI SFC 028-127A, 1/28/2016. | DH 4A           | Fecal Coliform      | 1998                     | L                        | 0.555         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Lagrange Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.555       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-02-BAC Robinson Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 177, 5/28/1997

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

In 2002, the segment was assessed as not supporting the Recreation Use due to fecal coliform exceedances at the end of Route 680 (3-ROS001.35). The violation rate in the 2004 cycle was 4/20. There has been no additional monitoring since 2001.

The area was addressed in the "Rappahannock River: Lagrange and Robinson Creeks TMDL Report for Shellfish Condemnation Areas Listed due to Bacteria Contamination" which was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 9/27/2006. Because the bacteria standard for the Shellfish Use is more stringent than the standard for the Recreation Use, the area was considered nested.

The shellfish condemnation shrank during the 2016 cycle (028-177, 1/24/2014) and a portion will be partially delisted (Category 2A.) The condemnation was expanded in the 2018 cycle to continue to match the shellfish impairment.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E ROS01A00 / Robinson Creek / Described in VDH | 4A Fecal Coliform            | 1998                     | L                        | 0.207         |
| shellfish condemnation 177, 5/28/1997                 |                              |                          |                          |               |

Merged in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Robinson Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation     |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.207       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-02-SF **Robinson Creek** 

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 177, 5/28/1997

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177A, 1/24/2014

The upstream portion of Robinson Creek was assessed in 1998 as not supporting the Shellfish Consumption Use based on VDH-DSS Condemnation 177, 5/28/1997.

The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 9/27/2006. The impairment is classified as Category 4A.

The condemnation shrank during the 2016 cycle and a portion was partially delisted (Category 2C.)

It expanded in the 2018 cycle and matches the 1998 impairment again.

|   | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_ROS01A00 / Robinson Creek / Described in VDH | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 1998           | L            | 0.207 |

shellfish condemnation 177, 5/28/1997

Merged in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Robinson Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.207       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-03-SF Weeks Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 027-202A not included in 202, 10/8/1996

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 027-202A, 1/27/2015

Weeks Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Shellfish Use during the 1998 cycle due to VDH shellfish condemnation 202, 10/8/1996. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 9/27/2006.

However, during the 2012 cycle, the condemnation was rescinded on 8/16/2010; therefore, the impairment was delisted.

The 1998 portion was relisted in the 2014 cycle (Category 4A).

The condemnation expanded in the 2018 cycle; this portion is proposed for nesting in the upstream TMDL.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause                     | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name       | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_WEE02A04 / Weeks Creek / The portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 027-202A, 1/27/2015 not included in the closure. | 4A Fecal Coliform<br>1989 | 2018   | L        | 0.013 |

Segment shrank slightly in the 2018 cycle.

#### RPPMH

| Weeks Creek  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.013       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-05-BAC Farnham Creek

Cause Location: Farnham Creek from its tidal limit to its mouth at the Rappahannock River.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

In 2002, Farnham Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use due to fecal coliform exceedances at 3-FAM002.62, which is located at the Route 608 bridge.

The bacteria TMDL for shellfish condemnations in Farnham Creek was completed was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2008. The Recreation Use impairment is considered to be nested.

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**TMDL** 

The impairment converted to enterococci in the 2010 cycle.

During the 2016 cycle, the exceedance rate was 8/12.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Fir:<br>List                           |                      | Water<br>Size    |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E25E_FAM01A98 / Farnham Creek / The segment bour are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 024-070A, 12/19 |                                   | 20                                     | 10 L                 | 0.360            |
| RPPMH VAP-E25E_FAM01B10 / Farnham Creek / Portion of VDH st condemnation 070, 10/22/1996 open on 12/19/2016.      | hellfish 4A Enterococcus          | 20                                     | 10 L                 | 0.067            |
| RPPMH   |                                   |  |                      |                  |
| Farnham Creek  Recreation  Enterococcus - To  | otal Impaired Size by Water Type: | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)<br><b>0.427</b> | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-05-SF Farnham Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 024-070A, 12/19/2016.

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Condemnation 024-070A, 12/19/2016

Farnham Creek has been assessed as not supporting the Shellfish Use since 1998. The TMDL was due in 2010.

The bacteria TMDL for shellfish condemnations in Farnham Creek was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006. The TMDL was based on the extent of the 1998 condemnation, which extended to the mouth of Farnham Creek.

During the 2010 cycle, the condemnation size was reduced; the lower portion now open for harvest was partially delisted (Category 2C). The condemned area is considered a Category 4A water for the Shellfish Consumption Use.

| Accessment Unit / Water Name / Leasting Dage  | Cause               | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Category Cause Name | Listeu                   | FIIOHILY                 | Size          |
| VAP-E25E_FAM01A98 / Farnham Creek / The segment boundare delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 024-070A, 12/19/2 |                     | 1998                     | L                        | 0.360         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Farnham Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.360       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-07-SF Parrotts Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 090, 4/27/1989

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 027-090A, 1/27/2015

The Shellfish TMDL report for "Rappahannock River: Mud and Parrotts Creeks" was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 8/26/2008. The TMDL addressed the 1998 portion of the current condemnation; therefore, the impairment is considered Cat. 4A. The downstream portion of the Parrotts Creek condemnation is addressed in fact sheet E25E-27-SF.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev. Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_PRR01A02 / Parrotts Creek / The segment bound are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 090, 4/27/1989. | laries 4A Fecal Coliform     | 1998                     | L             | 0.153         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Parrotts Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.153       |           |         |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-09-SF Weeks Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 202, 10/8/1996

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 027-202A, 1/27/2015

Weeks Creek was assessed as not supporting of the Shellfish Use during the 1998 cycle due to VDH shellfish condemnation 202, 10/8/1996. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 9/27/2006.

However, during the 2012 cycle, the condemnation was rescinded on 8/16/2010; therefore, the impairment was delisted.

The 1998 portion was relisted in the 2014 cycle (Category 4A).

The condemnation expanded in the 2018 cycle; the downstream expansion will be addressed in fact sheet E25E-03-SF.

|  | Cause                    | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|--------------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Category Cause Name      | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_WEE01A00 / Weeks Creek / The segment bound are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 202, 10/8/1996. | laries 4A Fecal Coliform | 2014   | L        | 0.123 |

#### **RPPMH**

| Weeks Creek Shellfishing |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Silemishing              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | ,                      | ( )                  | ( /              |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-10-SF Deep Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 121, 11/16/1994

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH-DSS Shellfish Condemnation 023-121B, 12/17/2015

A 0.0491 sq. mi. portion of Deep Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Consumption Use on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 121, 11/16/1994.

The condemnation began expanding in the 2002 cycle. However, the shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006, only addressed the 1998 impairment. The original area is considered a Category 4A water; the TMDL for the downstream portion is addressed in fact sheet E25E-10-SF2.

|   | Cause                    | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Category Cause Name      | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_DEE01A04 / Deep Creek / Described in VDH she | Ilfish 4A Fecal Coliform | 1998           | L            | 0.049 |
| condemnation 121, 11/16/1994.                         |                          |                |              |       |

#### **RPPMH**

| Deep Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.049       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-10-SF2 Deep Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 023-121B 12/14/2015 not included in 121,

11/16/1994 and Condemnations 023-121C, and - E, 12/17/2015.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 023-121B not included in the 11/16/1994 condemnation and VDH-DSS condemnations 023-

121C, and -E, 12/17/2015

A 0.0491 sq. mi. portion of Deep Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Consumption Use on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 121, 11/16/1994. The condemnation began expanding in the 2002 cycle; however, the TMDL was completed only for the original impairment (see fact sheet E25E-10-SF). The TMDL for this downstream portion was due in 2014.

The expanded portion is nested within the upstream Deep Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006.

The condemnations expanded slightly in the 2018 cycle.

| Accessment Unit / Water Name / Legation Dage                    | Cause  | ·              | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                   | Calego | ory Cause Name | Listeu                   | FIIOTILY                 | Size          |
| VAP-E25E_DEE01B08 / Deep Creek / VDH-DSS condemnation           | ns 4A  | Fecal Coliform | 2002                     | L                        | 0.092         |
| 023-121B, -C, and -E, 12/17/2015 not included in the 11/16/1994 |        |                |                          |                          |               |

Size increased in the 2018 cycle.

**RPPMH** 

condemnation.

| Deep Creek   |   |      |  |  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|------|--|--|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   |      |  |  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | _ | <br> |  |  | _ |             |           |         |

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 0.092

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-11-SF **Lancaster Creek** 

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 023-120A, 8/14/1995

City / County: Lancaster Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 020-120A, 12/19/2016

A portion of Lancaster Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Use in the 1998 cycle due to VDH Shellfish Condemnation 120A, 8/14/1995.

The TMDL Report for Shellfish Areas Listed due to Bacterial Contamination for Lancaster Creek was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007. Although the condemnation on Lancaster Creek has extended downstream since the 1998 cycle, only the original impairment was included in the TMDL. The expansion is addressed in fact sheet E25E-11-SF2. This segment is considered Category 4A for the Shellfish Use.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                       | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_LAN01A98 / Lancaster Creek / As delineated in VDI SFC 023-120A, 8/14/1995. | H 4A            | Fecal Coliform     | 1998                     | L                        | 0.270         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Lancaster Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.270       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-11-SF2 Lancaster Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 023-120A, 1219/2016 not included in

condemnation 023-120A, 8/14/1995

City / County: Lancaster Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 020-120A, 12/19/2016

A portion of Lancaster Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Use in the 1998 cycle due to VDH Shellfish Condemnation 120A, 8/14/1995. Although the condemnation on Lancaster Creek has extended downstream since the 1998 cycle, only the original impairment was included when the TMDL was developed. Since the segment was first expanded downstream in the 2002 cycle, the TMDL for this downstream segment was due in 2014.

It is considered nested in the upstream "TMDL Report for Shellfish Areas Listed due to Bacterial Contamination for Lancaster Creek," which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

The condemnation expanded slightly in the 2018 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_LAN01B08 / Lancaster Creek / The portion of VDH 023-120A, 12/19/2016 open on 8/14/1995. | SFC 4A Fecal Coliform        | 2002                     | L                        | 0.238         |

Segment expanded in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Lancaster Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.238       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-12-SF Morattico Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 023-120B, 12/19/2016

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 023-120B, 12/19/2016

The Morattico Creek shellfish impairment is nested in the neighboring "TMDL Report for Shellfish Areas Listed due to Bacterial Contamination for Lancaster Creek," which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_MTT01A00 / Morattico Creek / Delineated in VD 023-120B, 12/19/2016. | OH SFC 4A Fecal Coliform     | 2002                     | L                        | 0.138         |
| DDDMH  |                              |                          |                          |               |

#### RPPMH

| Morattico Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.138       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-13-SF Mulberry Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 0123-121A, 1217/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 023-121A, 12/17/2015

A portion of Mulberry Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH Shellfish condemnation 120B, 8/14/1995. The TMDL for Shellfish Areas Listed due to Bacterial Contamination for Mulberry Creek was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

The TMDL only addressed the fecal coliform impairment within the 1998 portion of Mulberry Creek. The segment has shrunk and extended several times. During the 2014 cycle, the condemnation expanded again and was larger than the TMDL area; the expansion was addressed in fact sheet E25E-03-SF. It shrank again during the 2016 cycle and the condemnation is smaller than the original impairment. The closed area remains Category 4A and the opened area was partially delisted (Category 2C).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_MUB01A02 / Mulberry Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 023-121A, 12/17/2015. | 4A Fecal Coliform            | 1998                     | L                        | 0.136         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Mulberry Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.136       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-14-SF Beach Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 116, 1/7/1992

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Condemnation 022-116A, 10/28/2014

A portion of Beach Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Use in the 1998 cycle based on VDH Shellfish Condemnation 116, 1/7/1992. The bacteria TMDL was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

During the 2014 cycle, Beach Creek was reopened for harvest (9/27/2012); applicable areas were considered Category 2C.

It was relisted in the 2016 cycle (Category 4A).

|   | Cause                 | Cycle<br>First | Dev.     | Water |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                 | Category Cause Name   | Listed         | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_XDV01A02 / Beach Creek / The segment boundari        | ies 4A Fecal Coliform | 2016           | L        | 0.083 |
| are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 022-116A 10/28/2 | 014                   |                |          |       |

#### **RPPMH**

| Beach Creek  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.083       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-15-BAC Greenvale Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 094, 11/7/1994

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, Greenvale Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 4/5 at 3-

GEE001.44, which is located at Route 624.

As the area is within the Greenvale Creek Shellfish TMDL which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007, the impairment is considered nested.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_GEE01A98 / Greenvale Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 094. | 4A Enterococcus           | 2012            | L                | 0.087         |

**RPPMH** 

11/7/1994.

| Greenvale Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation      |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.087       |           |         |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-15-SF Greenvale Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 094, 11/7/1994

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 022-094A, 9/24/2009

A portion of Greenvale Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 94, 11/7/1994.

The bacteria TMDL for the Shellfish Impairment on Greenvale Creek was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

The impairment has subsequently expanded; however, the TMDL only addressed the 1998 portion, which is considered Category 4A. The expansion is addressed in E25E-29-SF.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.     | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|---|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|   | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_GEE01A98 / Greenvale Creek / The segment | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 1998   | L        | 0.087 |

VAP-E25E\_GEE01A98 / Greenvale Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 094, 11/7/1994.

#### **RPPMH**

| Greenvale Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                 | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.087       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-22-SF Robinson Creek / Perkins Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177B and -C, 1/28/2016

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177B and -C, 1/28/2016

The upstream portion of Robinson Creek was assessed in 1998 as not supporting the Shellfish Consumption Use based on VDH-DSS Condemnation 177, 5/28/1997. The TMDL for this original portion has been completed.

During the 2006 cycle, however, the condemnation extended downstream. It is considered nested in the upstream Robinson Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005.

During the 2016 cycle, a tributary (028-177D) was converted to seasonally condemned (028-177M2, 1/24/2014. Therefore, it was partially delisted.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_ROS02A04 / Robinson Creek / Perkins Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177B and -C | 4A Fecal Coliform            | 2006                     | L                        | 0.039         |

1/28/2016.

**RPPMH** 

| Robinson Creek / Perkins Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing                   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.039       |           |         |

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-23-SF Robinson Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177D, 1/28/2016

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177D, 1/28/2016

The upstream portion of Robinson Creek was assessed in 1998 as not supporting the Shellfish Consumption Use based on VDH-DSS Condemnation 177, 5/28/1997. The TMDL for this original portion has been completed.

During the 2006 cycle, however, the condemnation extended downstream. It is considered nested in the upstream Robinson Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005.

During the 2016 cycle, a tributary (028-177D) was converted to seasonally condemned (028-177M2, 1/24/2014. Therefore, it was partially delisted.

It was relisted in the 2018 cycle and is still considered nested.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|---|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|   | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E25E_ROS02C16 / Robinson Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177D, 1/28/2016. | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 2018   | L        | 0.016 |

Expanded slightly in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Robinson Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.016       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-25-SF Mulberry Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation Number 023-121D, 12/17/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

The UT to Mulberry Creek is impaired of the Shellfish Use due to VDH Shellfish Condemnation 023-121D, 12/17/2015.

It is considered nested within the TMDL for Shellfish Areas Listed due to Bacterial Contamination for Mulberry Creek, which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

Cyclo

0.008

TMDI

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Liste | Dev.      | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_MUB03A08 / Mulberry Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 023-021D, 12/19/2015. | 4A Fecal Coliform            | 2018           | 3 L       | 0.008         |
| RPPMH  |                              |                |           |               |
| Mulberry Creek   |                              | Estuary        | Reservoir | River         |
| Shellfishing   |                              | (Sq. Miles)    | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-27-SF Parrotts Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 027-090A, 1/27/2015 not included in 90,

4/27/1989

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 027-090A, 1/27/2015

A portion of Parrotts Creek was listed in the 1998 cycle due to VDH condemnation 027-090A, 8/18/2009. The Shellfish TMDL report for "Rappahannock River: Mud and Parrotts Creeks" was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 8/26/2008.

The condemnation subsequently expanded. The impairment is considered nested in the upstream Parrotts Creek TMDL. It expanded again slightly in the 2016 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water | Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| <u>—</u>                | rrotts Creek / Condemnation 027<br>H Condemnation 090, 4/27/1989. | -090A, 4A Fecal Coliform     | 2008            | L                | 0.011         |

Shortened in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Parrotts Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.011       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-28-SF Paynes Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation Number 022-094B, 9/24/2009

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Shellfish Condemnation 022-094B, 9/24/2009

On older summaries Paynes Creek was shown to be non-productive. However, during the 2008 cycle, the area was determined to be condemned.

determined to be condemined.

It is considered nested in the nearby Greenvale Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.           | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_PAY01A02 / Paynes Creek / As delineated in VDH | -DSS 4A Fecal Coliform       | 2008                     | L                        | 0.049         |

SFC 022-094B, 9/24/2009.

#### **RPPMH**

| Paynes Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.049       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-29-SF Greenvale Creek

Cause Location: The portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 022-094A, 9/24/2009 that is not included in

the 11/7/1994 condemnation

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH Shellfish Condemnation 022-094A, 9/24/2009

A portion of Greenvale Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 94, 11/7/1994 (see E25E-15-

SF). The TMDL was developed during the 2008 cycle.

The condemnation subsequently expanded to the mouth in the 2012 cycle. The expansion is nested in the upstream Greenvale Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev. Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_GEE02A06 / Greenvale Creek / Described in VD condemnation 022-094M1 9/23/2008 | OH-DSS 4A Fecal Coliform     | 2012                     | L             | 0.012         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Greenvale Creek Shellfishing |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|                              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.012                  |                      |                  |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25E-30-BAC Town Bridge Swamp

Cause Location: Town Bridge Swamp from its tidal limit to its mouth at tidal Urbanna Creek

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, sampling on Town Bridge Swamp at 3-TWN000.35 upstream of Urbanna Creek indicated that a portion of the creek is tidally influenced. Town Bridge Swamp is impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 5/11.

The impairment is considered nested due to the downstream Urbanna Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005.

| Enterod  | coccus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.002       |           |               |
|--|---|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Recreation   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Town Bridge Swamp  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River         |
| RPPMH  |   |             |           |               |
| VAP-E25E_TWN01A12 / Town Bridge Swamp / Ti<br>at Urbanna Creek | idal limit to mouth 4A Enterococcus         | 20          | 12 L      | 0.002         |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location De                     | Cause esc. Category Cause Name              | Fir<br>List |           | Water<br>Size |
|  |   | Сус         | cle TMDL  |               |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-01-BAC Laton Swamp

Cause Location: Laton Swamp from its headwaters to its mouth at Farnham Creek

City / County: Richmond Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, Laton Swamp was assessed as impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 3/12 at 3-LAT002.34, which is located at Route 3.

The impairment is nested in the downstream Farnham Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2008.

| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |               |                         |                 | 4.86               |             |                   |                          |               |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Recreation  |               |                         |                 |                    | (Sq. Miles) | (A                | (cres                    | (Miles)       |
| Laton Swamp   |               |                         |                 |                    | Estuary     | Re                | servoir                  | River         |
| VAP-E25R_LAT01A14 Farnham Creek.                      | / Laton Swamp | / Headwaters to mouth a | t 4A            | Escherichia coli   | 20          | 014               | L                        | 4.86          |
| Assessment Unit /                                     | Water Name /  | Location Desc.          | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Fi          | cle<br>rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-01-PH Mud Creek

Cause Location: The tidal portion of Mud Creek.

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: pH / 4C

Mud Creek was initially assessed as not supporting the Aquatic Life Use support goal in 2004 based on pH exceedances at 3-MUC002.31, located at the Route 648 bridge.

During the 2006 cycle, it was thought that the station's classification as tidal during the 2004 cycle was a mistake. The impairments were transferred to nontidal Mud Creek.

However, during the 2012 cycle, it was determined that the station is actually tidally influenced. The pH impairment was transferred to the tidal portion of Mud Creek.

A Natural Conditions Assessment was completed during the 2014 cycle; the report recommends that the pH impairment be considered "...Category 4C, Impairment Caused by Pollution."

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                       | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25E_MUC01A04 / Mud Creek / Described in VDH SR 090B, 1/27/2015 | FC 027- 4C pH                |                          |                          | 0.204         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Mud Creek    |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Aquatic Life |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | pH - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.204       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-02-DO Lagrange Creek

Cause Location: Lagrange Creek from the headwaters to the extent of tide at approximately river mile 3.75.

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

Lagrange Creek was assessed in 2010 as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use support goal based on dissolved oxygen exceedances recorded at the Route 610 bridge (3-LGG004.54). The exceedance rate was 7/24 during the 2012 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name  | / Location Desc.      | Cause<br>Category Cause Name      | Fi                     | cle TMDL<br>rst Dev.<br>ted Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E25R_LGG01A98 / Lagrange headwaters to the limit of tidal influer |                       | from its 5C Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                     | 010 L                                | 2.49             |
| Lagrange Creek  Aquatic Life  | _                     |                                   | Estuary<br>(Sg. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres)                 | River<br>(Miles) |
| Aquatic Life  | Oxygen, Dissolved - T | otal Impaired Size by Water Type: | (24)                   | ( /                                  | 2.49             |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-03-BAC Nickleberry Swamp

Cause Location: Nickleberry Swamp from its headwaters to its mouth at Hilliard Pond

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, Nickleberry Swamp was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 3/12 at 3-NIC000.38, which is located at Route 17.

The stream is located within the Lagrange Creek watershed, which has a completed shellfish TMDL. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. The impairment is considered nested (Category 4A.)

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Des | Vater Name / Location Desc.      | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed |     | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------------------|------------------|
| VAP-E25R_NIC01A12 / at Hilliard Pond        | Nickleberry Swamp / Headwaters t | o mouth 4A Escherichia coli        | 20                       | 012 | L                        | 1.86             |
| Nickleberry Swamp Recreation                |                                  |                                    | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)   |     | servoir<br>cres)         | River<br>(Miles) |
|   | Escherichia coli - 7             | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                          |     |                          | 1.86             |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-04-BAC South Branch Lagrange Creek

Cause Location: The nontidal portion of South Branch Lagrange Creek.

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, the nontidal portion of South Branch Lagrange Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 3/12 at 3-LSB002.17, which is located at Route 602.

The stream is located within the Lagrange Creek watershed, which has a completed shellfish TMDL. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. The impairment is considered nested (Category 4A.)

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | rst Dev.  | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E25R_LSB01A12 / South Branch Lagrange Creek / S<br>Hilliard Pond dam to tidal limit | Start at 4A Escherichia coli | 20                 | )12 L     | 0.40          |
| South Branch Lagrange Creek   |                              | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation  |                              | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:                                   |                              |                    |           | 0.40          |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-04-DO South Branch Lagrange Creek

Cause Location: The nontidal portion of South Branch Lagrange Creek.

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5A

South Branch Lagrange Creek was impaired of the Aquatic Life Use during the 2012 cycle due to a dissolved oxygen exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-LSB002.17. The low dissolved oxygen (~2 mg/L) occurred during the summer months.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                      | Cause<br>Category Cause Name  | Cyo<br>Fir<br>List | rst Dev.  | Water<br>Size |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E25R_LSB01A12 / South Branch Lagrange Creek / Hilliard Pond dam to tidal limit | Start at 5A Oxygen, Dissolved | 20                 | )12 L     | 0.40          |
| South Branch Lagrange Creek  |                               | Estuary            | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                               | (Sq. Miles)        | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:                             |                               |                    |           | 0.40          |

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E25R-17-DO Masons Mill Swamp

Cause Location: Masons Mill Swamp from its headwaters downstream to its tidal limit.

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During previous cycles, Masons Mill Swamp was mistakenly assessed as a tidal water. The creek was assessed as not supporting of the Aquatic Life Use for dissolved oxygen since the 2006 cycle because it was thought to be a part of the mesohaline portion of the Rappahannock; the TMDL had a 2010 due date because of the Bay Overlist.

However, during the 2008 cycle, it was determined that station 3-MAO000.62 is on the free flowing section of Masons Mill Swamp. The stream remained impaired for dissolved oxygen due to an exceedance rate of 4/13. The dissolved oxygen TMDL due date was changed to 2018.

Additional monitoring during the 2012 cycle confirmed the dissolved oxygen impairment (6/14).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / L   | ocation Desc.        | Cause<br>Category Cause Name       | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis | rst I  | MDL<br>Dev.<br>riority | Water<br>Size |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E25R_MAO01A00 / Masons Mill Sv from its headwaters to its tidal limit near R |                      | Swamp 5C Oxygen, Dissolved         | 20               | 800    | L                      | 3.37          |
| Masons Mill Swamp  |                      |                                    | Estuary          | Reserv | oir/                   | River         |
| Aquatic Life   |                      |                                    | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acre  | s)                     | (Miles)       |
| 0  | xygen, Dissolved - T | Total Impaired Size by Water Type: |                  |        |                        | 3.37          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-01-SF **Meachim Creek** 

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 179A, 12/9/1996 closed on 030-179A, 8/16/2016

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 030-179A, 8/16/2016

Two portions of Meachim Creek were included on the 1998 303(d) list due to 179A and 179B, 12/9/1996. The Shellfish TMDL was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005 and by the SWCB on 9/27/2006.

The condemnations have expanded and shrunk several times. In the 2018 cycle, the condemnations are currently smaller than the TMDL study areas.

|  | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|----------------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.        | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_MEA01A00 / Meachim Creek / Described in VDH | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 1998           | L        | 0.075 |

shellfish condemnation 030-179A, 8/16/2016.

#### **RPPMH**

| Meachim Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.075       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-02-SF Meachim Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 179B, 12/9/1996 closed in 030-179B, 8/16/2016.

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 030-179B, 8/16/2016

This area was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 179B, 12/9/1996. The impairment was addressed in the Meachim and Whiting Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. The impairment has subsequently expanded and contracted in multiple cycles.

During the 2012 cycle, the condemnation shrank considerably and is now smaller than the TMDL study area. The open area within the TMDL study area was partially delisted (Category 2C.) The condemnation remains Category 4A.

The condemnation shrank again in the 2018 cycle.

|  | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.        | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_MEA01B00 / Meachim Creek / Described in VDH | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 1998   | L        | 0.012 |

shellfish condemnation 030-179B, 8/16/2016.

Shrank in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Meachim Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.012       |           |         |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-03-SF Taylor Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-198A and -C, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Condemnations 021-198C and -C, 11/16/2016

During the 2012 cycle, two portion of Taylors Creek closed. These areas are within the study area for the Taylors Creek TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008; therefore, they are considered Category 4A.

Cycle

TMDI

The condemnations expanded and merged in the 2014 cycle and then split again in the 2016 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause  | e              | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|--------|----------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Catego | ry Cause Name  | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_TAY01A00 / Taylor Creek / As described in VDH-D3 condemnations 021-198A and -C, 11/16/2016. | SS 4A  | Fecal Coliform | 2012   | L        | 0.078 |

#### **CRRMH**

| Taylor Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.078       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-04-EBEN Corrotoman River

Cause Location: The mainstem Corrotoman River and its large branches within segment CRRMH.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Draft 2018

Cause(s) / VA Category: Estuarine Bioassessments / 5A

During the 2014 cycle, the mainstem Corrotoman River and its large tributaries were impaired of the Aquatic Life Use due to an insufficient Chesapeake Bay Index of Biological Integrity (B-IBI).

The impairment continued in the 2018 cycle. In addition, an impaired benthic community was noted at estuarine probabilistic monitoring station 3-CTM000.38 during monitoring in 2015.

|   | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name       | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_CRR01A00 / Corrotoman River / The mainstem of the Corrotoman River within segment CRRMH.   | 5A              | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 3.769         |
| VAP-E26E_CTM01A00 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnations 021-058B 11/16/2016.                          | 5A              | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 0.540         |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| CRRMH   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM01B10 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 058C, 4/28/1997 open on 11/16/2016.                                 | 5A              | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 0.081         |
| Size decreased in the 2018 cycle.   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| CRRMH   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTM03A08 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River / Downstream boundary of VDH condemnation 021-058C, 4/28/1997 t mouth.                                      | 5A<br>0         | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 0.758         |
| CRRMH   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01A02 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132A, 11/17/2015, not otherwise segmented. | 5A              | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 0.452         |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| CRRMH   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01B12 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / Portion of SFC 132, 4/28/1997 open in 021-132, 11/17/2015.  | 5A              | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 0.144         |
| Size reduced in the 2018 cycle.   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| CRRMH   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTO02A06 / Western Branch Corrotoman River / Mainstem downstream of SFC 132A, 4/28/1997  | 5A              | Estuarine Bioassessments | 2014                     | L                        | 1.209         |
| CRRMH   |                 |                          |                          |                          |               |

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# Rappahannock River Basin

Corrotoman River

Aquatic Life

Estuary Reservoir River
(Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Estuarine Bioassessments - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 6.953

Sources:

Source Unknown

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-05-SF Myer Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 198, 4/28/1997

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 021-198B, 11/16/2016

A portion of Myer Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH-DSS Condemnation 198, 4/28/1997. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008.

In the 2018 cycle, the area expanded and is now larger than the 1997 condemnation. The completed area is considered Category 4A. The expansion will be addressed in fact sheet E26E-22-SF.

Cause Cycle TMDL
Cause First Dev. Water
Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed Priority Size

VAP-E26E\_MYE01A00 / Myer Creek / As described in VDH 4A Fecal Coliform 1998 L 0.081

shellfish condemnation 198, 4/28/1997.

Merged in the 2018 cycle.

#### **CRRMH**

| Myer Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.081       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-07-SF Town Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-187EC, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

During the 2018 cycle, Town Creek was impaired of the Shellfish Consumption Use due to VDH shellfish condemnation 021-

187C, 11/16/2016.

It is proposed for nesting in the nearby Millenbeck Prong Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by

the SWCB on 7/31/2008.

|   | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|---|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.       | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_TON01A00 / Town Creek / The boundaries are | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 2018   | L        | 0.017 |

described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-187C, 11/16/2016.

#### **CRRMH**

| Town Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.017       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-08-SF Senior Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-132B, 11/17/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132B, 11/17/2015

Senior Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 132B, 4/28/1997. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The condemned portion is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_SEN01A00 / Senior Creek / The boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132B, 11/17/2015. | 4A Fecal Coliform            | 1998                     | L                | 0.070         |

#### **CRRMH**

| Senior Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.070       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

# Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-09-SF Western Branch Corrotoman River

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-132A, 11/17/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 021-132A, 11/17/2015

A portion of the Western Branch Corrotoman River was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 132A, 4/28/1997. The condemnation has subsequently shortened several times.

The TMDL was completed for the 1998 boundary; it was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The condemned portion is considered Category 4A; the open portion is considered Category 2C.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Locati   | Cause<br>on Desc. Catego       | e<br>ry Cause Name    | Firs<br>List | st Dev.   | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_BLD01A98 / Belwood Swamp / T the Western Branch Corrotoman River.  | Fidal limit to its mouth at 4A | Fecal Coliform        | 200          | 02 L      | 0.009         |
| CRRMH   |                                |                       |              |           |               |
| VAP-E26E_CTO01A02 / Western Branch Corboundaries are described in VDH shellfish cond 11/17/2015, not otherwise segmented. |                                | Fecal Coliform        | 199          | 98 L      | 0.452         |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.   |                                |                       |              |           |               |
| CRRMH   |                                |                       |              |           |               |
| VAP-E26E_LIT01A06 / Little Branch / Tidal I Western Branch Corrotoman River   | imit to mouth at 4A            | Fecal Coliform        | 199          | 98 L      | 0.114         |
| CRRMH   |                                |                       |              |           |               |
| Western Branch Corrotoman River   |                                |                       | Estuary      | Reservoir | River         |
| Shellfishing  |                                |                       | (Sq. Miles)  | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Fe  | cal Coliform - Total Impaired  | d Size by Water Type: | 0.574        |           |               |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-10-SF Bush Park Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 109, 4/27/1989

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 032-109A, 12/10/2009

Bush Park Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list as impaired of the Shellfish Consumption Use due to VDH condemnation 109, 4/27/1989. The TMDL for this area was approved by the EPA on 6/7/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

Cause Cause Cause First Dev. Water Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed Priority Size

VAP-E26E\_BPC01A98 / Bush Park Creek / The segment 4A Fecal Coliform 1998 L 0.103

boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 109, 4/27/1989.

RPPMH

Bush Park Creek
Shellfishing
Estuary Reservoir River
(Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 0.103

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-11-SF Mill Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 031-102A, 8/16/2016

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 031-102A, 8/16/2016

A portion of Mills Creek was impaired in the 1998 cycle due to VDH condemnation 103, 12/10/1991. The TMDL for this segment was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007. The segment is considered Category 4A.

However, during the 2012 cycle, the condemnation retracted and is smaller than the TMDL study area. The open area within the TMDL study area was partially delisted (Category 2C.)

The condemnation expanded slightly in the 2014 cycle, but remains smaller than the TMDL area.

| Assessment Unit / Water Nam                          | ne / Location Desc.            | Cause<br>Categor | y Cause Name   | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_MLL01A98 / Mill Cree<br>031-102A, 8/16/2016 | k / VDH shellfish condemnation | n 4A             | Fecal Coliform | 1998            | L                | 0.111         |
| RPPMH  |                                |                  |                |                 |                  |               |

| Mill Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0 111       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-12-SF Sturgeon Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 032-104B, 8/16/2016

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A VDH condemnation 032-104B, 8/16/2016

A portion of Sturgeon Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH shellfish condemnation 104, 11/28/1994. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 6/7/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007.

In the 2012 cycle, the condemnation shortened and split. A portion was reopened for harvest and another portion is now seasonally condemned (032-104M1); both areas were partially delisted (Category 2C). The remaining condemned area is Category 4A.

The condemned area shrank further during the 2014 cycle.

| Accomment Unit / Water Name / Leastion Dage           | Cause               | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Category Cause Name | Listeu                   | FIIOTILY                 | Size          |
| VAP-E26E_STE01A98 / Sturgeon Creek / The segment bour |                     | 1998                     | L                        | 0.066         |

#### **RPPMH**

| Sturgeon Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.066       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-13-BAC **Locklies Creek** 

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 102, 10/31/1994

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, Locklies Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 2/12 at 3-

LOL000.77.

As this impairment is within the study area for the Locklies and Mill Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on

8/2/2006, the impairment is considered nested (Category 4A.)

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_LOL01A02 / Locklies Creek / Delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 031-102B. 8/6/2016.                                | 4A Enterococcus              | 2012                     | L                        | 0.073         |
| RPPMH  |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E26E_LOL01B12 / Locklies Creek / Portion of VDH shell condemnation 102, 10/31/1994 seasonally condemned in 031-10 8/16/2016. |                              | 2012                     | L                        | 0.028         |
| RPPMH  |                              |                          |                          |               |

| Locklies Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation     |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.101       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-13-SF Locklies Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 102,10/31/1994 included in 031-102B, 8/6/2016

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 031-102B, 8/6/2016

Locklies Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 102, 4/13/1993. The Locklies Creek Shellfish TMDL was approved by the EPA on 8/2/2006 and by the SWCB on 6/27/2007; the TMDL was based on the extent of condemnation 102, 10/31/1994.

During the 2012 cycle, the condemnation retracted and a portion of the TMDL study area was included in the seasonal condemnation 031-102M1. The seasonally condemned segment was partially delisted (Category 2C); the condemned area is considered a Category 4A water.

The condemnation grew slightly during the 2014 cycle, but remains smaller than the TMDL study area.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|---|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|   | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_LOL01A02 / Locklies Creek / Delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 031-102B. 8/6/2016. | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 1998   | L        | 0.073 |

#### **RPPMH**

| Locklies Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.073       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-14-SF Hills Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 58A, 4/25/1997

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 021-058A, 11/16/2016

Hills Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH-DSS Condemnation 58A, 4/28/1997. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The segment is considered Category 4A.

| Cause                     | Cycle<br>First      | TMDL<br>Dev.                           | Water  |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Category Cause Name       | Listed              | Priority                               | Size   |
| scribed 4A Fecal Coliform | 1998                | L                                      | 0.062  |
|                           | Category Cause Name | Cause First Category Cause Name Listed | Cause First Dev. Category Cause Name Listed Priority |

#### **CRRMH**

| Hills Creek  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.062       |           |         |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-15-SF Bells Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 058B, 4/28/1997

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 021-058C, 11/16/2016

Bells Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 58B, 4/28/1997. The TMDL was approved by the

EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The segment is considered a Category 4A water.

|   | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.           | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_BES01A98 / Bells Creek / The boundaries are    | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 1998           | L            | 0.055 |
| described in VDH shellfish condemnation 58B, 4/28/1997. |                     |                |              |       |

#### **CRRMH**

| Bells Creek  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.055       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-16-SF Eastern Branch Corrotoman River

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnations 021-058B, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnations 021-058B, 11/16/2016

The Eastern Branch Corrotoman River was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 58C, 4/28/1997. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The condemnation subsequently shortened. The condemned area is considered Category 4A waters; the open area was previously partially delisted and is Category 2C. The condemnations shrank and split further during the 2016 cycle. Merged again in the 2018 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_CTM01A00 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnations 02 |                              | 1998            | L                | 0.540         |
| 11/16/2016.  |                              |                 |                  |               |

Size increased in the 2018 cycle.

#### **CRRMH**

| Eastern Branch Corrotoman River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing                    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                                 | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.540       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-17-SF **Eastern Branch Carter Creek** 

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 041C, 11/1/1996

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041A, 10/25/2018

A portion of Eastern Branch Carters Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Use during the 1998 303(d) cycle due to VDH condemnation 41C, 11/1/1996. Although the segment has expanded several times, the TMDL was completed only for the original segment. It was approved by the EPA on 9/20/2007 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The original segment is considered Category 4A; the TMDL due date for the downstream portion was 2014 since it first expanded during the 2002 cycle (see fact sheet E26E-46-SF).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause                      | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|----------------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Category Cause Name        | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_CEB01A00 / Eastern Branch Carter Creek / D in VDH shellfish condemnation 041C, 11/1/1996. | escribed 4A Fecal Coliform | 1998   | L        | 0.084 |

#### **RPPMH**

| Eastern Branch Carter Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing                |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                             | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.084       |           |         |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-18-SF Yopps Cove

Cause Location: Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 020-041E, 10/25/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041E, 10/25/2016

It is proposed for nesting in the upstream Eastern Branch Carter Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on

9/20/2007.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev. Priority | Water<br>Size |  |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| VAP-E26E_CTR03D18 / Yopps Cove / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 020-041F, 10/25/2016. | 4A              | Fecal Coliform     | 2018            | L             | 0.022         |  |

#### **RPPMH**

| Yopps Cove   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.022       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-21-SF XII - Windmill Point, UT (aka White Marsh)

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 018-503B, 12/4/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co. Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS condemnation 018-053B, 12/4/2015

The impairment is proposed for nesting in the shellfish TMDL for Oyster Creek, which was approved by the EPA on 4/15/2009

and by the SWCB on 7/27/2009.. It will be considered Category 4A.

|   | Cause                  | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                 | Category Cause Name    | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_XII01A18 / XII - Windmill Point, UT (aka White Marsh | n) / 4A Fecal Coliform | 2018           | L            | 0.034 |
| Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 018-053B, 12/4/2015         |                        |                |              |       |

#### **RPPMH**

| XII - Windmill Point, UT (aka White Marsh) | E                                       | Estuary    | Reservoir | River   |
|--|---|------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing                               | (Se                                     | Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Fecal Colife                               | orm - Total Impaired Size by Water Type | 0.034      |           |         |

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-22-SF Myer Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-198B, 11/16/2016 that was open in 4/28/1997

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH-DSS Condemnation 021-198B, 11/16/2016

A portion of Myer Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH-DSS Condemnation 198, 4/28/1997. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008 (see E26E-05-SF).

During the 2018 cycle, condemnation B grew and is currently larger than the 1997 impairment. The expansion is considered nested within the upstream Myer Creek TMDL; it is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause               | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|---|---------------------|--------|----------|-------|
|   | Category Cause Name | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_MYE01D18 / Myer Creek / Portion of VDH-DSS condemnation 021-198B, 11/16/2016 open in 198, 4/28/1997. | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 2018   | L        | 0.004 |

#### **CRRMH**

| Myer Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.004       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-23-SF Bridge Cove

Cause Location: Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 020-041D, 10/25/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041D, 10/25/2016

It is proposed for nesting in the upstream Eastern Branch Carter Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on

9/20/2007.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                        | Cause  | e              | First  | Dev.     | Water |
|--|--------|----------------|--------|----------|-------|
|  | Catego | ry Cause Name  | Listed | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_CTR03C18 / Bridge Cove / Described in 020-041D, 10/25/2016. | 4A     | Fecal Coliform | 2018   | L        | 0.040 |

#### **RPPMH**

| Bridge Cove  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.040       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-24-BAC Whiting Creek

Cause Location: Tidal Whiting Creek as described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 030-051A, 9/1/2015

City / County: Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 5A

During the 2012 cycle, Whiting Creek was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an enterococci exceedance rate of 3/19 at 3-

WHS000.89.

Although Whiting Creek is administratively condemned by VDH and the Shellfish Use is therefore considered removed, the TMDL was completed and was approved by the EPA on 11/15/2005. However, the TMDL did not include a nearby VPDES discharger; therefore, the Recreation Use cannot be considered nested.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.            | Cause Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_WHS01B00 / Whiting Creek / As delineated in VDH | 3 , 1                     | 2012                     | L                        | 0.195         |
| shellfish condemnation 030-051A, 9/1/2015.               |                           |                          |                          |               |

#### **RPPMH**

| Whiting Creek Recreation |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|                          | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.195                  |                      |                  |

#### Sources:

Source Unknown

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-25-SF Myer Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-198F, 11/16/2016.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Condemnation 021-198F, 11/16/2016

The impairment is considered nested within the upstream Myer Creek TMDL which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. It is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_MYE02C16 / Myer Creek / Described in VDH Condemnation 021-198F, 11/16/2016. | 4A Fecal Coliform            | 2018                     | L                        | 0.017         |

### CRRMH

| Myer Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.017       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-26-BAC Little Branch

Cause Location: Little Branch from its tidal limit to its mouth at the Western Branch Corrotoman River

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

Little Branch was assessed as not supporting of the Recreation Use during the 2006 cycle due to enterococci exceedances at 3-LIT000.85, which is located at a private dock off Route 620. The segment remained impaired during the 2010 cycle; the violation rate was 3/11. No additional data has been collected.

The area was addressed in the Western Branch Corrotoman River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. Because the bacterial standard for the Shellfish Use is more stringent than the standard for the Recreation Use, the impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

| Little Branch   |                              | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)   | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| CRRMH   |                              |                          |                      |                  |
| VAP-E26E_LIT01A06 / Little Branch / Tidal limit to mouth at Western Branch Corrotoman River | 4A Enterococcus              | 2006                     | L                    | 0.114            |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | Dev.                 | Water<br>Size    |

Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

0.114

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

Draft 2018

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-27-BAC Belwood Swamp

Cause Location: Tidal Belwood Swamp

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

Riverine Belwood Swamp was initially assessed in 1998 as fully supporting but threatened of the Recreation Use based on exceedances of the fecal coliform standard at monitoring station 3-BLD000.58, located at the Route 3 bridge. During the year 2002 cycle, the segment was downgraded to impaired.

However, in the 2006 cycle, it was determined that the station is tidally influenced. The station remained impaired for fecal coliform and the fact sheet and AU were renamed. The TMDL was due in 2014. There had been no Enterococci monitoring at this site; therefore, the fecal coliform impairment was carried over.

The area was addressed in the Western Branch Corrotoman River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. Because the bacterial standard for the Shellfish Use is more stringent than the standard for the Recreation Use, the impairment is considered to be nested (Category 4A).

Additional monitoring was conducted during the 2012 cycle. The impairment converted to enterococci due to an exceedance rate of 8/12 at 3-BLD000.58.

|  | Cause                    | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.            | Category Cause Name      | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_BLD01A98 / Belwood Swamp / Tidal limit to its n | nouth at 4A Enterococcus | 2012           | L            | 0.009 |
| the Western Branch Corrotoman River.                     |                          |                |              |       |

#### **CRRMH**

| Belwood Swamp |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation    |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.009       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-28-BAC Western Branch Corrotoman River

Cause Location: The Western Branch Corrotoman River from its tidal limit to the downstream extent of VDH-DSS condemnation 021-

132A, 10/28/2014.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Enterococcus / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, the upper portion of the Western Branch Corrotoman River was impaired of the Recreation Use due to

an enterococci exceedance rate of 7/12 at 3-CTO007.51, which is located off of Route 3.

The area was already addressed in the Corrotoman River Watershed Shellfish Bacterial TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The condemned portion is considered nested (Category 4A).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_CTO01A02 / Western Branch Corrotoman River boundaries are described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-11/17/2015, not otherwise segmented. |                              | 2012                     | L                        | 0.452         |

Size increased in the 2018 cycle.

#### **CRRMH**

| Western Branch Corrotoman River |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Recreation                      |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                                 | Enterococcus - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.452       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-30-SF Carter Cove

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 020-041C, 10/25/2018

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS condemnation 020-041C, 10/25/2016

A portion of Carters Cove was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Use during the 1998 303(d) cycle due to VDH condemnation 41A, 11/1/1996. The TMDL was approved by the EPA on 9/20/2007.

The condemnation was shortened during the 2014 cycle and the lower portion was seasonally condemned (020-041M1, 10/23/2012); it was partially delisted (Category 2B/2C.) The condemned area remains Category 4A.

The condemnation expanded slightly in the 2016 cycle and shrank again in the 2018 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                                 | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_CTR04A02 / Carter Cove / Portion of VDH-DSS SF0 020-041C, 10/25/2016 | C 4A            | Fecal Coliform     | 2002                     | L                        | 0.018         |

Size decreased in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Carter Cove  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.018       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-31-SF Myer Creek, UT

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-198G, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Condemnation 021-198G, 11/16/2016

It is considered nested within the Myer Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008, and is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.           | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_MYE01B02 / Myer Creek, UT / As described in VD | H- 4A Fecal Coliform         | 2018                     | L                        | 0.042         |

#### **CRRMH**

| Myer Creek, UT |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|----------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing   |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.042       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-33-SF **Whitehouse Creek** 

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-187A and -187B, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH shellfish condemnation 021-187A and -187B, 11/16/2016

These condemnations are nested in the nearby Ewells Prong Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008

and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_WHR01A00 / Whitehouse Creek / The boundaries described in VDH shellfish condemnation 021-187A and -187B, 11/16/2016. | s are 4A Fecal Coliform      | 2002                     | L                        | 0.050         |

#### **CRRMH**

| Whitehouse Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing     |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                  | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.050       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-35-SF Davis Creek

Cause Location: As described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-132C, 11/17/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH-DSS Shellfish Condemnation 021-132C, 11/17/2015

Davis Creek is considered nested within the Western Branch Corrotoman River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the

EPA on 1/23/2008. The condemnation shrank slightly in the 2016 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.           | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_DAS01A02 / Davis Creek / As described in VDH-D | 9 ,                          | 2002                     | L                        | 0.029         |
| SFC 021-132C. 11/17/2015.                               |                              |                          |                          |               |

### CRRMH

| Davis Creek  |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.029       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

## Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-42-SF **Hunting Creek** 

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 032-104A, 8/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co. Middlesex Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 032-104A, 8/16/2016

The Hunting Creek shellfish impairment is nested in the nearby Sturgeon Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the

EPA on 6/7/2006.

The size decreased in the 2016 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.        | Cause Category Cause Name | First<br>Listed | Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_HNU01A08 / Hunting Creek / Described in VDH | 4A Fecal Coliform         | 2008            | L                | 0.020         |

Condemnation 032-104A, 9/24/2013.

#### **RPPMH**

| Hunting Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing  |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|               | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.020       |           |         |

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-46-SF Eastern Branch Carter Creek

Cause Location: Portion of VDH condemnation 020-041A, 10/25/2016 not included on condemnation 41, 11/1/1996

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041A, 10/25/2016

A portion of Eastern Branch Carter Creek was assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Use during the 1998 303(d) cycle due to VDH condemnation 41C, 11/1/1996. Although the segment has expanded several times, the TMDL was completed only for the original segment. The TMDL due date for this downstream portion was 2014 since it first expanded during the 2002 cycle.

It is considered nested in the upstream Eastern Branch Carter Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 9/20/2007.

It expanded further in the 2018 cycle.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.   | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26E_CEB01B08 / Eastern Branch Carter Creek / Por VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041A, 10/25/2016 not include |                              | 2002                     | L                        | 0.132         |
| VDIT SHEIIISH CONGENINATION 020-04 IA, 10/23/2010 NOT INCIG   | Eu III                       |                          |                          |               |

041C, 11/1/1996.

Expanded and merged in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

| Eastern Branch Carter Creek |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing                |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                             | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.132       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-48-SF Taylor Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-198E, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-198E, 11/16/2016

A large portion of Taylor Creek was included on the 1998 303(d) list due to VDH condemnation 205, 4/28/1997. The entire area was delisted in the 2002 cycle. However, during later cycles, two portions of the area were relisted - 021-198E, 10/19/2006 and 021-198F, 10/19/2006 (see fact sheet E26E-03SF).

The TMDL for the entire 1998 portion was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. Section E remains condemned and is assessed as Category 4A.

|   | Cause                      | Cycle<br>First | TMDL<br>Dev. | Water |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Category Cause Name        | Listed         | Priority     | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_TAY02A08 / Taylor Creek / Described in VDH S | hellfish 4A Fecal Coliform | 2008           | L            | 0.024 |
| Condemnation 021-198F, 11/16/2016.                    |                            |                |              |       |

#### **CRRMH**

| Taylor Creek Shellfishing |   | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) | Reservoir<br>(Acres) | River<br>(Miles) |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|                           | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.024                  |                      |                  |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-49-SF Moran Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-198D, 11/16/2106

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-198D, 11/16/2016

It is nested within the nearby Taylor Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on

7/31/2008.

Cycle **TMDL** Cause First Dev. Water Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name Listed **Priority** Size VAP-E26E MOR01A08 / Moran Creek / Described in VDH Fecal Coliform 2008 0.049 Condemnation 021-198D, 11/16/2016.

**CRRMH** 

Moran CreekEstuaryReservoirRiverShellfishing(Sq. Miles)(Acres)(Miles)

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 0.049

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-51-SF Eastern Branch Corrotoman River, UT

Cause Location: Described in VDH condemnation 021-058D, 11/16/2016

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-058D, 11/16/2016

This cove was first assessed as impaired of the Shellfish Consumption Use during the 2008 cycle due to the expansion of condemnation 021-058B, 10/19/2005. This condemnation shrank and split during the 2010 cycle and this cove remains the only portion without a completed TMDL.

The TMDL for the cove is due in 2020. However, it is considered nested in the nearby Bells Creek Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008. The segment is considered a Category 4A water.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.                | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Assessment offit / Water Name / Location Desc.               | Category Cause Name          | Listed                   | 1 Hority                 | 0126          |
| VAP-E26E_CTM02A08 / Eastern Branch Corrotoman River, UT      | / 4A Fecal Coliform          | 2008                     | L                        | 0.010         |
| Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-058D, 11/16/2016 |                              |                          |                          |               |

#### **CRRMH**

| Eastern Branch Corrotoman River, UT |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing                        |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|                                     | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.010       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-53-SF John Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015

John Creek is considered nested within the Western Branch Corrotoman River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the

EPA on 1/23/2008.

|   | Cause               | Cycle<br>First | Dev.     | Water |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------|-------|
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.         | Category Cause Name | Listed         | Priority | Size  |
| VAP-E26E_JON01A08 / John Creek / Described in VDH-DSS | 4A Fecal Coliform   | 2008           | L        | 0.036 |
| Condemnation 021-132E, 11/17/2015.                    |                     |                |          |       |

#### CRRMH

| John Creek   |   | Estuary     | Reservoir | River   |
|--------------|---|-------------|-----------|---------|
| Shellfishing |   | (Sq. Miles) | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
|              | Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: | 0.036       |           |         |

#### Sources:

Non-Point Source

#### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26E-54-SF Lowrey Creek

Cause Location: Described in VDH Notice and Description of Shellfish Condemnation 021-132D, 11/17/2015

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Shellfishing

Cause(s) / VA Category: Fecal Coliform / 4A

VDH Shellfish Condemnation 021-132D, 11/17/2015

Lowrey Creek is considered nested within the Western Branch Corrotoman River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the

EPA on 1/23/2008.

Cause Cause Cause Cause Cause Cause Cause Cause Category Cause Name Category Category Cause Name Category Cause Name Category Category Cause Name Category Category Cause Name Category Cause Name Category Cause Name Category Categor

Shellfish Condemnation 021-132D, 11/17/2015.

**CRRMH** 

Lowrey Creek Estuary Reservoir River Shellfishing (Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Fecal Coliform - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 0.028

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26R-01-BAC Belwood Swamp and Tributaries

Cause Location: Belwood Swamp and tributaries from its headwaters to its tidal limit.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2012 cycle, the nontidal Belwood Swamp watershed was impaired of the Recreation Use due to E. coli exceedances at Belwood Swamp at station 3-BLD001.54 and McMahon Swamp at 3-MCM000.96. In the 2014 cycle, the exceedance rates were 9/27 and 6/12, respectively.

The area drains to tidal Belwood Swamp, which was included in the Corrotoman River Shellfish Bacterial TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008. Implementation of the TMDL is expected to address the nontidal area; therefore, the impairment is considered nested (Category 4A).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis |           | Water   |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| VAP-E26R_BLD01A08 / Belwood Swamp and Tributaries / Watershed from its headwaters to tidal limit | 4A Escherichia coli          | 20               | 012 L     | 24.54   |
| Belwood Swamp and Tributaries  |                              | Estuary          | Reservoir | River   |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres)   | (Miles) |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:  |                              |                  |           | 24.54   |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26R-03-DO Norris Prong

Cause Location: Norris Prong from its headwaters to its tidal limit.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2008 cycle, Norris Prong was considered impaired of the Aquatic Life Use based on a dissolved oxygen

exceedance rate of 4/10 at the Route 3 bridge (3-NOR001.00).

No additional data has been collected.

| Oxygen, Dissolved - Tot                                   | al Impaire      | Size by Water Type: |                        |                   |                          | 2.47             |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Norris Prong  Aquatic Life                                |                 |                     | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles) |                   | servoir<br>Acres)        | River<br>(Miles) |
| VAP-E26R_NOR01A08 / Norris Prong / Headwaters to tidal li | mit 5C          | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 20                     | 800               | L                        | 2.47             |
| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.             | Cause<br>Catego | ry Cause Name       | Fii                    | cle<br>rst<br>ted | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size    |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26R-04-BAC Browns Creek

Cause Location: Browns Creek from its headwaters to its tidal limit.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2008 cycle, Browns Creek was considered impaired of the Recreation Use based on E. coli exceedances at the

Route 614 bridge (3-BON001.65).

The impairment is considered nested (Category 4A) because it is located within the watershed study area for the Corrotoman River Shellfish TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008 and by the SWCB on 7/31/2008.

The exceedance rate was 5/24 in the 2014 cycle.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name   | Cy<br>Fii<br>Lis | rst [  | MDL<br>Dev.<br>riority | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E26R_BON01A08 / Browns Creek / Headwaters to tidal limit 4A Escherichia coli | 20               | 800    | L                      | 2.58          |
| Browns Creek   | Estuary          | Reserv |                        | River         |
| Recreation   | (Sq. Miles)      | (Acres | s)                     | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:                            |                  |        |                        | 2.58          |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26R-04-DO Browns Creek

Cause Location: Browns Creek from its headwaters to its tidal limit.

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 5C

During the 2008 cycle, Browns Creek was considered impaired of the Aquatic Life Use based on dissolved oxygen exceedances at the Route 614 bridge (3-BON001.65). The exceedance rate was 5/25 during the 2014 cycle.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  Cause Category Cause Name | Cyc<br>Firs<br>ne Liste | t Dev.    | Water<br>Size |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E26R_BON01A08 / Browns Creek / Headwaters to tidal limit 5C Oxygen, Dissol | lved 200                | )8 L      | 2.58          |
| Browns Creek   | Estuary                 | Reservoir | River         |
| Aquatic Life   | (Sq. Miles)             | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:                         |                         |           | 2.58          |

#### Sources:

Natural Conditions - Water Quality Standards Use Attainability Analyses Needed

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: E26R-05-BAC Little Branch

Cause Location: Nontidal Little Branch below Blakemore Millpond

City / County: Lancaster Co.

Use(s): Recreation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Escherichia coli / 4A

During the 2014 cycle, the segment was impaired of the Recreation Use due to an E. coli exceedance rate of 5/12 at station 3-LIT001.89, which is located on Little Branch at Route 201.

The watershed was addressed in the Western Branch Corrotoman River Shellfish Bacterial TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 1/23/2008. Implementation of the TMDL is expected to address the nontidal area; therefore, the impairment is considered nested (Category 4A).

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Category Cause Name | Cycl<br>Firs<br>Liste | t Dev.    | Water<br>Size |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| VAP-E26R_LIT01A14 / Little Branch / Blakemore Millpond dam downstream to its tidal limit | 4A Escherichia coli          | 201                   | 4 L       | 0.63          |
| Little Branch  |                              | Estuary               | Reservoir | River         |
| Recreation   |                              | (Sq. Miles)           | (Acres)   | (Miles)       |
| Escherichia coli - Total In  | mpaired Size by Water Type:  |                       |           | 0.63          |

Sources:

Non-Point Source

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: RPPMH-DO-BAY Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The mesohaline Rappahannock River and tidal tributaries.

City / County: Essex Co. Lancaster Co. Middlesex Co. Richmond Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Deep-Channel Seasonal Deep-Water Aquatic Life Open-Water Aquatic Life

Refuge

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 4A Oxygen, Dissolved / 4D

The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from Myrtle Swamp to its mouth was originally listed in 1998 by DEQ due to dissolved oxygen exceedances and nutrient overenrichment. The EPA extended the segment upstream to the confluence with Totuskey Creek. In the 2004 cycle, dissolved oxygen exceedances were noted in deep water and deep channel stations downstream of the confluence with Lancaster Creek (Morattico), which is further downstream.

The Chesapeake Bay Water Quality Standards were implemented during the 2006 cycle. During the 2014 cycle, the mesohaline portion of the Rappahannock failed the Chesapeake Bay Open Water Subuse's summer 30-day mean dissolved oxygen criterion. Applicable areas also failed the Deep Water 30-day mean dissolved oxygen criteria and the Deep Channel Subuse's instantaneous minimum dissolved oxygen criteria.

In the 2018 cycle, the Deep Channel Subuse continues to be impaired in applicable areas. The Chesapeake Bay TMDL was approved by the EPA on 12/29/2010; therefore, it is considered Category 4A.

RPPMH passed both Open Water Subuse 30-day mean criterion as well as the Deep Water summer 30-day mean criterion in the 2016 cycle; these areas were delisted in the tributaries (Category 2C). However, due to EPA rules, areas included on the 1998 EPA overlist for dissolved oxygen must remain listed until all dissolved oxygen criteria can be assessed. This includes the Rappahannock River mainstem from Totuskey Creek to the mouth as well as the tidal Corrotoman River. These areas will be considered Category 4D.

In the 2018 cycle, Deep Water areas also were impaired.

| Caus Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category   | e<br>ory Cause Name | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B98 / Rappahannock River: Garrett's Marina / As 4D delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M1, 3/25/2015.   | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 1998                     | L                        | 0.025         |
| RPPMH   |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01C06 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>4D</sup> River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/16/2007 (non-admin) that is currently open | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 1998                     | L                        | 0.644         |
| RPPMH   |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01D10 / Rappahannock River / The portion of the 4D Rappahannock River within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015(administratively condemned)             | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 1998                     | L                        | 0.137         |
| RPPMH   |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01E18 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>4D</sup> River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-admin)                        | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 1998                     | L                        | 0.061         |
| RPPMH   |                     |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E24E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>4D</sup> River from the limit of VDH shellfish condemnation 068A, 11/14/2005                                     | Oxygen, Dissolved   | 1998                     | L                        | 10.919        |

### Rappahannock River Basin

downstream to end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) unless otherwise segmented

| unless otherwise segmented   |                   |      |   |        |
|--|-------------------|------|---|--------|
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) to the start of deep channel. | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 15.407 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                   |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01C10 / Rappahannock River: Mark Haven Beach 4D Basin / The portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181B, 1/20/2006 not administratively closed.       | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.010  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from the start of deep channel downstream to the mouth, excluding area in SFC 051A.  | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 65.880 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                   |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03A06 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH 4D SFC 024-070B, 12/19/2016.   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.008  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03B16 / Rappahannock River / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M2, 3/25/2015.  | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.003  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_ZZZ01D14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E25 / 4A Unsegmented portion of watershed RA69.   | Oxygen, Dissolved | 2018 | L | 0.274  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E26E_CRR02A08 / Corrotoman River / The portion of the Corrotoman River that is within CB segment RPPMH.  | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 1.039  |
| VAP-E26E_RPP02A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock <sup>4D</sup> River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051A, 10/3/2005.              | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.127  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E26E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 4D River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051D, 10/3/2005.                         | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.031  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E26E_RPP04A00 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH 4D Shellfish Condemnation 030-051B, 9/1/2015.  | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.131  |
| RPPMH  |                   |      |   |        |
| VAP-E26E_RPP05A00 / Rappahannock River / Delineated in VDH- 4D DSS condemnation 030-051C, 9/1/2015.  | Oxygen, Dissolved | 1998 | L | 0.029  |
|  |                   |      |   |        |

### Rappahannock River Basin

**RPPMH** 

VAP-E26E\_RPP07A02 / Rappahannock River / As delineated in A Oxygen, Dissolved 1998 L 0.139

VDH-DSS SFC 018-053A, 12/4/2015

**RPPMH** 

Rappahannock River

Aquatic Life

Estuary Reservoir River
(Sq. Miles) (Acres) (Miles)

Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type: 94.862

Sources:

Agriculture Atmospheric Deposition - Industrial Point Source Internal Nutrient Recycling

Nitrogen Discharge

Loss of Riparian Habitat Municipal Point Source Sources Outside State
Discharges Jurisdiction or Borders

Sources Outside State Wet Weather Discharges

n or Borders (Point Source and Combination of Stormwater,

SSO or CSO)

### Rappahannock River Basin

Draft 2018

Cause Group Code: RPPMH-SAV-BAY Rappahannock River

Cause Location: The mesohaline Rappahannock River and tidal tributaries.

City / County: Essex Co. Lancaster Co. Middlesex Co. Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Shallow-Water Submerged

Aquatic Vegetation

Cause(s) / VA Category: Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) / 4A

The mesohaline portion of the Rappahannock River does not meet the Chesapeake Bay Shallow Water Subuse's submerged aquatic vegetation acreage standards. However, RPPMH had acceptable water clarity acreage during the 2010 cycle and the segment was delisted.

In the 2014 cycle, there was insufficient information to assess the water clarity criteria; therefore, the segment was relisted based upon the inadequate SAV acreage. It remains impaired during the 2018 cycle.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL was approved by the EPA on 12/29/2010; therefore, it is considered Category 4A.

| Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc.  | Cause<br>Catego | e<br>ry Cause Name           | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22E_RPP05A02 / Rappahannock River / The oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at river mile 48.51 downstream to the upstream limit of VDH shellfish condemnation area 025A-068A, 3/24/2015. | 4A              | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 6.958         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_WAR01A18 / Waterview Creek / Tidal portion of Waterview Creek   | 4A              | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 0.038         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_ZZZ02A06 / Unsegmented estuaries in E22 / Unsegmented portion of watershed.   | 4A              | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 0.014         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_CAT01A02 / Cat Point Creek / The tidal portion of Ca Point Creek.   | t 4A            | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 1.280         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_CRC01A08 / Church Swamp / Tidal limit to mouth at Hoskins Creek   | 4A              | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 0.002         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_HOK01A98 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from the Tappahannock STP downstream to the mouth at the Rappahannock River.   |                 | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2006                     | L                        | 0.084         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_HOK02A08 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from its tidal limit to the confluence with Church Swamp.  | 4A              | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 0.052         |
| RPPMH  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E23E_HOK02A10 / Hoskins Creek / Hoskins Creek from the confluence with Church Swamp downstream to the Tappahannock STP.  | e 4A            | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014                     | L                        | 0.016         |
|  |                 |                              |                          |                          |               |

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### Rappahannock River Basin

| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
|---|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| VAP-E23E_LIE01A98 / Little Carter Creek, Jugs Creek / Tidal limit to mouth at the Rappahannock River.   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2006 | L | 0.419 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_MTL01A10 / Mount Landing Creek / Tidal limit to mouth $^{\downarrow}\!A$ at the Rappahannock River.  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.172 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_PIS02A00 / Piscataway Creek / The estuarine portion of 4A Piscataway Creek.  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.589 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02A98 / Rappahannock River / Mainstem 4A Rappahannock as described in VDH shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015 excluding administratively condemned portion. | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 7.035 |
| Adjusted slightly in 2018 cycle.  |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02B10 / Rappahannock River / Portion of mainstem4A Rappahannock River that is administratively condemned within condemnation 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.                  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.158 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_RPP02C12 / Rappahannock River / Portion of VDH 4A shellfish condemnation 025A-068A, 11/14/2005 not included in 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.                                   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 1.475 |
| Size adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_ZZZ02A06 / Unsegmented estuaries in E23 / 4A Unsegmented portion within SFC 025A-068A, 3/24/2015.  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.046 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_ZZZ02B10 / Unsegmented estuaries in E23 / 4A Administrative portion within SFC 025A-068A, 3/24/2015  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.007 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E23E_ZZZ02C12 / Unsegmented estuaries in E23 / 4A Unsegmented portion within Upper Rappahannock TMDL not included in SFC 025-068A, 3/24/2015.                               | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.004 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E24E_LIK01A12 / Little Totuskey Creek / Tidal limit to mouth 4A at Totuskey Creek   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.055 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E24E_RIC01A04 / Richardson Creek / Richardson Creek within SFC 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-administrative.)  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.277 |
|   |                              |      |   |       |

Size increased in the 2018 cycle.

## Rappahannock River Basin

| RPPMH VAP-E24E_RIC01B10 / Richardson Creek / Portion of Richards Creek within VDH-DSS condemnation 025-071A, 3/16/2007 open 3/25/2015.   |                     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.148  |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------|------|---|--------|
| Segment shrank in the 2018 cycle.  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RIC01C10 / Richardson Creek / Portion of Richards<br>Creek within SFC 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (administratively condemn   |                     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.024  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B14 / Garrett's Marina / As delineated in VDI shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 3/25/2015.  | H ↓A                | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.003  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01B98 / Rappahannock River: Garrett's Marina delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M1, 3/25/2015.  |                     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.025  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01C06 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahan River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/16/2007 (non-admin) that is currently open  | nock <sup>I</sup> A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.644  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01D10 / Rappahannock River / The portion of Rappahannock River within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071 3/25/2015(administratively condemned)   |                     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.137  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP01E18 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahan River mainstem within VDH shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 (non-admin)   | nock 4A             | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.061  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahan River from the limit of VDH shellfish condemnation 068A, 11/14/20 downstream to end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beaunless otherwise segmented | 005                 | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 10.919 |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_TOT01A00 / Totuskey Creek / The segment bound delineated in VDH condemnation 025-071B, 3/25/2015 excluding Totuskey Creek.  |                     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.302  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_TOT02A00 / Totuskey Creek / Portion of VDH shell condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015 within Totuskey Creek.  | fish 4A             | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.647  |
| RPPMH  |                     |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E24E_TOT02B10 / Totuskey Creek / Downstream of VDH   | 4A                  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.064  |
| Draft 2018 Appe  | ndix 5 - 16         | 616                          |      |   |        |

### Rappahannock River Basin

shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015.

| shellfish condemnation 025-071A, 3/25/2015.  |                              |      |   |       |
|--|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_DEE01A04 / Deep Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 121, 11/16/1994.  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.049 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_DEE01B08 / Deep Creek / VDH-DSS condemnations 023-121B, -C, and -E, 12/17/2015 not included in the 11/16/1994 condemnation.       | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.092 |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.  |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_FAM01A98 / Farnham Creek / The segment boundaries A are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 024-070A, 12/19/2016.            | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.360 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_FAM01B10 / Farnham Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 070, 10/22/1996 open on 12/19/2016.                              | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.067 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_GEE01A98 / Greenvale Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 094, 11/7/1994.                  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.087 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_GEE02A06 / Greenvale Creek / Described in VDH-DSS 4A condemnation 022-094M1, 9/23/2008.   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.012 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_GEE02B10 / Greenvale Creek/Belmont Creek / Portion 4A of Greenvale Creek downstream of the 9/24/2009 condemnation                 | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.038 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_HRY01A06 / Harry George Creek / Designated in VDH 4A SFC 027-202B, 9/11/2013  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.095 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_LAN01A98 / Lancaster Creek / As delineated in VDH SFC 023-120A, 8/14/1995.  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.270 |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_LAN01B08 / Lancaster Creek / The portion of VDH SFC 4A 023-120A, 12/19/2016 open on 8/14/1995.                                    | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.238 |
| Segment expanded in the 2018 cycle.  |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH  |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_LAN02A02 / Lancaster Creek / The mouth of Lancaster 4A Creek downstream of VDH SFC 023-120A, 12/19/2016, not otherwise segmented. | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 1.282 |

**RPPMH** 

| Rappahannock River | Basin |
|--------------------|-------|
|--------------------|-------|

| Rappanannock River Basin   |    |                              |      |   |       |
|--|----|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| VAP-E25E_LAN03A06 / Lancaster Creek / Described in VDH SFC 023-120M1 and -120C, 12/19/2016                               | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.023 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_LGG01A98 / Lagrange Creek / As described in VDH SFC 028-127A, 1/28/2016.  | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.555 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_LGG01B18 / Lagrange Creek / Portion of VDH SFC 127, 6/11/1996 open on 028-127, 1/28/2016.                       | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.035 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_LGG02A06 / Lagrange Creek / Lagrange Creek downstream of SFC 127, 6/11/1996                                     | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.048 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_MTT01A00 / Morattico Creek / Delineated in VDH SFC 023-120B, 12/19/2016.  | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.138 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_MUB01A02 / Mulberry Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 023-121A, 12/17/2015.                       | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.136 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_MUB01B16 / Mulberry Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 120B, 8/14/1995, open in 023-121,12/17/2015.  | A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.012 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_MUB02A06 / Mulberry Creek / Downstream of VDH shellfish condemnation 120B, 8/14/1995.                           | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.050 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_MUB03A08 / Mulberry Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 023-021D, 12/19/2015.                       | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.008 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_MUC01A04 / Mud Creek / Described in VDH SFC 027-090B, 1/27/2015   | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.204 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_PAY01A02 / Paynes Creek / As delineated in VDH-DSS SFC 022-094B, 9/24/2009.                                     | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.049 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_PRR01A02 / Parrotts Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 090, 4/27/1989. | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.153 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_PRR02A08 / Parrotts Creek / Condemnation 027-090A, 1/27/2015 downstream of VDH Condemnation 090, 4/27/1989.     | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.011 |
|  |    |                              |      |   |       |

Shortened in the 2018 cycle.

#### **RPPMH**

## Rappahannock River Basin

| TI   |    |                              |      |   |        |
|--|----|------------------------------|------|---|--------|
| VAP-E25E_ROS01A00 / Robinson Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 177, 5/28/1997  | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.207  |
| Merged in the 2018 cycle.  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_ROS02A04 / Robinson Creek / Perkins Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177B and -C, 1/28/2016.   | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.039  |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_ROS02B12 / Robinson Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177M1, 1/28/2016.   | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.007  |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_ROS02C16 / Robinson Creek / Described in VDH Shellfish Condemnation 028-177D, 1/28/2016.  | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.016  |
| Expanded slightly in the 2018 cycle.   |    |                              |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from end of MSN (Sharps/0.7 mi DS of Mark Haven Beach) to the start of deep channel. | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 15.407 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01C10 / Rappahannock River: Mark Haven Beach Basin / The portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181B, 1/20/2006 not administratively closed.          | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.010  |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP01C98 / Mark Haven Beach Basin / As delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181A, 4/3/2012.   | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.004  |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from the start of deep channel downstream to the mouth, excluding area in SFC 051A.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 65.880 |
| Segment adjusted in the 2018 cycle.  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03A06 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH SFC 024-070B, 12/19/2016.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.008  |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_RPP03B16 / Rappahannock River / As described in VDH shellfish condemnation 026-181M2, 3/25/2015.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.003  |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |        |
| VAP-E25E_TWN01A12 / Town Bridge Swamp / Tidal limit to mouth at Urbanna Creek  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.002  |
|  |    |                              |      |   |        |

### Rappahannock River Basin

| RPPMH VAP-E25E_URB01A00 / Urbanna Creek / As described in VDH-DSS SFC 029-042B, 2/14/2006.  | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.215 |
|---|----|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_URB02A00 / Urbanna Creek / As delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 029-042A, 2/14/2006.                              | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.238 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_WEE01A00 / Weeks Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 202, 10/8/1996.             | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.123 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_WEE02A04 / Weeks Creek / The portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 027-202A, 1/27/2015 not included in the 1989 closure. | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.013 |
| Segment shrank slightly in the 2018 cycle.  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_XDV01A02 / Beach Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 022-116A, 10/28/2014.       | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.083 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_ZZZ01A14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E25 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA65  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.077 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_ZZZ01C14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E25 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA68.   | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.248 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E25E_ZZZ01D14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E25 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA69.   | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.274 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_BPC01A98 / Bush Park Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 109, 4/27/1989.         | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.103 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_BRD01A00 / Broad Creek / The boundaries are defined in VDH shellfish condemnation 033-038B, 11/21/2013.                  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.084 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_BRD02A00 / Broad Creek / The boundaries are defined in VDH shellfish condemnation 033-038A, 11/21/2013.                  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.040 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_BRD04A00 / Broad Creek / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 033-038M1, 11/21/2013.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.037 |
| DDDMII  |    |                              |      |   |       |

**RPPMH** 

## Rappahannock River Basin

| VAP-E26E_CEB01A00 / Eastern Branch Carter Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 041C, 11/1/1996.                                    | A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L, | 0.084 |
|---|----|------------------------------|------|----|-------|
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CEB01B08 / Eastern Branch Carter Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041A, 10/25/2016 not included in 041C, 11/1/1996. | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.132 |
| Expanded and merged in the 2018 cycle.  |    |                              |      |    |       |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CRR02A08 / Corrotoman River / The portion of the Corrotoman River that is within CB segment RPPMH.                                   | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 1.039 |
| VAP-E26E_CTR01A00 / Carter Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041F, 10/25/2016.                  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.204 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR02A00 / Carter Creek / The segment boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 020-041B, 10/25/2016.                  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.058 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR03A00 / Carter Creek / Portion of VDH-DSS SFC 020-041M1, 10/25/2016 not included in 020-041A, 11/1/1996.                          | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L, | 0.114 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR03B16 / Carter Creek / Carter Creek open in 020-041, 10/25/2016.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.237 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR03C18 / Bridge Cove / Described in 020-041D, 10/25/2016.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.040 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR03D18 / Yopps Cove / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 020-041E, 10/25/2016.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.022 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR04A02 / Carter Cove / Portion of VDH-DSS SFC 020-041C, 10/25/2016   | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.018 |
| Size decreased in the 2018 cycle.   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_CTR04B14 / Carter Cove / Portion of VDH-DSS SFC 020-041A, 11/1/1996 included in 020-041M1, 10/25/2016.                               | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L  | 0.038 |
| Size increased in the 2018 cycle.   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |
| VAP-E26E_HNU01A08 / Hunting Creek / Described in VDH Condemnation 032-104A, 9/24/2013.  | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2010 | L  | 0.020 |
| RPPMH   |    |                              |      |    |       |

RPPMH

| Impaired (Category 4 or  | r 5, | ) Waters in 201              | 8    |   |       |
|--|------|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| Rappahannock River Basin   |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LOL01A02 / Locklies Creek / Delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 031-102B. 8/6/2016.  | A A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.073 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LOL01B12 / Locklies Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 102, 10/31/1994 seasonally condemned in 031-102M1, 8/16/2016. | A A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.028 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LOL02A06 / Locklies Creek / Described in VDH-DSS 4 SFC 031-102M1, 1/24/2008.  | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.054 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_LOL03A08 / Roane Cove of Locklies Creek / Described 4 in VDH-DSS SFC 031-102C, 9/4/2014.  | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.034 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MEA01A00 / Meachim Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-179A, 8/16/2016.   | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.075 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MEA01B00 / Meachim Creek / Described in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-179B, 8/16/2016.   | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.012 |
| Shrank in the 2018 cycle.  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MEA01C06 / Meachim Creek, UT / Described in VDH 4 SFC 030-179M1, 8/16/2016.   | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.034 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MEA02A00 / Meachim Creek / Downstream of VDH SFC 030-179, 12/9/1996 not otherwise segmented.                                    | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.136 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MEA03A10 / Meachim Creek / Portions of VDH shellfish 4 condemnation 179A, 12/9/1996 open on 030-179, 8/16/2016.                 | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.054 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MEA03B12 / Meachim Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish 4 condemnation 179B, 12/9/1996 open in 030-179, 8/16/2016.                  | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.020 |
| Expanded in the 2018 cycle   |      |                              |      |   |       |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MLL01A98 / Mill Creek / VDH shellfish condemnation 4031-102A, 8/16/2016   | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.111 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MLL01B12 / Mill Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish condemnation 103, 12/10/1991 open in 031-102, 8/16/2016.                       | 4A / | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.013 |
| RPPMH  |      |                              |      |   |       |

VAP-E26E\_MLL02A06 / Mill Creek / Downstream of VDH shellfish 4A Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes)

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Draft 2018

2014

0.358

## Rappahannock River Basin

condemnation 103, 12/10/1991

| Condemnation 103, 12/10/1331  |                              |      |   |       |
|---|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOS01A00 / Mosquito Creek / The boundaries are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 018-203M1. 12/4/2015.                      | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.023 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_MOS01B12 / Mosquito Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish A condemnation 018-203, 1/6/2005 open in 018-203, 12/4/2015.                  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.046 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_RPP02A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock A River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051A, 10/3/2005. | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.127 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_RPP03A00 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock A River in the area delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051D, 10/3/2005. | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.031 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_RPP04A00 / Rappahannock River / Described in VDH 4A Shellfish Condemnation 030-051B, 9/1/2015.                                     | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.131 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_RPP05A00 / Rappahannock River / Delineated in VDH- 4A DSS condemnation 030-051C, 9/1/2015.   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.029 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_RPP07A02 / Rappahannock River / As delineated in VDH-DSS SFC 018-053A, 12/4/2015   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.139 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_STE01A98 / Sturgeon Creek / The segment boundaries 4A are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 032-104B, 8/16/2016.            | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.066 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_STE01B12 / Sturgeon Creek / The segment boundaries 4A are delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 032-104M1, 8/16/2016.           | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.002 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_STE01C12 / Sturgeon Creek / Portion of VDH shellfish 4A condemnation 104, 11/28/1994 open in 032-104, 8/16/2016.                   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.017 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_STE02A08 / Sturgeon Creek / Sturgeon Creek downstream of condemnation 104, 11/28/1994.   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.192 |
| RPPMH   |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_WHS01B00 / Whiting Creek / As delineated in VDH shellfish condemnation 030-051A, 9/1/2015.   | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.195 |
|   |                              |      |   |       |

**RPPMH** 

| Rappahannock I | River | Basin |
|----------------|-------|-------|
|----------------|-------|-------|

| VAP-E26E_WID01A12 / Windmill Point Creek / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 018-053B, 11/2/2010.                      | A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.082 |
|--|----|------------------------------|------|---|-------|
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_WOO01A08 / Woods Creek / Tidal Woods Creek  | Α  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.037 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_XEV01A02 / Windmill Point Yacht Harbor / As delineated in VDH-DSS SFC 018-053C, 12/4/2015                     | A  | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.015 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_XII01A18 / XII - Windmill Point, UT (aka White Marsh) / Described in VDH-DSS condemnation 018-053B, 12/4/2015 | ŀA | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.034 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_ZZZ01D14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E26 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA73                               | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.028 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |
| VAP-E26E_ZZZ01E14 / Unsegmented estuaries in E26 / Unsegmented portion of watershed RA74                               | 4A | Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) | 2014 | L | 0.629 |
| RPPMH  |    |                              |      |   |       |

Sources:

Rappahannock River

**Shallow-Water Submerged Aquatic Vegetation** 

Agriculture Atmospheric Deposition -Clean Sediments Industrial Point Source Discharge

Aquatic Plants (Macrophytes) - Total Impaired Size by Water Type:

Reservoir

(Acres)

**Estuary** (Sq. Miles)

123.612

River

(Miles)

Nitrogen

Internal Nutrient Recycling Loss of Riparian Habitat Municipal Point Source Sediment Resuspension

Discharges (Clean Sediment) Sources Outside State Wet Weather Discharges

Jurisdiction or Borders (Point Source and Combination of Stormwater,

SSO or CSO)

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: RPPOH-DO-BAY Rappahannock Oligohaline Estuary

Cause Location: The oligonaline Rappahannock River and its tributaries to the segment.

City / County: Essex Co. Richmond Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Open-Water Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 4A

During the 2018 cycle, the oligohaline Rappahannock estuary failed the Open Water Subuse 30-day mean summer dissolved oxygen criterion. The Open Water rest-of-year criterion was met and there was insufficient data to assess the other dissolved oxygen criteria.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL was approved by the EPA on 12/19/2010; therefore, RPPOH is considered Category 4A.

| Cause Assessment Unit / Water Name / Location Desc. Category Cause Name   | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAP-E22E_OCC01A08 / Occupacia Creek / The tidal portion of 4A Oxygen, Dissolved Occupacia Creek   | 2018                     | L                        | 0.668         |
| RPPOH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_PEE01A14 / Peedee Creek / Tidal portion of Peedee 4A Oxygen, Dissolved Creek.  | 2018                     | L                        | 0.150         |
| RPPOH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 4A Oxygen, Dissolved River from the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary downstream to river mile 56.21.                             | 2018                     | L                        | 1.344         |
| RPPOH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_RPP02B16 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 4A Oxygen, Dissolved River from rivermile 56.21 downstream to river mile 51.04.   | 2018                     | L                        | 2.003         |
| RPPOH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 4A Oxygen, Dissolved River from river mile 51.04 to river mile 49.04.   | 2018                     | L                        | 2.012         |
| RPPOH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_RPP04A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 4A Oxygen, Dissolved River from river mile 49.04 downstream to the oligohaline/mesohaline boundary at approximately river mile 48.51. | 2018                     | L                        | 0.942         |
| RPPOH   |                          |                          |               |
| VAP-E22E_ZZZ01A06 / Unsegmented estuaries in E22 / 4A Oxygen, Dissolved Unsegmented portion of watershed within RPPOH.  | 2018                     | L                        | 0.490         |
| Rappahannock Oligohaline Estuary  |                          | servoir                  | River         |
| Aquatic Life  | ` ' ' ' ' '              | Acres)                   | (Miles)       |
| Oxygen, Dissolved - Total Impaired Size by Water Type   | e: <b>7.610</b>          |                          |               |

### Rappahannock River Basin

Sources:

Agriculture Atmospheric Deposition -

Nitrogen

Loss of Riparian Habitat Municipal Point Source

Discharges

Industrial Point Source

Discharge

Sources Outside State Jurisdiction or Borders Internal Nutrient Recycling

Wet Weather Discharges (Point Source and

Combination of Stormwater,

SSO or CSO)

### Rappahannock River Basin

Cause Group Code: RPPTF-DO-BAY Rappahannock Tidal Freshwater Estuary

Cause Location: Includes all waters in the tidal fresh portion of the Rappahannock River (RPPTF).

City / County: Caroline Co. Essex Co. Fredericksburg City King George Co. Spotsylvania Co.

Stafford Co. Westmoreland Co.

Use(s): Aquatic Life Open-Water Aquatic Life

Cause(s) / VA Category: Oxygen, Dissolved / 4A

During the 2018 cycle, the tidal freshwater Rappahannock estuary failed the Open Water Subuse 30-day mean summer dissolved oxygen criterion. The Open Water rest-of-year criterion was met and there was insufficient data to assess the other dissolved oxygen criteria.

The Chesapeake Bay TMDL was approved by the EPA on 12/19/2010; therefore, RPPTF is considered Category 4A.

|  | Cause |                                   | Cycle<br>First<br>Listed | TMDL<br>Dev.<br>Priority | Water<br>Size |
|--|-------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| VAN-E20E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Massaponax Creek and continues downstream until the outlet of waterbody VAN-E20E. This segment represents the upper reach of VAN-E21E_RPP05A02. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.                      | t 4A  | y Cause Name<br>Oxygen, Dissolved | 2008                     | L                        | 0.188         |
| VAN-E20E_RPP02A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Deep Run and continues downstream until the confluence with Massaponax Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.  | t 4A  | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 0.231         |
| VAN-E20E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the fall line at Route 1 and continues downstream until the confluence with Deep Run. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.  |       | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 0.195         |
| VAN-E21E_MIC01A06 / Mill Creek / Segment includes all tidal waters of Mill Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.  | 4A    | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 0.203         |
| VAN-E21E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Mill Creek, at rivermile 78.94, and continues downstream until immediately upstream of Devils Elbow, at rivermile 70.52. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.   | t 4A  | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 4.547         |
| VAN-E21E_RPP03A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Mount Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with Mill Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.   |       | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 1.366         |
| VAN-E21E_RPP04A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Ware Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with Mount Creek. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF.   | t 4A  | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 1.206         |
| VAN-E21E_RPP05A02 / Rappahannock River / Segment begins a the confluence with Massaponax Creek and continues downstream until the confluence with Ware Creek. The upper reach of this segment (approx. 0.3 sq mi) extends into waterbody VAN-E20E. Portion of CBP segment RPPTF. | t 4A  | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2008                     | L                        | 0.579         |
| VAN-E21E_RPP48A02 / Rappahannock River-Muddy Creek / Segment includes all tidal waters in watershed RA48 not included in   | 4A    | Oxygen, Dissolved                 | 2014                     | L                        | 0.006         |
|  |       |                                   |                          |                          |               |

### Rappahannock River Basin

| Loss of Riparian Habitat   | Municipal Point Source<br>Discharges                 | Sources Outside State<br>Jurisdiction or Borders |                       | Wet Weather Discharges (Point Source and |              |   |                  |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|--|--------------|---|------------------|
| Agriculture  | Atmospheric Deposition -<br>Nitrogen                 | Industrial Point Source<br>Discharge             |                       | Internal Nutrient Recycling              |              |   |                  |
| Sources:   |  |  |                       |  |              |   |                  |
| France   | Oxygen, Dissolved - Total I                          | mpaire   | d Size by Water Type: | 14.356                                   |              |   |                  |
| Aquatic Life   | ici Lolualy  |  |                       | Estuary<br>(Sq. Miles)                   | Rese<br>(Acr |   | River<br>(Miles) |
| Rappahannock Tidal Freshwa   |  |  |                       | F-4                                      | Dee          |   | D:               |
| VAP-E22E_ZZZ01A00 / Unseg<br>Unsegmented portion of waters   |  | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                                       | 018          | L | 0.164            |
| RPPTF  |  |  |                       |  |              |   |                  |
| VAP-E22E_RPP01A02 / Rappahannock River / The Rappahannock 4A Oxygen, Dissolved River from Devils Elbow at Toby Point and Green Bay (river mile 70.52) downstream to the tidal freshwater/oligohaline boundary at river mile 57.85. |  |  |                       |  | )18          | L | 5.133            |
| Rappahannock River.  |  |  |                       |  |              |   |                  |
| · ·  | ·<br>rood Creek / Tidal limit to mouth at            | the 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                                       | 018          | L | 0.047            |
| VAN-E22E_ZZZ01A08 / Unnal<br>Embayments / Segment include<br>included in other delineated stre<br>Portion of CBP segment RPPTF   | des all tidal waters in watershed not earn segments. | 4A   | Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                                       | 008          | L | 0.073            |
| Segment includes all tidal water other delineated stream segment Portion of CBP segment RPPTF  | ₹.   | n  | Oxygen, Dissolved     |  | 014          | L | 0.079            |
|  |  |  | Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                                       | 014          | L | 0.192            |
| VAN-E21E_RPP49A02 / Rapp<br>Segment includes all tidal water<br>other delineated stream segmen<br>Portion of CBP segment RPPTF   | rs in watershed RA49 not included in nts.            | A<br>n   | Oxygen, Dissolved     | 20                                       | )14          | L | 0.147            |
| other delineated stream segment Portion of CBP segment RPPTF   |  |  |                       |  |              |   |                  |

SSO or CSO)

Combination of Stormwater,